



Control User Guide

Digitax HD M751 Series

Variable Speed AC drive for Servo and Induction motors

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

Documentation

Manuals are available to download from the following locations: http://www.drive-setup.com/ctdownloads

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How to use this guide

This guide is intended to be used in conjunction with the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. The *Installation and Technical Guide* gives information necessary to install the drive. This guide gives information on drive configuration, operation and optimization.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 Safety information contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to Contents on page 4:

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EU Declaration of Conformity

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd,

The Gro,

Newtown,

Powys,

SY16 3BE,

UK.

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant European Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
aaaa	Basic series	M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, M708, M709, M751, M753, M754, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤ 16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤ 16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power ≥ 1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

Jonathan Holman-White Director, Technology Date: 14th May 2018

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd

The Gro

Newtown

Powys

UK

SY16 3BE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
аааа	Basic series	M600, M700, M701, M702, M708, M709, M751, M753, M754, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein

D-51105 Köln

Germany

Notified body identification number: 0035 The harmonized standards used are shown below: EC type-examination certificate numbers: 01/205/5270.02/17 dated 2017-08-28

EN 61800-5-2:2016	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN 61800-5-1:2016 (in extracts)	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
,	
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control
+ A1:2013 + A2:2015	systems
IEC 61508 Parts 1 - 7:2010	Functional safety of electrical/ electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

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DoC authorised by:

Jonathan Holman-White Director, Technology

Date: 14th May 2018

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the design of the complete machine, including its safety-related control system, is carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Machinery Directive and any other relevant legislation. The use of a safety-related drive in itself does not ensure the safety of the machine. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drive must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. For more information regarding Safe Torque Off, refer to the Product Documentation.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction.

System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- · AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					P				-			

2 Product information

The *Digitax HD M75X series* is a range of high performance servo drives used as a standalone single axis or easily configured for multi-axis systems. Functionality also allows for this range of drives to be reconfigured for high performance universal AC motor control.

2.1 Introduction

Servo and Universal AC drive

This product family consists of the following variants:

- Digitax HD M751 Base
- Digitax HD M753 EtherCAT

Common features (Digitax HD M751 and M753)

- Universal high performance open and closed loop control for induction, servo, permanent magnet and linear motors using Unidrive M motor control algorithms.
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation and motion control.
- · Flexibility with speed and position measurement, supporting multiple devices and all common interfaces.
- SD Media Card slot for parameter copying and data storage.
- Dual channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input.
- · Simplified wiring and networking for multi-axis arrangements.
- · Connect support for quick start commissioning/start up (downloadable from controltechniques.com).
- Option module connectable.

Variant description summary (Digitax HD M751 and M753)

Digitax HD M751 Base

- EIA-485 serial communications interface
- · Option module support as standard for configuration and flexibility

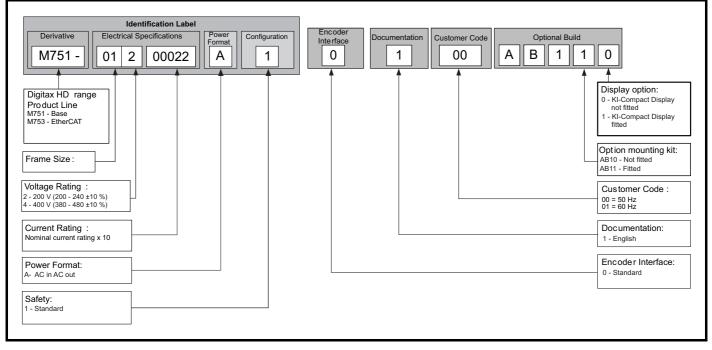
Digitax HD M753 EtherCAT

- · Onboard EtherCAT slave for centralized motion control and accurate synchronization applications.
- 2 integrated EtherCAT ports

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Digitax HD M75X series product range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

2.3 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. RFC - S

With position feedback sensor

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

2. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode

Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz)

Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)

3. RFC - A

With position feedback sensor Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

As a range of high performance servo drives, the Digitax HD M75X series are initially factory configured for RFC-S mode. The operating mode will need to be re-configured for AC induction motor control (open loop or RFC-A mode).

2.3.1 RFC-S

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (RFC-S) provides closed loop control with position feedback device.

With position feedback

For use with permanent magnet brushless motors with a feedback device installed.

The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed is exactly as demanded.

Absolute position information is required from the feedback device to ensure the output voltage is accurately matched to the back EMF of the motor. Full torque is available across the entire speed range.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

For permanent magnet brushless motor control without a feedback device, using current, voltages and key motor parameters for motor control.

2.3.2 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.3.3 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control with a position feedback device.

With position feedback

For use with induction motors with a feedback device installed. The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed exactly as demanded. Motor flux is accurately controlled at all times to provide full torque all the way down to zero speed.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

Safety product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Ru parameters the	Diagnostics
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2.4 Compatible position feedback devices

Table 2-1 Supported feedback devices

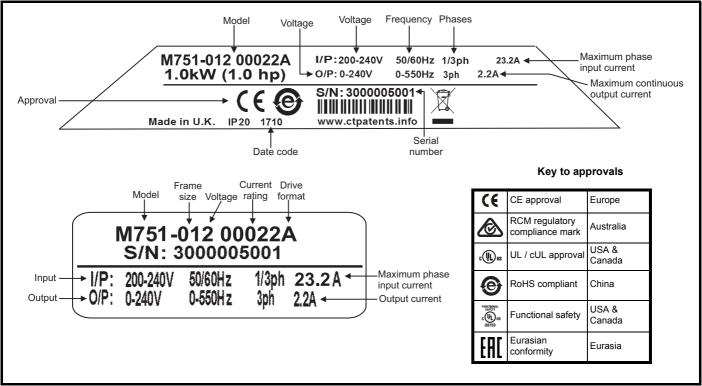
Encoder type	Pr 3.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
BiSS	BiSS (13)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders*	Commutation only (16)
SC BiSS	SC BiSS (17)

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance.

2.5 Nameplate description

The following labels are attached to the drive.

Figure 2-2 Typical drive rating labels



NOTE

Date code format

The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built.

Example: A date code of 1710 would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

	Product Mecha formation installa	tion Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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2.6 Options

All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

Table 2-2	Option module identification	

Туре	Option module*	Color	Name	Further Details
		Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	PROFIBUS option PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Beige	SI-Ethernet	External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide high speed drive access, global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET V2 option PROFINET V2 adapter for communications with the drive Note: PROFINET V2 replaces PROFINET RT.
		Brown Red	SI-EtherCAT	EtherCAT option EtherCAT adapter for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)		Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: • Digital I/O • Digital Inputs • Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) • Analog Output • Relays
Feedback		Light Brown	SI-Encoder	Incremental encoder input interface module.
1 CODUCK		Dark Brown	SI-Universal Encoder	Additional combined encoder input and output interface supporting Incremental, SinCos, HIPERFACE, EnDAT and SSI encoders.
Automation		Moss Green	MCi200	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software.
(Applications)		Moss Green	MCi210	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor (with Ethernet communications) 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software with Ethernet communications.

*Additional SI option mounting kit required when connecting option modules where not already fitted.

Table 2-3 Display / Keypad identification

Туре	Keypad	Name	Further Details
Display	<u>ث</u> ۱	KI-Compact display	Single segment display option Compact display with single character code drive status representation, node address setting and a push button reset
Keypad		Remote-Keypad RTC	Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display and a real time clock

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Table 2-4														
Туре	Optio	on	Name)				Furthe	r Details					
Feedback Feedback Feedback				Drive encoder breakout kit Provides screw terminal interface for encoder wiring.										
Accessory			KI-Compact 485 adaptor (82700000020300)			KI-Compact 485 adaptor The M75X Remote Keypad Adaptor provides an EIA-485 port for permanent connection to a KI-Remote Keypad or the temporary attachment for PC tool connection								
Accessory		S	SI-Option Mounting kit (9500-1055)			SI-Option Mounting kit When connecting SI-Option modules, an additional SI-Option Mounting kit is required, when the drive is not supplied with a SI-Option Mounting kit fitted.								

3 Mechanical installation

3.1 SI-Option module installation



Remove the AC/DC power as well as the 24 Vdc supply to the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

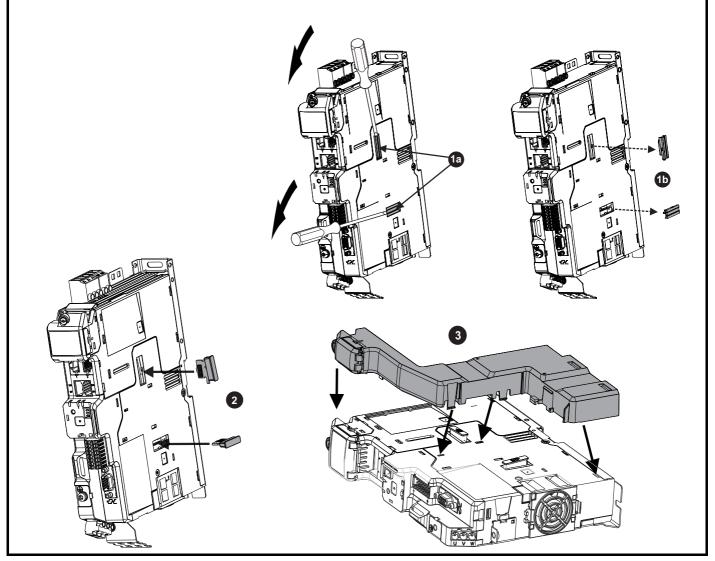


Care must be taken when handling the option module interface card to avoid contaminating the gold contacts. Gold contacts must not be touched directly, handle the interface card using the protective cover provided in the mounting kit.

When connecting SI-option modules, an additional SI-Option mounting kit is required. If the drive is not supplied with a mounting kit fitted, it can be ordered from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-4 on page 14.

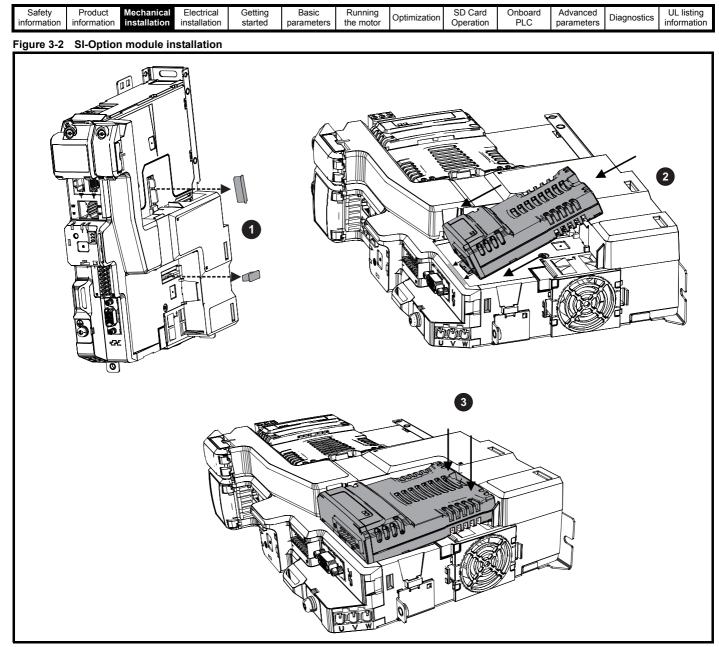
For fitting instructions, refer to Figure 3-1.

Figure 3-1 SI-Option mounting kit Installation



1a. Insert a flat head terminal screwdriver underneath the option module slot covers and prise both out in the direction shown as highlighted (**1b**).

- 2. Install the interface card into the option module slot (do not remove the protective cover). The interface card will remain at an angle with respect to the plastic.
- 3. Line up and clip the SI-option module support mounting frame to the drive in the direction shown.



- 1. Remove the protective interface card cover.
- 2. Align and insert the option module tab into the slot on the drive plastic.
- 3. Once the option module tab is located into the slot on the drive, push down at the rear of the option module until it clicks into place.

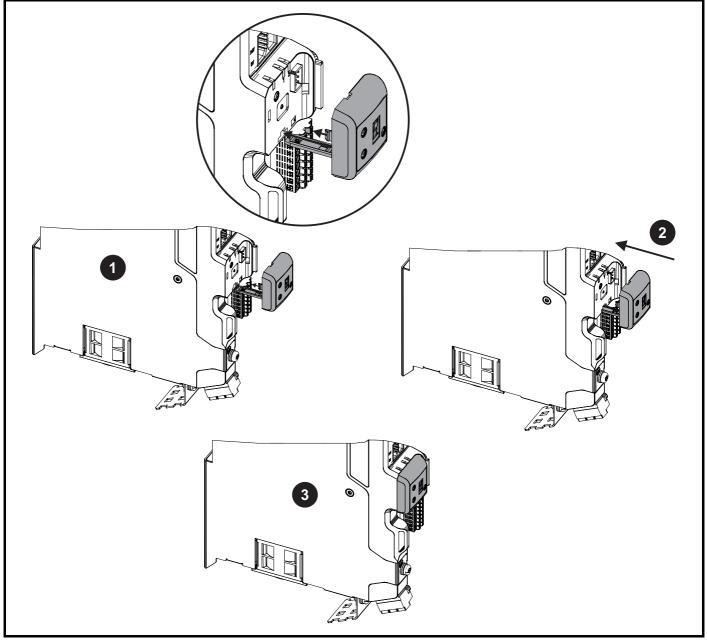
NOTE

Once fitted, the SI-option module remains at an angle with respect to the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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3.2 KI-Compact Display installation

Figure 3-3 Installing the display



1. Align display tether with slot.

2. Slide the display and tether in the direction shown.

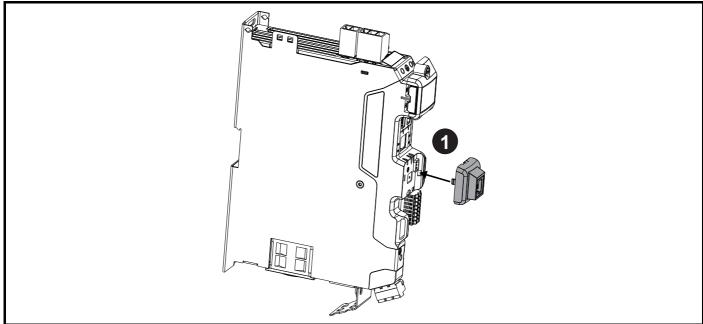
3. Push display until it clicks into position.

Safety Product Mechanical information Electrical installation Getting installation Basic started Running parameters Optim	mization SD Card Onboard PLC Parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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3.3 KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor installation

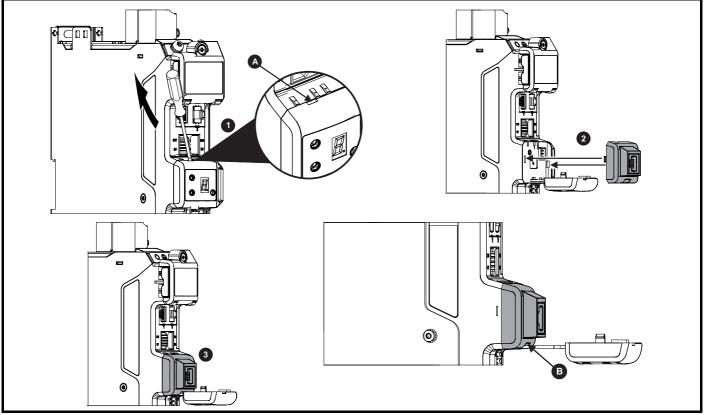
The M75X Remote Keypad Adaptor provides an EIA-485 port for permanent connection to a KI-Remote Keypad or the temporary attachment for PC tool connection. The KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor is available from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-4 Additional options on page 14.





1. Align the KI-Remote Keypad Adaptor to the display housing and push on until it clicks into place.





- 1. Unclip and pull the display away from the front cover. The tether keeps the display associated to the drive and should not be removed. A small terminal screwdriver maybe required to unclip the display. A slot in the drive plastic is provided for this purpose (A).
- 2. Align the Remote Keypad Adaptor with the display housing noting the position of the notch (See view **B** above). Install the Remote Keypad Adaptor over the display tether.
- 3. Push the Remote Keypad Adaptor into the housing until it clicks into place.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4 Electrical installation

4.1 External 24 Vdc supply



The drive will power down and reset if the external 24 Vdc is removed.

An external 24 Vdc supply is required to power all the low voltage circuits within the drive.

The cable length between the 24 Vdc power supply and the drive should not exceed 10 m.

The 0V connection of the external 24 Vdc power supply should be connected to the same ground connection as the drive. Where this is not possible the 0V connection of the 24 Vdc power supply should be floating.

The working voltage range of the drive 24 V power circuit is as follows:

Table 4-1 Working voltage range of the 24 Vdc supply

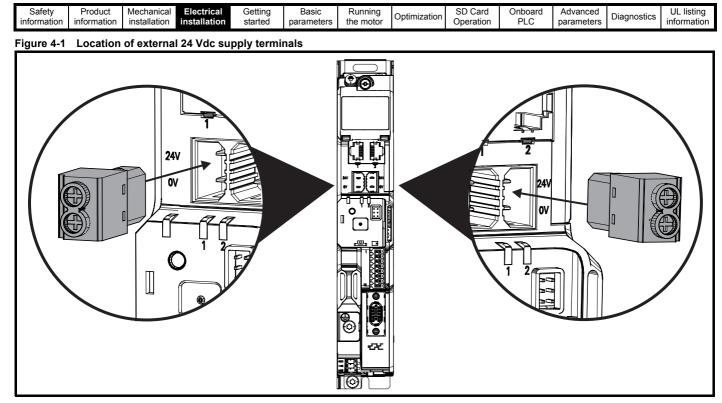
1	0V common						
2	+24 Vdc						
All fram	All frame sizes						
Nominal	Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc						
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	20.4 V					
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.8 V					
Minimur	n start up voltage	20.4 V					
Maximu	m fuse rating	30 A					

Table 4-2 24 Vdc typical input current and power requirements

Model / Option / Feature	Frame size	Typical input current (mA) @ 24 V	Typical input power (W)
Digitax HD M75X drive module	1, 2	894	21.5
Digitax TID W/ 3X drive module	3	1039	25
SI-option module	Per module	450	11
High current brake output	All	1200	28.8
KI-Compact display	All	10	0.24
KI-Remote LCD keypad	All	73	1.75

NOTE

During start up of the external 24 Vdc supply, allow for an additional 1 A for 300 ms.



NOTE

The 24 Vdc supply connector has been designed to allow wiring from either the left or right hand side of the drive. The same plug should be used but attention is required to the polarity of the wiring. If it is reversed, the drive will not power up but will not be damaged.

For stand alone drives connection to either terminal is permissible.

4.2 Low voltage operation

The drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption.

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage trip level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

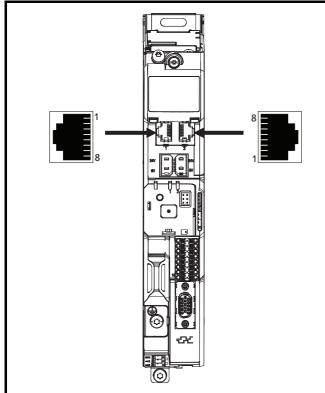
Minimum continuous operating voltage:	26 Vdc
Minimum start up voltage:	32 Vdc
Maximum over voltage trip threshold:	230 Vac drives: 415 Vdc
	400 Vac drives: 830 Vdc

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4.3 Communication connections

The Digitax HD M751 drive offers a 2 wire EIA-485 interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

Figure 4-2 Location of the communication connectors



4.3.1 Digitax HD M751 EIA-485 serial communications

The EIA-485 interface provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining, refer to Figure 4-2 Location of the communication connectors. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-3 for the connection details.

NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables are not recommended for use when connecting drives on a EIA-485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.



If an Ethernet network adaptor is inadvertently connected to a Digitax HD M751 EIA-485 drive, a low impedance load across the EIA-485 24 V is applied and if connected for a significant period of time can introduce the potential risk of damage.

Table 4-3 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function				
1	120 Ω Termination resistor				
2	RX TX				
3	Isolated 0V				
4	+24 V (100 mA) output				
5	Isolated 0V				
6	TX enable				
7	RX\ TX\				
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)				
Shell	Isolated 0V				

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

4.3.2 Digitax HD M751 Isolation of the EIA-485 serial communications port

The serial communications port is double insulated from the high voltage drive circuits and meets the requirements for PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) according to IEC61800-5-1. The communications ports remain referenced to other PELV rated circuits within the drive (including the control, feedback and digital I/O). Where further isolation from these PELV rated circuits is required and additional external isolation barrier will be required.



In order to meet the requirements for SELV in IEC60950 (IT equipment) it is necessary for the control computer to be grounded. Alternatively, when a lap-top or similar device is used which has no provision for grounding, an isolation WARNING device must be incorporated in the communications lead.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-4 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

Communication networks and cabling 4.3.3

Any isolated signal circuit has the capability to become live through accidental contact with other conductors; as such they should always be double-insulated from live parts. The routing of network and signal wires should be done so as to avoid close proximity to mains voltage cabling.

4.4 **Control connections**

4.4.1 Digitax HD M75X control connections

Table 4-5 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Differential analog input	1	Offset, invert, scaling	9, 10
Digital input	2	Destination, invert, logic select	11, 13
Digital output	2	Source, invert, logic select	14, 16
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	2		2, 6
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	12
0V common	7		1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 15

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage

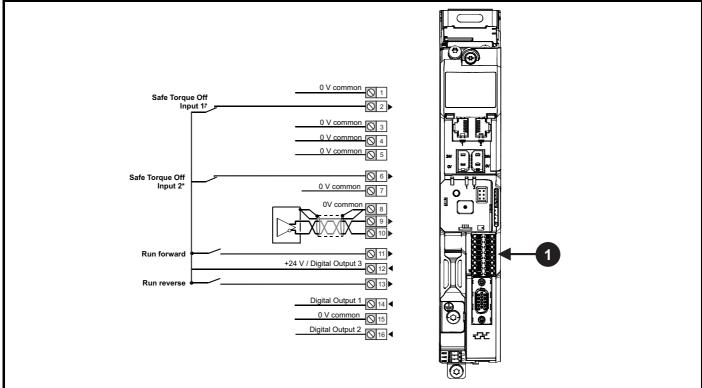
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.							NOTE Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise					
	If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can						rent spreadi TE Safe Torqu not affected	e Off drive	enable tern	ninal is a po	•	

NOTE

The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by reinforced insulation.

Figure 4-3 Default control terminal functions

cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



1. Polarized signal connections.

* The Safe Torque Off / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information information installation started parameters the motor the motor	Optimization SD Card Operation	Onboard Advanced PLC parameters	Diagnostics UL listing information
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4.4.2 *Digitax HD M75X* control terminal specification

1	0V common	
3	0V common	
4	0V common	
5	0V common	
7	0V common	
8	0V common	
15	0V common	
Function		Common connection for all external devices. Internally connected to ground.
		ground.

2	Safe Torque Off function input 1 (drive enable)							
6	Safe Torque Off function input 2 (drive enable)							
Туре		Positive logic only digital input						
Voltage	range	0V to +24 V						
Absolute voltage	e maximum applied	30 V						
Logic TI	hreshold	10 V ±5 V (IEC 61131-2 type 1)						
	te maximum voltage for to SIL3 and PL e	5 V						
Impeda	nce	>2 mA @15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)						
	te maximum current for to SIL3 and PL e	<0.5 mA (IEC 61131-2 type 1)						
Respon	se time	Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms						
The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminals are used for enabling the drive.								

Refer to section 4.6 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 30 for further information.

Analog input								
9 Inverting input								
10 Non-inverting input								
Default function	Frequency/speed reference							
Type of input	Bipolar differential analog voltage							
Mode controlled by:	Pr 07.007							
Operating in Voltage mode								
Full scale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %							
Maximum offset	±10 mV							
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0V							
Absolute maximum differential input voltage	±36 V							
Working common mode voltage range	±13 V relative to 0V							
Input resistance	≥100 kΩ							
Monotonic	Yes (including 0V)							
Dead band	None (including 0V)							
Jumps	None (including 0V)							
Maximum offset	20 mV							
Maximum non linearity	0.3 % of input							
Maximum gain asymmetry	0.5 %							
Input filter bandwidth single pole	~3 kHz							
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)							
Sample / update period	250 μs with destinations Pr 01.036, Pr 01.037, Pr 03.022 or Pr 04.008 in RFC-/ and RFC-S modes. 4 ms for open loop mode and all other destinations in RFC-A c RFC-S modes.							

11 Digital Input 4								
13 Digital Input 5								
Terminal 11 default function	RUN FORWARD input							
Terminal 13 default function	RUN REVERSE input							
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs							
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029							
Voltage range	0V to +24 V							
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V							
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)							
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)							
Sample / Update period	250 µs when configured as an input with destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036. 600 µs when configured as an input with destination Pr 06.029. 2 ms in all other cases.							

12 +24 V user output / Digital Output 3 (selectable)									
Terminal 12 default function	+24 V user output								
Programmability	Can be switched on or off to act as a third digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018								
Nominal output current	100 mA								
Maximum output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including DO1)								
Protection	Current limit and trip								
Sample / update period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)								

Salety Floudet Mechanical Fleeting Basic Ruining Optimization 3D Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	
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14 Digital Output 1					
Terminal 14 default function	AT ZERO SPEED output				
Туре	Positive logic voltage source outputs				
Operating as an output					
Nominal maximum output current	100 mA				
Maximum output current	200 mA (combined with +24 V user output/ DO3)				
Voltage range	0V to +24 V				
Sample / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter				

16 Digital Output 2

Terminal 16 default function	High current motor brake output					
Туре	Positive logic voltage source outputs					
Operating as an output						
Nominal output current	1 A (1.3 A max)					
Voltage range	0V to +24 V					
Sample / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter					

4.5 **Position feedback connections**

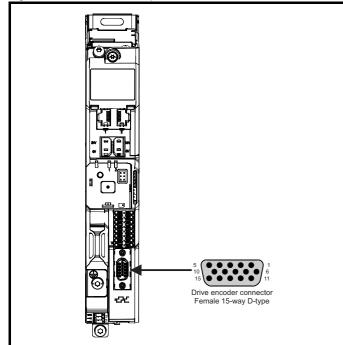
The following functions are provided via the 15-way high density D-type connector on the drive:

- Two position feedback interfaces (P1 and P2).
- One encoder simulation output.
- Two freeze trigger inputs (marker inputs).
- One thermistor input.

The P1 position interface is always available but the availability of the P2 position interface and the encoder simulation output depends on the position feedback device used on the P1 position interface, as shown in Table 4-8.

4.5.1 Location of position feedback connector

Figure 4-4 Location of the position feedback



4.5.2 Compatible position feedback devices

Table 4-6 Supported feedback devices on the P1 position interface

Interrace	
Encoder type	Pr 03.038 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (0)
Quadrature incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	AB Servo (3)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FR Servo (5)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with UVW commutation signals for absolute position for permanent magnet motors with or without marker pulse	FD Servo (4)
Sincos incremental encoders	SC (6)
Sincos incremental with commutation signals	SC Servo (12)
Heidenhain sincos encoders with EnDat comms for absolute position	SC EnDat (9)
Stegmann sincos encoders with Hiperface comms for absolute position	SC Hiperface (7)
Sincos encoders with SSI comms for absolute position	SC SSI (11)
Sincos incremental with absolute position from single sin and cosine signals	SC SC (15)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (10)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (8)
Resolver	Resolver (14)
UVW commutation only encoders*	Commutation only (16)
BiSS communication only encoders	BiSS (13)
Sincos encoders with BiSS communications	SC BiSS (17)

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance

Table 4-7 Supported feedback devices on the P2 position interface

Encoder type	Pr 03.138 setting
Quadrature incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	AB (1)
Frequency and direction incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FD (2)
Forward / reverse incremental encoders with or without marker pulse	FR (3)
EnDat communication only encoders	EnDat (4)
SSI encoders (Gray code or binary)	SSI (5)
BiSS communication only encoders	BiSS (6)

Table 4-8 shows the possible combinations of position feedback device types connected to the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the availability of the encoder simulation output.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Table 4-8 Availability of the P2 position feedback interface and the encoder simulation output

Functions								
P1 Position feedback interface	P2 Position feedback interface	Encoder Simulation Output						
AB Servo FD Servo FR Servo SC Servo SC SC Commutation only	None	None						
AB FD FR	AB, FD, FR EnDat, SSI, BiSS	None						
SC Resolver SC Hiperface	None	Full						
SC EnDat SC SSI SC BISS	AB, FD, FR (No Z marker pulse input) EnDat, SSI (with freeze input), BiSS	None						
	None	No Z marker pulse output						
EnDat	AB, FD, FR EnDat, SSI (with freeze input), BiSS	None						
SSI BiSS	None	Full						
	EnDat, SSI, BiSS	No Z marker pulse output						

The priority of the position feedback interfaces and the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type is assigned in the following order from the highest priority to the lowest.

• P1 position interface (highest)

- Encoder simulation output
- P2 position interface (lowest)

For example, if an AB Servo type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface, then both the encoder simulation output and the P2 position interface will not be available as this device uses all connections of the 15-way D-type connector. Also, if an AB type position feedback device is selected for use on the P1 position interface and Pr **03.085** is set to a valid source for the encoder simulation output, then the P2 position interface will not be available.

Depending on the device type used on the P1 position interface, the encoder simulation output may not be able support a marker pulse output (e.g. SC EnDat or SC SSI device types). Pr **03.086** shows the status of the encoder simulation output indicating whether the output is disabled, no marker pulse is available or full encoder simulation is available.

NOTE

When using the P1 and P2 position interfaces and the encoder simulation output together, the P2 position interface uses alternative connections on the 15-way D-type connector. Pr **03.172** shows the status of the P2 position interface and indicates if alternative connections are being used for the P2 position interface.

4.5.3 Position feedback connection details

Table 4-9 P1 Position feedback connection details

P1 Position feedback						C	onnec	tions							
interface Pr 03.038	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AB (0)	А	A\	В	B\	Z	Z١									
FD (1)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١									
FR (2)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١									
AB Servo (3)	А	A\	В	B\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V١	W	W١			
FD Servo (4)	F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V	W	W			
FR Servo (5)	F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	N	W	W			
SC (6)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١									
SC Hiperface (7)	Cos	Cosref	Sin	Sinref	DATA	DATA\									
EnDat (8)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
SC EnDat (9)	А	A\	В	B\	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\	+V	0V	Th
SSI (10)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
SC SSI (11)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B∖ (Sin∖)	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			
SC Servo (12)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١	U	U\	V	V	W	W\			
BiSS (13)	DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze	Freeze\									
Resolver (14)	Cos H	Cos L	Sin H	Sin L	Ref H	Ref L									
SC SC (15)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	Z	Z١	C* ¹	C* ¹	D* ²	D* ²	Freeze2	Freeze2\			
Commutation Only (16)							U	U\	V	V	W	W			
SC BISS (17)	A (Cos)	A\ (Cos\)	B (Sin)	B\ (Sin\)	DATA	DATA\					CLK	CLK\			

 $^{\star}\mathrm{1}$ - One cosine wave per revolution

*2 - One sine wave per revolution

Greyed cells are for P2 position feedback connections or simulated encoder outputs.

NOTE

Freeze and Freeze\ on terminals 5 and 6 are for Freeze input 1. Freeze2 and Freeze2\ on terminals 11 and 12 are for Freeze input 2.

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 4-10 P2 Position feedback and encoder simulation output connection details

P1 Position	P2 Position	Encoder		-		Connec	tions			
feedback interface Pr 03.038	feedback interface Pr 03.138	Simulation Output	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	AB (1)				A	A١	В	B/	Z	Z١
	FD (2)				F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١
AB (0)	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F١	R	R\	Z	Z١
FD (1) FR (2) SC (6)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze2	Freeze2\
SC Hiperface (7) Resolver (14)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
Resolver (14)	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
	AB (1)				А	A١	В	B\		
	FD (2)				F	F١	D	D\		
SC EnDat (9) SC SSI (11)	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R	R\		
	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK/		
SC BiSS (17)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\		
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\		
	None (0)	FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\		
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
	AB (1)				А	A١	В	B/	Z	Z١
	FD (2)				F	F\	D	D\	Z	Z١
	FR (3)	Disabled*1			F	F\	R	R\	Z	Z١
EnDat (8) SSI (10)	EnDat (4) SSI (5) BiSS (6)				DATA	DATA\	CLK	CLK\	Freeze2	Freeze2\
BiSS (13)		AB			Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
	None (0)	FD			Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		FR			Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	Zsim	Zsim\
		SSI			DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\		
EnDat (8)		AB	DATA	DATA\	Asim	Asim\	Bsim	Bsim\	CLK	CLK\
SSI (10) BiSS (13)	EnDat (4) SSI (5)	FD	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Dsim	Dsim\	CLK	CLK\
(with no Freeze	BiSS (6)	FR	DATA	DATA\	Fsim	Fsim\	Rsim	Rsim\	CLK	CLK\
inputs)		SSI	DATA	DATA\	DATAsim	DATAsim\	CLKsim	CLKsim\	CLK	CLK\

 \star1 The encoder simulation output is disabled when Pr 03.085 is set to zero.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

afety Product Mechanical Electrica mation information installation installatio		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
mation mormation installation installatio	starteu	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	-	iniornation

4.5.4 Position feedback term	•	3 B, D,		
A,F, Cosref, Data, Cos H		3 B, B, 4 B D		
2 AF\ Cosref Data Cos L		,		
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD S	ervo(4), FR Servo (5)	AB (0), FD		
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers	Type		
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz	Maximum inp		
Line loading	< 2 unit loads	Line terminat		
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)			
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V	Working com		
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI SC SC (15), SC BiSS (17)	11), SC Servo (12),	SC SC (15		
Туре	Differential voltage	Туре		
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)	Maximum Sig		
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-11.	Maximum inp		
		Marine and		
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V			
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differ	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port.	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated	common moo Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port.		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive	common moo Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differenceder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BISS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable)	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differenced encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14)	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differenceder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BISS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14) Type	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V 2 Vrms sinusoidal signal	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com Resolver (* Type		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference of port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14) Type Operating Frequency	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V 2 Vrms sinusoidal signal 6 - 8 kHz	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com Resolver (* Type Operating Fre		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differe encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14) Type Operating Frequency Input voltage	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V 2 Vrms sinusoidal signal	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com Resolver (Type Operating Fre Input voltage		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differe encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14) Type Operating Frequency	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V 2 Vrms sinusoidal signal 6 - 8 kHz 0.6 Vrms	common mod Resolution: reduced at hi information a encoder port. EnDat (8), Type Maximum inp Line terminat Working com Resolver (* Type Operating Fre Input voltage Minimum imp		
common mode voltage range Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with difference encoder port. EnDat (8), SSI (10), BISS (13) Type Maximum input frequency Line termination components Working common mode range Resolver (14) Type Operating Frequency Input voltage Minimum impedance	to 500 kHz but the resolution is number of bits of interpolated ent voltage levels at the drive EIA-485 differential receivers 4 MHz 120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V 2 Vrms sinusoidal signal 6 - 8 kHz 0.6 Vrms	Maximum inp Line terminat Working com Resolver (*		

8 B, D, R Sinref, Clock, Sin H								
4 B D R Sinref Clock Sin L								
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5)								
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers							
Maximum input frequency	500 kHz							
Line loading	< 2 unit loads							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)							
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V							
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC SSI (SC SC (15), SC BiSS (17)	11), SC Servo (12),							
Туре	Differential voltage							
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)							
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-11.							
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V							
Resolution: The sine wave frequency can be up reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the information at different frequencies and with differ encoder port.	number of bits of interpolated							
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)								
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers							
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz							
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)							
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V							
Resolver (14)								
Туре	2 Vrms sinusoidal signal							
Operating Frequency	6 – 8 kHz							
Input voltage	0.6 Vrms							
Minimum impedance	85 Ω							
Common to All								
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V							
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V							

NOTE The position feedback input will accept 5 V TTL differential signals.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information
									-			

5 Z, Data, Freeze, Ref H		7 U, C, Not used, Not used						
6 Z Data Freeze Ref L		8 U C Not used, Not used AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)						
AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD S	ervo(4), FR Servo (5), SC SC (15)							
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers	Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers					
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz	Maximum input frequency	512 kHz					
Line loading	< 2 unit loads	Line loading	1 unit load					
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)	Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)					
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V	Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V					
SC Hiperface (7), SC EnDat (9), SC S	SI (11), SC Servo (12),	SC SC (15)						
SC BISS (17)		Туре	Differential voltage					
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers		1.25 V peak to peak (sin with					
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz	Maximum Signal level	regard to sinref and cos with					
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)		regard to cosref)					
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V	Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-11.					
EnDat (8), SSI (10)		Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range						
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers	EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)						
Maximum input frequency	4 MHz	Not used						
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)	Resolver (14)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V	Not used						
Resolver (14)		Common to All						
Туре	Differential voltage	Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to	0 0 V -9 V to 14 V					
Nominal voltage	0 – 2 Vrms depending on turns ratio	Maximum differential voltage between termin						
Operating frequency	6 - 8 KHz	(with termination resistors enabled)						
Minimum impedance	85 Ω							
Common to All		9 V, D, Not used, Not used						
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to	0 0V -9 V to 14 V	10 V D Not used, Not used						
Maximum differential voltage between termin	als	AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo	(5), SC Servo (12)					
(with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V	Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers					

Maximum input frequency

Line termination components

Working common mode range

Line loading

SC SC (15) Type

Not used **Resolver (14)** Not used

Common to All

Maximum Signal level

Maximum input frequency

common mode voltage range EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)

Maximum applied differential voltage and

Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V -9 V to 14 V

Maximum differential voltage between terminals

(with termination resistors enabled)

512 kHz 1 unit load

120 Ω (switchable) -7 V to +12 V

Differential voltage

regard to cosref) See Table 4-11.

±4 V

±6 V

1.25 V peak to peak (sin with

regard to sinref and cos with

Digitax HD M751 Control User Guide	
Issue Number: 3	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
informatio	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	•	Operation	PLC	parameters	0	information

11 W, Clock, Not used, Not used							
12 W Clock Not used, Not used							
AB Servo (3), FD Servo(4), FR Servo (5), SC Servo (12)							
Туре	EIA-485 differential receivers						
Maximum input frequency	512 kHz						
Line loading	1 unit load						
Line termination components	120 Ω (switchable)						
Working common mode range	–7 V to +12 V						
SC EnDat (9), SC SSI (11)							
Туре	Differential voltage						
Maximum Signal level	1.25 V peak to peak (sin with regard to sinref and cos with regard to cosref)						
Maximum input frequency	See Table 4-11.						
Maximum applied differential voltage and common mode voltage range	±4 V						
EnDat (8), SSI (10), BiSS (13)							
Not used							
Resolver (14)							
Not used							
Common to All							
Absolute maximum applied voltage relative to 0V	-9 V to 14 V						
Maximum differential voltage between terminals (with termination resistors enabled)	±6 V						

Common to all Feedback types

13	3 Feedback device supply								
Supply	/ voltage	5.15 V ±2 %, 8 V ±5 % or 15 V ±5 %							
Maxim	um output current	300 mA for 5 V and 8 V 200 mA for 15 V							

The voltage on Terminal 13 is controlled by Pr **03.036**. The default for this parameter is 5 V (0) but this can be set to 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). Setting the encoder voltage too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. The termination resistors should be disabled if the outputs from the encoder are higher than 5 V.

15 Motor thermistor input

Thermistor type is selected in P1 Thermistor Type (03.118).

Sincos encoder resolution

The sine wave frequency can be up to 500 kHz but the resolution is reduced at high frequency. Table 4-11 shows the number of bits of interpolated information at different frequencies and with different voltage levels at the drive encoder port. The total resolution in bits per revolution is the ELPR plus the number of bits of interpolated information. Although it is possible to obtain 11 bits of interpolation information, the nominal design value is 10 bits.

Table 4-11 Feedback resolution based on frequency and voltage level

Volt/Freq	1 kHz	5 kHz	50 kHz	100 kHz	200 kHz	500 kHz
1.2	11	11	10	10	9	8
1.0	11	11	10	9	9	7
0.8	10	10	10	9	8	7
0.6	10	10	9	9	8	7
0.4	9	9	9	8	7	6

4.6 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor) is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behaviour of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors:

When the drive is disabled through Safe Torque Off, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor.

If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Salety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics OL listing	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization			Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Machinery Applications

The Safe Torque Off function is suitable for use as a safety component of a machine:

Safety Parameters

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance					
Proof test interval	20 years						
High demand or a continuous mode of operation							
PFH (1/h)	4.21 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	<1 %					
Low demand mode of operation (not EN 61800-5-2)							
PFDavg	3.68 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %					

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	е	
MTTF _D (STO1)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (STO2)	>2500 years	High
MTTFD (Single channel STO)	>2500 years	High
DC _{avg}	≥99 %	High
Mission time	20 years	

NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5 mA.

Two-channel Safe Torque Off

The Digitax HD M75X series has dual channel Safe Torque Off.

The dual channel STO has two fully independent channels.

Each input meets the requirements of the standards as defined above.

If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults.

For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output.

Under these conditions, there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single Safe Torque Off input.

One-channel Safe Torque Off (Including Two- channel Safe Torque off with the inputs connected together).

In a single channel Safe torque Off application there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply of > 5V could cause the drive to be enabled.

This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.

By providing the wiring with a grounded (0V of the Drive) shield in a
positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to
avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any
convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.
 Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety

controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuit be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductor which should be connected to either terminals 1, 3, 4, 5, 7 or 15 at the drive.

Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

Lift (Elevator) Applications

The Safe Torque Off function is suitable for use as a safety component in lift (elevator) applications:

The Safe Torque Off function can be used to eliminate electromechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

For further information, contact the supplier of the drive.

or

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimiz information information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimiz	nization SD Card Operation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Display and Keypad operation

The drive can be directly fitted with a KI-Compact Display. Or

A Remote-Keypad RTC connected to the drive either via a KI-Remote keypad adaptor or one of the drive's RS485 ports (M751 only) and a suitable Cat 5E patch cord.

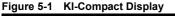
5.1.1 KI-Compact Display

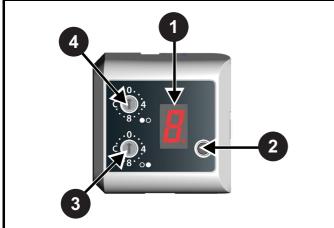
The M75X display provides the following features:

- Displays drive status information.Allows the drive node address to be set via dials on the front of the
- display.
- A push button to reset drive trips.

If not already fitted, the display can be ordered from the supplier of the drive. Refer to Table 2-3 *Display / Keypad identification* on page 13.

5.1.2 Drive state representation





- 1. Single Character display.
- 2. Reset switch.
- 3. Rotary dial for node address setting (least significant).
- 4. Rotary dial for node address setting (Most significant).

The display provides the following drive status information:

A single character code is used to indicate non tripped drive states as a non flashing display, refer to Table 5-1 for further information.

Table 5-1 Single character status indication codes (non tripped drive state)

Display character	Drive status LED	Description	Drive output stage
(Non flashing (RED)	Inhibit state	Disabled
	Flashing (RED)	Communications to drive lost for > 10 seconds	N/A
/ -	Non flashing (RED)	Ready state	Disabled
7	Non flashing (RED)	Under the following status indicators: Stop Scan Run Supply Loss Deceleration DC injection Position Active Heat Phasing	Enabled
	Non flashing (RED)	Under voltage	Disabled

The decimal point on the display is used to alert the user of the following situations:

- The SD card is being accessed. The decimal point on the display will be illuminated constantly whenever the drive is accessing the SD card.
- The drive has an active alarm.
 The decimal point will flash if the drive has an active alarm.

5.1.3 Node address setting

The KI-Compact Display rotary dials allow for the drive node address to be configured from 0 to 247.

The most significant nibble is set by adjusting the top dial and least significant nibble is set by the bottom dial (see Figure 5-1 *KI-Compact Display*).

Dial settings and equivalent decimal values are shown in Figure 5-2.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Get information information installation stall		n SD Card Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Table 5-2 Dial settings and equivalent decimal value

Most signif	icant nibble	Least signif	ficant nibble
Dial setting	Decimal value	Dial setting	Decimal value
1	16	1	1
2	32	2	2
3	48	3	3
4	64	4	4
5	80	5	5
6	96	6	6
7	112	7	7
8	128	8	8
9	144	9	9
A	160	A	10
В	176	В	11
С	192	С	12
D	208	D	13
E	224	E	14
F	240	F	15

The node address will be set to the sum of the most significant nibble and the least significant nibble (in decimal).

As the dials are adjusted each setting is shown on the display. Once the dials are set to the desired configurations the display will confirm the dial settings in hexadecimal followed by the node address setting in decimal, dial settings and node address are separated with a hyphen (-). Serial address (Pr **11.023**) and Keypad defined node address (Pr **11.017**) are then updated.

Example:

To set a node address of 55 via the display, with reference to table 5-2, set the most significant dial to 3 (decimal 48) and the least significant dial to 7 (decimal 7).

NOTE

The node address setting can be configured from the rotary dials of the KI-Compact Display with no power applied to the drive (with the exception of a zero value setting). Non zero configured settings will be transferred to the drive on the next power up.

NOTE

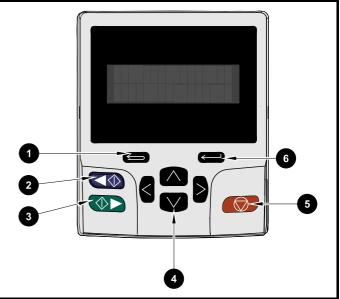
The KI-Compact Display can be installed/removed while the drive is powered. A delay of 10 seconds should be maintained following power up or following a node address dial adjustment before the KI-Compact Display can be removed from the drive, to ensure correct transfer of node address data.

5.1.4 KI-Remote Keypad RTC

The KI-Remote Keypad RTC display consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 5-4.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

Figure 5-2 KI-Remote Keypad RTC



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Start reverse (Auxiliary button)
- 3. Start forward
- Navigation keys (x4)
- 5. Stop / Reset (red) button
- 6. Enter button

NOTE

The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

Table 5-3 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101
Text	M600
Number	1.5 Hz

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Table 5-4 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
D	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
¥	Alarm active	1	2
0	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
₿°∂	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
Ħ	Motor map 2 active	2	1
4	User program running	3	1
4	Keypad reference active	4	1
\$	No entry - read only parameter cannot be edited	1	1

5.2 KI-Remote Keypad operation

5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode.
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button pressed the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start forward button Use to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Start reverse button Used to control the drive if keypad mode is selected and the reverse button is activated. If *Enable Auxiliary Key* (06.013) = 1, then the keypad reference is toggled between run forward and run reverse each time the button is pressed. If *Enable Auxiliary Key* (06.013) = 2, then the button functions as a run reverse key.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

NOTE

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display.

Figure 5-3 overleaf shows an example on moving between menus and editing parameters.

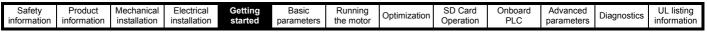
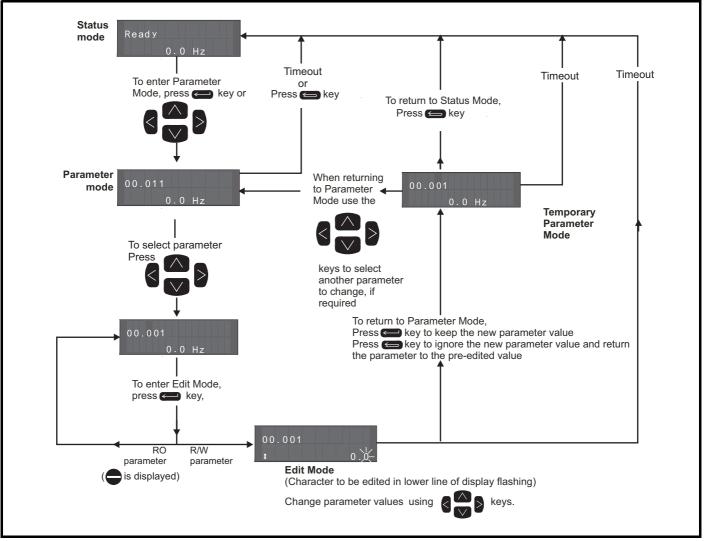


Figure 5-3 Display modes



NOTE

The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr 00.049 has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 39.

5.2.2 Quick access mode

The quick access mode allows direct access to any parameter without scrolling through menus and parameters.

To enter the quick access mode, press and hold the Enter button on the keypad while in 'parameter mode'.

Figure 5-4 Quick access mode



5.2.3 KI-Remote Keypad shortcuts

In 'parameter mode':

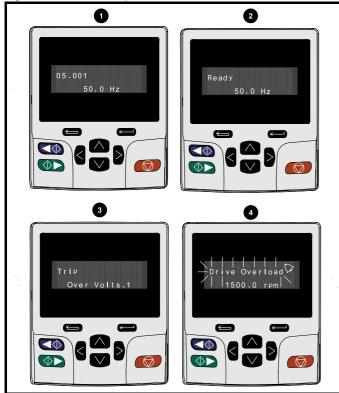
- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the start of the parameter menu being viewed, i.e. Pr **05.005** being viewed, when the above buttons pressed together will jump to Pr **05.000**.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the last viewed parameter in Menu 0.

In 'parameter edit mode':

- If the up and down we keypad buttons are pressed together, then the parameter value of the parameter being edited will be set to 0.
- If the least significant digit (furthest right) will be selected on the keypad display for editing.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
Salety	TTOULOL	Mechanica	Liectifical	Getting	Dasic	rturning	Optimization	SD Card	Oliboalu	Auvanceu	Diagnostics	OLIISUIIG
information	information	inctallation	installation	otortod	paramotoro	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PL C	paramotore	Diagnostics	information
inionnation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLC	parameters		information
					-							

Figure 5-5 Mode examples



1. Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only

2. Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the upper row of the display will show one of the following:

'Inhibit', 'Ready' or 'Run'.

3. Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the upper row of the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the lower row of the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes. refer to Table 12-4 *Trip indications* on page 195.

4. Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the upper row of the display flashes between the drive status (Inhibit, Ready or Run, depending on what is displayed) and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

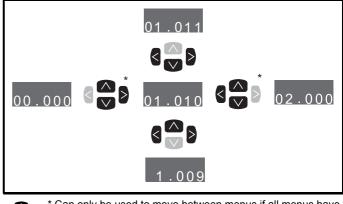
For new parameter-values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *KI-Remote Keypad saving parameters* on page 39.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.049** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 39.

Figure 5-6 Parameter navigation



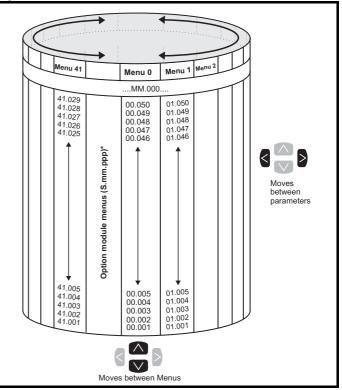
 Can only be used to move between menus if all menus have been enabled (Pr 00.049). Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 39.

The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

Figure 5-7 Menu structure



* The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL listing

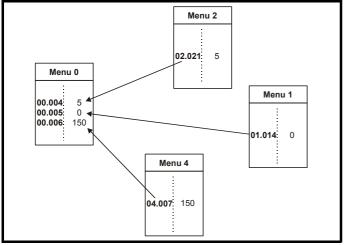
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 42.

Figure 5-8 Menu 0 copying



5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the Remote Keypad RTC.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Table 5-5	Advanced men	u descriptions
-----------	--------------	----------------

	escription up parameters for quick / easy
programming	up parameters for quick / easy
programming	
1 Frequency / Speed referer	
	nce
2 Ramps	
	feedback and speed control
4 Torque and current control	
5 Motor control	
6 Sequencer and clock	
7 Analog I/O	
8 Digital I/O	
9 Programmable logic, moto scope	rized pot, binary sum, timers and
10 Status and trips	
11 Drive set-up and identification	tion, serial communications
12 Threshold detectors and va	ariable selectors
13 Standard motion control	
14 User PID controller	
15 Option module slot 1 set-u	ip menu
16 Option module slot 2 set-u	ip menu
17 Option module slot 3 set-u	ip menu
18 General option module ap	plication menu 1
19 General option module ap	plication menu 2
20 General option module ap	plication menu 3
21 Second motor parameters	
22 Menu 0 set-up	
23 Not allocated	
25 Option module slot 1 appli	cation parameters
26 Option module slot 2 appli	-
27 Option module slot 3 appli	
29 Reserved menu	-
30 Onboard user programmin	ng application menu
31-41 Advanced motion controlle	
Slot 1 Slot 1 option menus*	• •
Slot 2 Slot 2 option menus*	

* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

5.5.1 KI-Remote Keypad set-up menu

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape 🗲 or < or

button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Table 5-6 KI-Remote Keypad RTC set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Туре
Keypad.00	Language*	Classic English (0) English (1) German (2) French (3) Italian (4) Spanish (5) Chinese (6)	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad. 07	Language version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad. 08	Font version	0 to 1000	RO
Keypad. 09	Show menu names	Off or on	RW

NOTE

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

5.5.2 KI-Remote Keypad alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 5-7 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

5.5.3 KI-Remote Keypad display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-8 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010).	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running.	Enabled
Scan	The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply.	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop.	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display.	Disabled
Active	The Regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply.	Enabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active.	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

	sic Running eters the motor Optimization		Advanced Diagnostics UL listing information
--	---	--	---

Table 5-9 Option module and SD card and other status indications at power-up

First row string	Second row string	Status						
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded						
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from an SD Card.						
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded						
User program is being loaded from an SD Card to the drive.								
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded						
User program is being loaded from an SD Card to the option module i slot X.								
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to SD Card						
	•	rd to ensure that its copy of the drive drive is in Auto or Boot mode.						
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage						
The drive is after power-	•	sor in the power stage to respond						
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module						
The drive is	waiting for the options	s modules to respond after power-up.						
Uploading From	 Options Loading parameter database 							
held by the of an application	drive because an option of the provident	to update the parameter database on module has changed or because ested changes to the parameter						

an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed.

5.6 KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminals 2 and 6 are open or $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Pr}}$ 06.015 is Off (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency) 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 3. Change the setting of Pr **0.048** as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting	Operating mode	
00.048 t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 ‡ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 ‡ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 4. Either:
- Press the red 😡 reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr **mm.000** will only load defaults if the setting of Pr **00.048** has been changed.

5.7 KI-Remote Keypad saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when

pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- 1. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr **mm.000** (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr **mm.000**)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red preset button
- Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting
 Pr 10.038 to 100

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 2 and 6 are open or Pr **06.015** is Off (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button on the KI-Compact Display or KI-Remote Keypad.
- Toggle the reset digital input.
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-10.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
							Optimization		DI O		Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	•	Operation	PLC	parameters	U	information

Table 5-10 Parameter access level and security

User security status (00.049)	Access level Security (00.034)		Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	None	RW	Not visible
1	All Menus	None	RW	RW
2	Read-only	Open	RW	Not visible
2	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Road only	Open	RW	RW
3	Read-only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	RW	RW
4	Status Only	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	RW	RW
5	NU access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown below.

	User Security Status (Pr 00.049)	Description
	Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
	All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited.
	Read- only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only.
	Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible.
	Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited.
	No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.049** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the KI-Remote Keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 00.034 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 00.049. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the 🔂 symbol is displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr **00.034** will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the substant, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.034

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 39 for further information regarding access level.

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 39 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

The *Digitax HD M751* drive offers a 2 wire EIA-485 interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

5.12.1 Digitax HD M751 - EIA-485 Serial communications

The EIA-485 option provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The serial communications port of the drive is a RJ45 socket, which is isolated from the power stage and the other control terminals (see section 4.3 *Communication connections* on page 21 for connection and isolation details).

The communications port applies a 2 unit load to the communications network.

USB/EIA-232 to EIA-485 Communications

An external USB/EIA-232 hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA-485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

As suitable USB to EIA-485 isolated converter is available from the supplier of the drive:

USB Comms cable (Part No. 4500-0096)

NOTE

When using the EIA-232 Comms cable the available baud rate is limited to 19.2 k baud.

When using one of the above converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

information installation installation started parameters are motor operation record		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
---	--	-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	----------------------	----------------	------------------------	-------------	---------------------------

Serial communications set-up parameters The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

	Serial communications se	t-up parameters
Serial Mode (00.035)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 OP M (13), 7 1 OP M (15)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the EIA-485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (00.036)	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (00.037)	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.
Reset Serial Communications (00.052)	0 to 1	When the above parameters are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communication system. The new values are used after the next power up or if Reset Serial Communications is set to 1.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
-----------------------	------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	-------------------	--------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------------	--

6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by $\{...\}$). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Parameter ranges and variable minimum / maximums

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

For more information, refer to section 11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums on page 109.

6.2 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	_			Range			Default		Ī		_			
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур)e		
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	VM_NEGATIVE	E_REF_CLAMP1 H	lz / rpm	0.0 Hz	0.0 r	pm	RW	Num				US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp	{01.006}	VM_POSITIVE	E_REF_CLAMP1 H	z / rpm	50 Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz default: 60.0 Hz	50 Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	3000.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	CCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm			2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	CEL_RATE 0.000 to VM_ACCEL_INTE 1 00 Hz 1			2.000 s/1000 rpm	0.200 s/1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.005	Reference Selector	{01.014}		A1 A2 (0), A1 Preset (1), A2 Preset (2), Preset (3), Keypad (4), Precision (5), Keypad Ref (6)			A1 Preset (1)							US
00.006	Symmetrical Current Limit	{04.007}	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT %			165 %	250	%	RW	Num		RA		US
00.007	Open-loop Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5)	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Jr Auto (3), Ur I (4),					RW	Txt				US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}	0.0000 to 200.000 s/rad				0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
00.008	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			1 %		1	RW	Num				US
00.008	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}		0.00 to 655.35 s ² /rad			0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)	or On (1)					RW	Bit				US
00.009	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1	{03.012}	0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad				0.00000	1/rad	RW	Num				US
00.010	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm						RO	Bit				US
00.010	Speed Feedback {03.002} VM_SPEED rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI		
00.011	Output Frequency	{05.001}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz	±2000.0 Hz					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	P1 Position	{03.029}			0 to 65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.012	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	0.000 to VM_DRIV	/E_CURRENT_UN	IPOLAR A				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.013	Torque Producing Current	{04.002}	VM_DF	RIVE_CURRENT A		0				Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.014	Torque Mode Selector	{04.011}	0 or 1	0 to 5	5	0			RW	Num				US
00.015	Ramp Mode	{02.004}	Fast (0), Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Fast (0), Star	ndard (1)	Standard (1)	Fast (0)			Txt				US
00.016	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or 0	On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
00.017	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant	{04.012}		0.0 to 25.	0 ms		0.0 r	ns	RW	Num				US
00.018	P1 Thermistor Fault Detection	{03.123}	None (0), Tempe	rature (1), Temp or	Short (2)	Non	ie (0)	Temperature (1)	RW	Txt				US
00.022	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}		f (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	On ([1]	RW	Bit				US
00.023	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 4000	.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	_	PEED_FREQ_REF			0.0		RW	Num				US
00.025	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}		EED_FREQ_REF			0.0		RW	Num				US
00.026	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz			0.0			RW	Num				US
	Overspeed Threshold	{03.008}		0 to 40000) rpm		0.0)	RW	Num				US
00.027	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz			0.0			RW	Num				US
	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution	{03.034}		1 to 100			1024	4096	RW	Num				US
00.028	Enable Auxiliary Key	{06.013}	Disabled (0), Forwar	d/Reverse (1), Run	Reverse (2)		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
00.029	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	{11.036}		0 to 999					RO	Num		NC	PT	

Safet informa		Electrical installation	0	asic Runnin meters the mot		ation SD Car Operati		Advanced parameter		iagnos	stics		_ listir ormat	
	Parameter			Range	DE0 0		Default RFC-A	DE0 0			Тур)e		
		(((0.00)	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL		RFC-S						
	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}	None (0), Read (1),		(3), Boot (4)		None (0)	_	RW	Txt		NC		US
	Drive Rated Voltage	{11.033}		V (0), 400 V (1)					RO RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	-
00.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	{11.032}	Disable (0),	J to 99999.999 A						Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	Enable (0), Enable (1), Fwd Only (2), Rev Only (3)			Disable (0)			RW	Txt				US
00.033 Rated Speed Optimisation Select {05.016} Disabled (0), Classic Slow (1), Classic Slow (1), Classic Fast (2), Combined (3), VARS Only (4), Voltage Only (5)				Disabled (0)				Txt				US		
00.034	User Security Code	{11.030}		0 to 2 ³¹ -1			0		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
00.035	Serial Mode*	{11.024}	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 N 8 2 NP M (4), 8 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 N 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 7 1 EP M	8 2 NP (0)		RW	Txt				US			
00.036	Serial Baud Rate*	{11.025}	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)						RW	Txt				US
00.037	Serial Address*	{11.023}	1 to 247				1		RW	Num				US
00.038	Current Controller Kp Gain	{04.013}	0 to 30000			20	15	0	RW	Num				US
00.039	Current Controller Ki Gain	{04.014}		0 to 30000		40	200	00	RW	Num				US
00.040	Auto-tune	{05.012}	0 to 2	0 to 5	0 to 6		0		RW	Num		NC		
00.041	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 12 kH	4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3 z (5), 16 kHz (6)), 8 kHz (4),	8 kHz (4)				Txt		RA		US
00.042	Number Of Motor Poles	{05.011}	Automatic	(0) to 480 Poles (24	40)	Automatic (0) 6 Poles (3)			RW	Num				US
	Rated Power Factor**	{05.010}	0.000 to	1.000		0.850			RW	Num		RA		US
00.043	Position Feedback Phase Angle	{03.025}			0.0 to 359.9°	0.0°				Num	ND			US
00.044	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	0 to VM_A	AC_VOLTAGE_SET	v	200 V drive: 230 V 50 Hz default 400V drive: 400 V 60 Hz default 400V drive: 460 V			RW	Num		RA		US
00.045	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33000).00 rpm	50 Hz default: 1500 rpm 60 Hz default: 1800rpm	50 Hz default: 1450.00 rpm 60 Hz default: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.046	Rated Current	{05.007}	0.000 to VM	LRATED_CURREN	IT A	Maximum	Heavy Duty Ratin	ıg (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
00.047	Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 55	0.0 Hz			ault: 50.0 Hz ault: 60.0 Hz		RW	Num				US
00.047	Volts Per 1000 rpm	{05.033}			0 to 10,000 V			98	RW	Num				US
00.048	User Drive Mode	{11.031}	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-	S (3)	Open-loop (1)	RFC-A (2)	RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.049	User Security Status	{11.044}		nus (1), Read-only I atus Only (4), No A			Menu 0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
00.050	Software Version	{11.029}	0	to 99999999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.051	Action On Trip Detection	{10.037}		0 to 31			0		RW	Bin				US
00.052	Reset Serial Communications*	{11.020}	Of	f (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
00.053	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	{04.015}	1.	0 to 3000.0 s		l	89.0 s		RW	Num				US

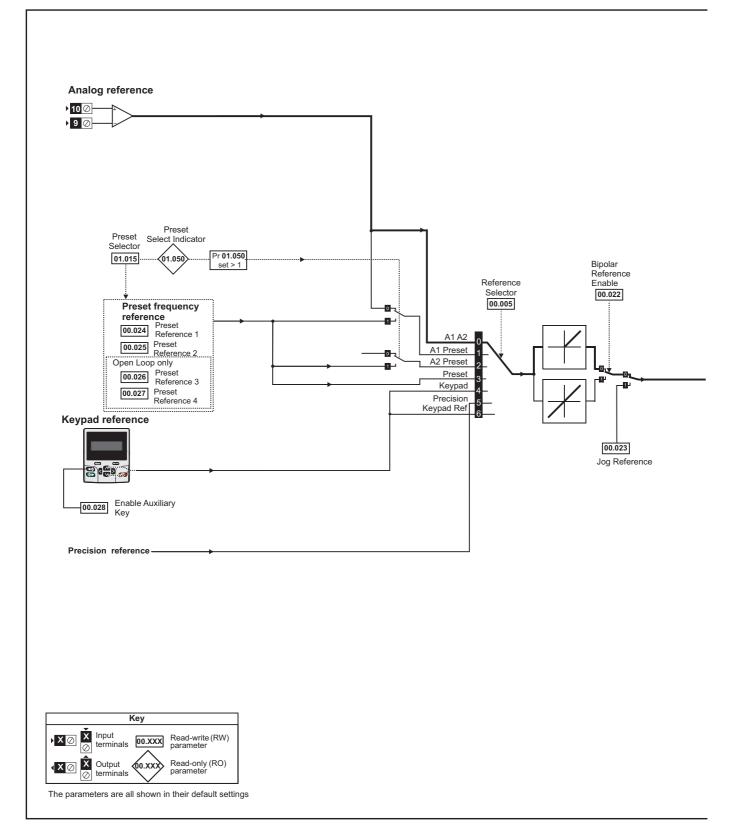
* Only applicable to *Digitax HD M751*.

** Following a rotating autotune Pr **00.043** {05.010} is continuously written by the drive, calculated from the value of Stator Inductance (Pr **05.025**). To manually enter a value into Pr **00.043** {05.010}, Pr **05.025** will need to be set to 0. Please refer to the description of Pr **05.010** in the *Parameter Reference Guide* for further details.

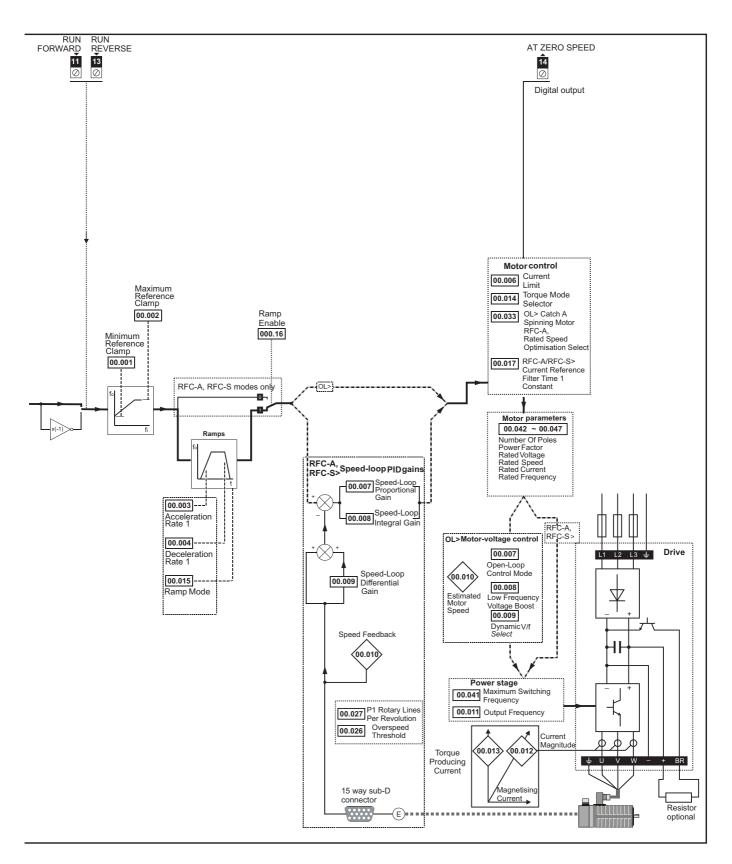
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

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Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic information information installation installation started parameters	notor Optimization	SD Card Onboard Operation PLC	Advanced parameters Diagnostics	UL listing information
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6.3 Parameter descriptions

6.3.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 4001 in Pr mm.000 to store drive parameters on an SD Card.

Table 6-1	Commonly used functions in xx.000
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Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	[No Action]	
1001	1	[Save parameters]	Save parameters under all conditions
6001	2	[Load file 1]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 001
4001	3	[Save to file 1]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
6002	4	[Load file 2]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 002
4002	5	[Save to file 2]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
6003	6	[Load file 3]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from SD Card file 003
4003	7	[Save to file 3]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
12000	8	[Show non-default]	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
12001	9	[Destinations]	Displays parameters that are set
1233	10	[Reset 50Hz defs]	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
1244	11	[Reset 60Hz defs]	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
1070	12	[Reset modules]	Reset all option modules
11001	13	[Read enc. NP P1]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P1 encoder
11051	14	[Read enc. NP P2]	Transfer electronic nameplate motor parameters to the drive from the P2 encoder

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Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active and Low Under Voltage Threshold Select mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) is not active.
1001	Save parameters under all conditions
1070	Reset all option modules
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	SD card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
5yyy*	SD card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
6yyy*	SD card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
7ууу*	SD card: Erase file xxx
8yyy*	SD card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9555*	SD card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	SD card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	SD card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	SD card: Set the read-only flag
59999	Delete onboard user program
110S0	Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module.
110S1	Transfer electronic nameplate motor objects parameters from an encoder connected to the drive or option module to the drive parameters.
110S2	As 110S0, but for performance object 1
110S3	As 110S1, but for performance object 1
110S4	As 110S0, but for performance object 2
110S5	As 110S1, but for performance object 2
110S6	Transfer electronic nameplate motor object parameters from the drive to an encoder connected to the drive or an option module in the Unidrive SP format.
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
15xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 1 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
16xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 2 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
17xxx*	Transfer the user program in an option module installed in slot 3 to a non-volatile media card file xxx
18xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 1.
19xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 2.
20xxx*	Transfer the user program from file xxx in a non-volatile media card to an option module installed in slot 3.
* Can Chan	

* See Chapter 9 SD Card Operation on page 100 for more information on these functions.

** These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

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6.4 Full descriptions

Table 6-3 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

6.4.1 Parameter x.00

	00.000 mm.000} Parameter zero									
R١	Ν	Num				N	D	NC	PT	
€		() to 65,	535		₽				

6.4.2 Speed limits

00.001	{01	.007}	Minimum Reference Clamp								
RW		Num								US	
OL									0.0 H	z	
RFC-A	\hat{v}	_	NEGA AMP1	_	_	⇔	0.0 rpm				
RFC-S											

(When the drive is jogging, [00.001] has no effect.)

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum output frequency of the drive for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**. [**00.001**] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**.

00.002	{01	.006}	Maximum Reference Clamp										
RW		Num								US			
OL								50Hz default: 50.0 Hz 60Hz default: 60.0 Hz					
RFC-A	€		-						efault:1 efault:1				
RFC-S			VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz / rpm					3	0.000	rpm			

(The drive has additional over-speed protection).

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.002** at the required maximum output frequency for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**. [**00.002**] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002.

For operating at high speeds see section 8.5 *High speed operation* on page 93.

6.4.3 Ramps, speed reference selection, current limit

00.003	{02	2.011}	Acceleration Rate 1								
RW		Num								US	
OL		0.0 to	VM_A s/10	_	RATE			5.	0 s/10	0 Hz	
RFC-A	Û	VA	0.000 to VM ACCEL RATE					2.000 s/1000 rpm			
RFC-S		VIV	s/100	_				0.20	0 s/10	00 rpn	า

Set Pr 00.003 at the required rate of acceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower acceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.004	00.004 {02.021}			Deceleration Rate 1							
RW		Num								US	
OL		0.0 to	VM_A s/10	_	RATE			10	.0 s/10	00 Hz	
RFC-A	Û	VA	0.00 1 ACC		TE	⇔		2.00	0 s/10	00 rpn	ı
RFC-S		010	s/100	_				0.20	0 s/10	00 rpn	ı

Set Pr 00.004 at the required rate of deceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower deceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.005	00.005 {01.014}			Reference Selector									
RW		Txt								US			
OL		A1 A2 A1 Pre	(0), eset (1)										
RFC-A	ĵ	A2 Pre	eset (2)			⇔		A	l Prese	et (1)			
RFC-S	~		t (3), Ke ion (5), d Ref (4),								

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Use Pr **00.005** to select the required frequency/speed reference as follows:

Setting		Description
A1 A2	0	Analog input 1 OR analog input 2 selectable by digital input, terminal 28
A1 Preset	1	Analog input 1 OR preset frequency/speed
A2 Preset	2	Analog input 2 OR preset frequency/speed
Preset (3)	3	Pre-set frequency/speed
Keypad (4)	4	Keypad mode
Precision (5)	5	Precision reference
Keypad Ref (6)	6	Keypad Reference

00.006	{04	.007}	Symm	etrica	l Curre	nt L	imi	t			
RW		Num								US	
OL									165 %	%	
RFC-A	\hat{v}		to VM_ RRENT		_	⇔			250 %	2/2	
RFC-S				_					250 /	/0	

Pr **00.006** limits the maximum output current of the drive (and hence maximum motor torque) to protect the drive and motor from overload.

Set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum torque as a percentage of the rated torque of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{T_R}{T_{RATED}} \times 100$$
(%)

Where:

T_R Required maximum torque

TRATED Motor rated torque

Alternatively, set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum active (torqueproducing) current as a percentage of the rated active current of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{I_R}{I_{RATED}} \times 100 \,(\%)$$

Where:

I_R Required maximum active current

IRATED Motor rated active current

6.4.4 Voltage boost, (open-loop), Speed-loop PID gains (RFC-A / RFC-S)

00.007 {	05.	014}	Open	-loop	Contr	ol N	lod	le (OL))		
00.007 {	03.	010}	Spee	d Con	troller	Pro	орс	ortiona	l Gain	Кр1 (RFC)
RW		Txt / Num								US	
OL	ţ	Ur S (Fixed Ur I (4	(0), Ur (2), U 1), Squ	(1), r Auto ıare (5	(3),)	仓			Ur I (4)	
RFC-A	î	0 000	0 to 20	000	s/rad	Ъ		0	.0300 :	s/rad	
RFC-S		0.000	0 10 21	0.000	3/144	~		0	.0100 :	s/rad	

Open-loop

There are six voltage modes available, which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost. For further details, refer to section *Pr* 00.007 {05.014} *Open Loop Control Mode* on page 83.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.007** (**03.010**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speedcontrol loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 on page 126 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 77.

00.008 {	05.	015}	Low	Frequ	ency \	/olta	age Bo	oost (OL)		
800.008 {	03.	011}	Spee	Speed Controlle			egral (Gain Ki1	(RFC)	
RW		Num							US	
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$		0.0 to	25.0 %	Ď	合		3.0 9	%	
RFC-A	î	0.00	to 65	5 2 5 o	$\frac{2}{rad}$	合		0.10 s ²	/rad	
RFC-S	Ŷ	0.00	to 655.35 s ² /rad			~	1.00 s ² /rad			

Open-loop

When *Open-loop Control Mode* (00.007) is set at **Fd** or **SrE**, set Pr **00.008** (**05.015**) at the required value for the motor to run reliably at low speeds.

Excessive values of Pr 00.008 can cause the motor to be overheated.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.008** (**03.011**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speedcontrol loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 on page 126 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 77.

00.009 {	05.0	013}	Dyna	mic V	to F S	Sele	ct (OL)			
00.009 {	03.0	012}		d Cor (RFC)		[.] Dif	fer	ential	Feedb	ack G	ain
RW		Bit								US	
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$	0	ff (0) c	or On ((1)	₽		Off (0)			
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	(0.00000 to .65535 1/rad				0.00000 1/rad			

Open-loop

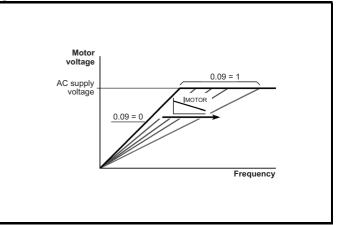
Set Pr 00.009 (05.013) at 0 when the V/f characteristic applied to the motor is to be fixed. It is then based on the rated voltage and frequency of the motor.

Set Pr **00.009** at 1 when reduced power dissipation is required in the motor when it is lightly loaded. The V/f characteristic is then variable resulting in the motor voltage being proportionally reduced for lower motor currents. Figure 6-2 shows the change in V/f slope when the motor current is reduced.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.009** (**03.012**) operates in the feedback path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 126 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 77.

Figure 6-2 Fixed and variable V/f characteristics



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6.4.5 Monitoring

00.01	0 {0	5.004}	Motor	Rpm				
R	C	Bit					US	
OL	€		±1800	00 rpm	₽			

Open-loop

Pr **00.010** (**05.004**) indicates the value of motor speed that is estimated from the following:

02.001 Post Ramp Reference 00.042 Number Of Motor Poles

00.010	{03	.002}	Speed	Feed	back					
RO		Num	FI			Ν	D	NC	PT	
RFC-A RFC-S	₿	V	M_SPE	EED rp	m	Û				

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.010** (**03.002**) indicates the value of motor speed that is obtained from the speed feedback.

00.011 {	05.	001}	Outp	ut Fre	quenc	y (C	DL)			
00.011 {	03.	029}	· ·							
RO		Num	Num Fl				D	NC	PT	
OL	Û	VM_	VM_SPEED_FREQ_							
RFC-A	v		REF Hz							
RFC-S	ţ		0 to 6	65535		合				

Open-loop and RFC-A

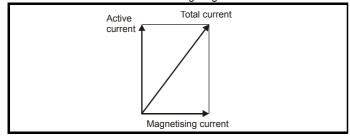
Pr 00.011 displays the frequency at the drive output.

RFC-S

Pr **00.011** displays the position of the encoder in mechanical values of 0 to 65,535. There are 65,536 units to one mechanical revolution.

00.012	{04	.001}	Curre	nt Mag	Initude	_				
RO		Bit	FI			N	D	NC	PT	
OL			0.00)0 to						
RFC-A	↕	VM_D		-	_	⇒				
RFC-S			UNIPC	ILAR A						

Pr **00.012** displays the rms value of the output current of the drive in each of the three phases. The phase currents consist of an active component and a reactive component, which can form a resultant current vector as shown in the following diagram.



The active current is the torque producing current and the reactive current is the magnetizing or flux-producing current.

00.013	{04	.002}	Torqu	e Prod	ucing	Cur	rent	t		
RO		Bit	FI			Ν	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	ţ	VM_D	RIVE_	CURR	ENT A	⇔				
RFC-S										

When the motor is being driven below its rated speed, the torque is proportional to [00.013].

6.4.6 Jog reference, Ramp mode selector, Stop and torque mode selectors

Pr **00.014** is used to select the required control mode of the drive as follows:

00.014	{04	.011}	Torqu	e Mod	e Seleo	ctor	•			
RW		Num							US	
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$		0 c	or 1		仑		0		
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ		0 to 5			Ŷ		0		

Setting	Open-Loop	RFC-A/S
0	Frequency control	Speed control
1	Torque control	Torque control
2		Torque control with speed override
3		Coiler/uncoiler mode
4		Speed control with torque feed- forward
5		Bi-directional torque control with speed override

00.015	{02	.004}	Ramp Mode Select								
RW	-	Txt								US	
OL	\hat{v}		. ,	andaro ost (2)	. ,	⇔		St	andar	d (1)	
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	Fas	t (0), S	tandaro	d (1)	合			Fast ((0)	

Pr 00.015 sets the ramp mode of the drive as shown below:

0: Fast ramp

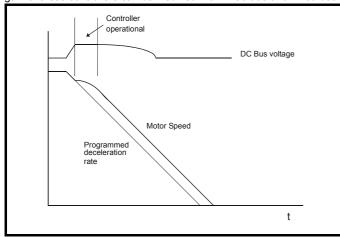
Fast ramp is used where the deceleration follows the programmed deceleration rate subject to current limits. This mode must be used if a braking resistor is connected to the drive.

1: Standard ramp

Standard ramp is used. During deceleration, if the voltage rises to the standard ramp level (Pr **02.008**) it causes a controller to operate, the output of which changes the demanded load current in the motor. As the controller regulates the link voltage, the motor deceleration increases as the speed approaches zero speed. When the motor deceleration rate reaches the programmed deceleration rate the controller ceases to operate and the drive continues to decelerate at the programmed rate. If the standard ramp voltage (Pr **02.008**) is set lower than the nominal DC bus level the drive will not decelerate the motor, but it will coast to rest.

	1	1					1				1	
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

The output of the ramp controller (when active) is a current demand that is fed to the frequency changing current controller (Open-loop modes) or the torque producing current controller (RFC-A or RFC-S modes). The gain of these controllers can be modified with Pr **00.038** and Pr **00.039**.



2: Standard ramp with motor voltage boost

This mode is the same as normal standard ramp mode except that the motor voltage is boosted by 20 %. This increases the losses in the motor, dissipating some of the mechanical energy as heat giving faster deceleration.

00.016	{02	2.002}	Ramp Enable								
RW		Bit								US	
OL	\hat{v}					令					
RFC-A	介	C)ff (0) c	r On ('	1)	С			On (1	1)	
RFC-S	î		/ii (0) C		''	−v			On (')	

Setting Pr **00.016** to 0 allows the user to disable the ramps. This is generally used when the drive is required to closely follow a speed reference which already contains acceleration and deceleration ramps.

00.017 {	04.012}	Current Reference Filter Time Constant							
RW	Num							US	
RFC-A	ŵ	0 0 to 2		Ч		0.0 m	<u> </u>		
RFC-S	()	0.0 to 25.0 ms			~		0.0 ms		

RFC-A / RFC-S

A first order filter, with a time constant defined by Pr **00.017**, is provided on the current demand to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation noise. The filter introduces a lag in the speed loop, and so the speed loop gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased.

00.018	00.018 {03.123} P1 Thermistor Fault Detection											
RW												
OL			None	e (0).			None (0)					
RFC-A	ŷ	None (0), Temperature (1), Temp and short (2)										
RFC-S							Temperature (1)					

Defines the fault detection for the P1 thermistor input:

<i>P1 Thermistor Fault Detection</i> (03.123)	Fault detection
0: None	No detection active
1: Temperature	Over temperature detection
2: Temp and short	Over temperature and short circuit detection

If over temperature detection is enabled a *Thermistor*.001 trip is initiated if *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is above the level defined by *P1 Thermistor Trip Threshold* (03.120). The trip cannot be reset until *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is below *P1 Thermistor Reset Threshold* (03.121).

If short circuit detection is enabled then a *Th Short Circuit*.001 is initiated if *P1 Thermistor Feedback* (03.119) is below 50 Ohms.

00.022	{01	.010}	Bipolar Reference Enable										
RW		Bit								US			
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}	0	OFF (0) or On (1)					OFF (0)					
RFC-S													

Pr **00.022** determines whether the reference is uni-polar or bi-polar as follows:

Pr 00.022	Function	
0	Unipolar speed/frequency reference	
1	Bipolar speed/frequency reference	

00.023	{01	00.023 {01.005} Jog Reference												
RW		Num								US				
OL	\hat{v}	0.0 to 400.0 Hz					0.0							
RFC-A RFC-S	€	0.	0 to 40	00.0 rp	om	分			0.0					

Enter the required value of jog frequency/speed.

The frequency/speed limits affect the drive when jogging as follows:

Frequency-limit parameter	Limit applies
Pr 00.001 Minimum reference clamp	No
Pr 00.002 Maximum reference clamp	Yes

00.024	{01	.021}	Prese	Preset Reference 1										
RW		Num								US				
OL														
RFC-A	\hat{v}	VM	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF						0.0					
RFC-S														

00.025				Preset Reference 2								
RW		Num								US		
OL												
RFC-A	ţ	VM.	_SPEE RE	_	EQ_	₽			0.0			
RFC-S												

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL	Safety						Optimization	SD Card	DI C			UL listing information
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00.026 {	00.026 {01.023}				Preset Reference 3 (OL)										
00.026 {	008 }	Overspeed Threshold (RFC)													
RW		Num								US					
OL	₿	VM_	-	ED_FR F Hz	EQ_										
RFC-A	ĵ	0	to 400	000 ro	m	⇔			0.0						
RFC-S	Ŷ	0	0 to 40000 rpm												

Open-loop

If the preset reference has been selected (see Pr 00.005), the speed at which the motor runs is determined by these parameters.

RFC-A / RFC-S

If the speed feedback (Pr **00.010**) exceeds this level in either direction, an overspeed trip is produced. If this parameter is set to zero, the overspeed threshold is automatically set to 120 % x SPEED_FREQ_MAX.

00.027 {	01.	024}	Preset Reference 4 (OL)									
00.027 {	034}	P1 Ro	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (RFC)									
RW										US		
OL	ţ	VM_	_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz			⇔			0.0			
RFC-A	ĵ		1 to 10000			台			1024	4		
RFC-S	Ŷ		1 10 10000			ץ			4096	6		

Open-loop

Refer to Pr 00.024 to Pr 00.026.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Enter in Pr **00.027** the number of lines per revolution of the drive encoder.

00.028	{06	6.013}	Enabl	Enable Auxiliary Key									
RW		Txt								US			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€			ed (0), everse /erse (2	· //	Ŷ		D	isableo	d (0)			

When a keypad is installed, this parameter enables the forward/reverse key.

00.029	{11	.036}	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded								
RO		Num						NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to	999		₽					
RFC-S											

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD Card to the drive.

00.030) {1	1.42}	Paran	neter C	loning					
RW		Txt					NC		US*	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		ne (0), gram (2 Boo	2), Auto	. ,	Ŷ		None	(0)	

* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr **00.030** is equal to 1 or 2 this value is not transferred to the EEPROM or the drive. If Pr **00.030** is set to a 3 or 4 the value is transferred.

Pr Strin g	Pr val ue	Comment
None	0	Inactive
Read	1	Read parameter set from the SD Card
Program	2	Programming a parameter set to the SD Card
Auto	3	Auto save
Boot	4	Boot mode

For further information, please refer to Chapter 9 *SD Card Operation* on page 100.

00.031	{11	.033}	Drive Rated Voltage										
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}	200	0 V (0),	400 V	(1)	⇒							
RFC-S													

Pr 00.031 indicates the voltage rating of the drive.

00.032	{11	.032}	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating										
RO		Num				ND	NC	PT					
OL													
RFC-A	ţ	0.00	00 to 99	9999.99	99 A	⇔							
RFC-S													

Pr 00.032 indicates the maximum continuous Heavy Duty current rating.

00.033 {	00.033 {06.009}			Catch A Spinning Motor (OL)									
00.033 {	05.	016}	Rated Speed Optimisation Select (RF						RFC-A)				
RW										US			
OL	ţ		ole (0), ⁼ wd O Rev O	nly (2)),	⇔			Disabl	e (0)			
RFC-A	€	CI C V	assic S lassic Combir ⁄ARs C	Disabled (0), assic Slow (1), assic Fast (2), ombined (3), ARs Only (4), bitage Only (5)		⇔		C	Disable	ed (0)			

Open-loop

When the drive is enabled with Pr **00.033** = 0, the output frequency starts at zero and ramps to the required reference. When the drive is enabled when Pr **00.033** has a non-zero value, the drive performs a start-up test to determine the motor speed and then sets the initial output frequency to the synchronous frequency of the motor.

Restrictions may be placed on the frequencies detected by the drive as follows:

Pr 00.033	Pr string	Function
0	Disable	Disabled
1	Enable	Detect all frequencies
2	Fwd only	Detect positive frequencies only
3	Rev only	Detect negative frequencies only

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor		Onboard Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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RFC-A

The *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and *Rated Speed* (00.045) are used to define the rated slip of the motor. The rated slip is used in sensorless mode (*Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) to correct the motor speed with load. When this mode is active *Rated Speed Optimisation Select* (00.033) has no effect.

If sensorless mode is not active (Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 0) the rated slip is used in the motor control algorithm and an incorrect value of slip can have a significant effect on the motor performance. If Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033) = 0 then the adaptive control system is disabled. However, if Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033) is set to a non-zero value the drive can automatically adjust the Rated Speed (00.045) to give the correct value of rated slip. Rated Speed (00.045) is not saved at power-down, and so when the drive is powered-down and up again it will return to the last value saved by the user. The rate of convergence and the accuracy of the adaptive controller reduces at low output frequency and low load. The minimum frequency is defined as a percentage of Rated Frequency (00.047) by Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Frequency (05.019). The minimum load is defined as a percentage of rated load by Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020). The adaptive controller is enabled when a motoring or regenerative load rises above Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020) + 5 %, and is disabled again when it falls below Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load (05.020). For best optimisation results the correct values of Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Stator Inductance (05.025), Saturation Breakpoint 1 (05.029), Saturation Breakpoint 2 (05.062), Saturation Breakpoint 3 (05.030) and Saturation Breakpoint 4 (05.063) should be used.

00.034	{11	.030}	User security code									
RW		Num				N	D	NC PT US				
OL												
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to 2		⇔		0					
RFC-S												

If any number other than 0 is programmed into this parameter, user security is applied so that no parameters except Pr **00.049** can be adjusted with the keypad. When this parameter is read via a keypad it appears as zero. For further details refer to section 5.9.3 *User Security Code* on page 40.

00.035	{11	.024}	Serial	Mode						
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	811 810 71N	NP (0), EP (2), 8 2 NP 8 1 NP 8 1 EP P M (7 NP (9), 7 1 OP 7 1 NP 7 1 CP 7 1 OP	8 1 OF M (4), M (5), M (6), N 7 2 N 7 1 EP P (11), M (12) M (13) M (14)	P (3), IP (8), (10),	谷	1	8 2 NF	° (0)	

This parameter defines the communications protocol used by the EIA485 comms port on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original protocol. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new protocol. (Note: ANSI uses 7 data bits, 1 stop bit and even parity; Modbus RTU uses 8 data bits, 2 stops bits and no parity).

Pr Value	Pr String
0	8 2 NP
1	8 1 NP
2	8 1 EP
3	8 1 OP
4	8 2 NP M
5	8 1 NP M
6	8 1 EP M
7	8 1 OP M
8	7 2 NP
9	7 1 NP
10	7 1 EP
11	7 1 OP
12	7 2 NP M
13	7 1 NP M
14	7 1 EP M
15	7 1 OP M

The core drive always uses the Modbus rtu protocol and is always a slave. *Serial Mode* (00.035) defines the data format used by the serial comms interface. The bits in the value of *Serial Mode* (00.035) define the data format as follows. Bit 3 is always 0 in the core product as 8 data bits are required for Modbus rtu. The parameter value can be extended in derivative products which provide alternative communications protocols if required.

Bits	3	2	1 and 0
Format	Number of data bits 0 = 8 bits 1 = 7 bits	0 = Standard	Stop bits and Parity 0 = 2 stop bits, no parity 1 = 1 stop bit, no parity 2 = 1 stop bit, even parity 3 = 1 stop bit, odd parity

Bit 2 selects either standard or modified register mode. The menu and parameter numbers are derived for each mode as given in the following table. Standard mode is compatible with Unidrive SP. Modified mode is provided to allow register numbers up to 255 to be addressed. If any menus with numbers above 63 should contain more than 99 parameters, then these parameters cannot be accessed via Modbus rtu.

Register mode	Register address
Standard	$(mm \times 100) + ppp - 1$ where $mm \le 162$ and $ppp \le 99$
Modified	(mm x 256) + ppp - 1 where mm \leq 63 and ppp \leq 255

Changing the parameters does not immediately change the serial communications settings. See *Reset Serial Communications* (11.020) for more details.

00.036	{11	.025}	Serial	Baud	Rate					
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	ţ	24 960 384	0), 600 00 (3), 00 (5), 00 (7), 00 (9),	4800 (19200 57600	4), (6), (8),	Ŷ		19200	(6)	

This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new baud rate.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
										•		

00.037	{11	.023}	Serial	Addre	ess					
RW		Num							US	
OL										
RFC-A	€		1 to	247		₽		1		
RFC-S										

Used to define the unique address for the drive for the serial interface. The drive is always a slave address 0 is used to globally address all slaves, and so this address should not be set in this parameter

00.038				Current Controller Kp Gain							
RW	RW Num									US	
OL									20		
RFC-A RFC-S	ţ		0 to 30000						150		

00.039	{04	.014}	Curre	nt Con	troller	Ki (Gair	1			
RW										US	
OL	$\hat{\mathbb{V}}$					₽			40		
RFC-A RFC-S	€		0 to 30000						2000)	

These parameters control the proportional and integral gains of the current controller used in the open loop drive. The current controller either provides current limits or closed loop torque control by modifying the drive output frequency. The control loop is also used in its torque mode during line power supply loss, or when the controlled mode standard ramp is active and the drive is decelerating, to regulate the flow of current into the drive.

).04 5.01		Auto-1	tune				
RW		Num				NC		
OL	ţ		0 t	o 2	¢			
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 te	o 4	₽		0	
RFC-S	€		0 t	₽				

Open-Loop

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Transient Inductance* (05.024), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr **00.043**. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is

used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (00.043). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 and 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

RFC-A

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test, two mechanical load measurement tests. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A mechanical load measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr **00.040** set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (00.047) x 2/ 3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr **05.029**, Pr **05.030**, Pr **06.062** and Pr **05.063**) are modified by the drive. The *Motor Rated Power Factor* (00.043) is also modified by the *Stator Inductance* (05.025). The No-Load motor core losses are measured and written to *No-Load Core Loss* (04.045). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 and 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

RFC-S

There are five autotune tests available in RFC-S mode, a stationary autotune, a rotating autotune, two mechanical load measurement tests and a locked rotor test to measure load dependent parameters.

Stationary Autotune

The stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotune, a test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not be able to calculate such an accurate value for the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed to measure *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059), *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060),

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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No Load Lq (05.072). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The Stator Resistance (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up Current controller Kp Gain (00.038) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). If sensorless mode is not selected then Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Rotating Autotune

The rotating autotune must be performed on unloaded motor. This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and parameters for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque. During the rotating autotune, Rated Current (00.046) is applied and the motor is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control revolutions) in the required direction. If sensorless mode is not selected then the Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). A stationary test is then performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059), Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) and No Load Lq (05.072). Stator Resistance (05.017) and Ld (05.024) are used to set up Current Controller Kp Gain (00.038) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (00.039). This is only done once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

00 {05	.04 .01		Maxin	num Sv	witchir	ning Frequency						
RW		Txt				R	RA	NC				
OL			Hz (0),									
RFC-A	ΰ		Hz (2), Hz (4), 1			⇔			8 kHz	(4)		
RFC-S			16 k⊦	łz (6)								

This parameter defines the required switching frequency. The drive may automatically reduce the actual switching frequency (without changing this parameter) if the power stage becomes too hot. A thermal model of the IGBT junction temperature is used based on the heatsink temperature and an instantaneous temperature drop using the drive output current and switching frequency. The estimated IGBT junction temperature is displayed in Pr **07.034**. If the temperature exceeds 135 °C the switching frequency reduces the drive losses and the junction temperature displayed in Pr **07.034** also reduces. If the load condition persists the junction temperature may continue to rise again above 145 °C and the drive cannot reduce the switching frequency further the drive will initiate an 'OHt Inverter' trip. Every second the drive will attempt to restore the switching frequency to the level set in Pr **00.041**.

See section 8.4 *Switching frequency* on page 93, for the maximum available switching frequency for each drive rating.

6.4.7 Motor parameters

00.042	{05	5.011}	Number Of Motor Poles								
RW		Num								US	
OL						①		Δ.	ıtomat	ic (0)	
RFC-A	\hat{v}		utoma 80 Pol	• • •		~		AL	liomai	ic (0)	
RFC-S						₽		6	Poles	s (3)	

Open-loop

This parameter is used in the calculation of motor speed, and in applying the correct slip compensation. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (00.045). The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-A

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* (00.045) rpm. The number of poles = $120 \times 120 \times 1$

RFC-S

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected the number of poles is set to 6.

00.043 {	05.	010}	Rateo	Rated Power Factor (OL)									
00.043 {	03.	025}	Posit	ion Fe	edbad	ck F	hase /	Angle	(RF	C)			
RW		Num								US			
OL	\hat{v}	0.000 to 1.000				₽		C).85	0			
RFC-A	\hat{v}	C	0.000 to 1.000					C).85	0			
RFC-S	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	(0.0 to 359.9 °					(0.0 °	0			

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current.

Open-loop

The power factor is used in conjunction with the motor rated current (Pr **00.046**) to calculate the rated active current and magnetizing current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetizing current is used in vector mode Rs compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr 00.043.

RFC-A

If the stator inductance (Pr **05.025**) contains a non-zero value, the power factor used by the drive is continuously calculated and used in the vector control algorithms (this will not update Pr **00.043**).

If the stator inductance is set to zero (Pr **05.025**) then the power factor written in Pr **00.043** is used in conjunction with the motor rated current and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetizing currents which are used in the vector control algorithm.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr 00.043.

RFC-S

The phase angle between the rotor flux in a servo motor and the encoder position is required for the motor to operate correctly. If the phase angle is known it can be set in this parameter by the user. Alternatively the drive can automatically measure the phase angle by performing a phasing test (see autotune in RFC-S mode Pr **00.040**). When the test is complete the new value is written to this parameter. The encoder phase angle can be modified at any time and becomes effective immediately. This parameter has a factory default value of 0.0 °, but is not affected when defaults are loaded by the user.

00.044 {05	.009}	Rated	l Volta	age				
RW	Num				RA		US	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		ctrical allation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the moto		imizatio	on SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC		anced neters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
OL RFC-A RFC-S	VM_AC_	to VOLTAGE_ ET	₽			ve: 230 V) V drive: 400) V drive: 460		OL RFC-A RFC-S	Ň	0.00 VM_RATED_		⇔	Ma	aximum Hea Rating (00.032	1

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.045 {	05.	008}	Rateo	d Spee	ed					
RW		Num							US	
OL	\hat{v}	0	to 330)00 rpi	m	₽		default: default:		
RFC-A	€	0.00	to 330	00.00	rpm	⇔	50 Hz d 60 Hz d	efault: 1 efault: 1	1450.0 1750.0	0 rpm 0 rpm
RFC-S	ΰ		·			₽	3	3000.00	rpm	

Open-loop

This is the speed at which the motor would rotate when supplied with its base frequency at rated voltage, under rated load conditions (= synchronous speed - slip speed). Entering the correct value into this parameter allows the drive to increase the output frequency as a function of load in order to compensate for this speed drop.

Slip compensation is disabled if Pr **00.045** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, or if Pr **05.027** is set to 0.

If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the value from the rating plate of the motor, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

RFC-A

Rated speed is used with motor rated frequency to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter can result in the following:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Failure to reach maximum speed
- Over-current trips
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot machine, however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate.

The rated speed rpm can be optimized by the drive (For further information, refer to section 8.1.4 *RFC-A mode* on page 85).

RFC-S

Rated Speed (00.045) is used as follows:

- 1. Operation without position feedback, i.e. Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 1.
- 2. Where the motor operates above this speed and flux weakening is active.
- 3. In the motor thermal model.

The units for *Rated Speed* (00.045) are always rpm even if a linear motor is used and *Linear Speed Select* (01.055) = 1.

00.046 {05.007} Rated Current										
RW	Num				RA			US		

Enter the name-plate value for the motor rated current.

00.047	{05	.006}											
00.047	{05	.033}	Volts	per 100	00 rpm	(RF	-C-S	5)					
RW		Num								US			
OL	€	(0.0 to 550.0 Hz						default				
RFC-A	↕	().0 to 5	50.0 H	Z	⇔	6	60 Hz (default	: 60.0	Hz		
RFC-S	ΰ	0 to 1	10000 \	//100	0 rpm	₽		98 \	V / 100	0 rpm			

Open-loop and RFC-A

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

6.4.8 Operating-mode selection

00.048	{11	.031}	User I	Drive N	lode						
RW		Txt				N	ND NC PT				
OL		•			• (0)	ſ	Open-loop (1)				
RFC-A	\hat{v}	Open-), RFC∘ ·S (3)	-A (2),	仓	> RFC-A (2)				
RFC-S							> RFC-S (3)				

The settings for Pr 00.048 are as follows:

Setting	Operating mode
1	Open-loop
2	RFC-A
3	RFC-S

This parameter defines the drive operating mode. Pr **mm.000** must be set to '1253' (European defaults) or '1254' (USA defaults) before this parameter can be changed. When the drive is reset to implement any change in this parameter, the default settings of all parameters will be set according to the drive operating mode selected and saved in memory.

6.4.9 Status information

00.049	{11	.044}	User \$	Securit	ty Statu	IS				
RW		Txt					ND	PT		
OL			0 (0), A d-only							
RFC-A	ΰ		Read-c	only (3)	,	⇒	Ν	/lenu 0	0 (0)	
RFC-S			Status (No Acc							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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This parameter controls access via the drive keypad as follows:

Security level	Description
0 (Menu 0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
1 (All Menus)	All writable parameters are visible and available to be edited.
2 (Read-only Menu 0)	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.
3 (Read-only)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible.
4 (Status Only)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited.
5 (No Access)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms / fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.

The keypad can adjust this parameter even when user security is set.

00.050 {11.029}			Softw	are Ve	rsion					
RO	RO Num					ND		NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	ţ		0 to 99999999							
RFC-S										

The parameter displays the software version of the drive.

00.051	{10	.037}	Action On Trip Detection								
RW		Bin								US	
OL											
RFC-A	\hat{v}			⇔			0				
RFC-S											

Each bit in this parameter has the following functions:

Bit	Function
0	Stop on non-important trips
1	Disable braking resistor overload detection
2	Disable phase loss stop
3	Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring
4	Disable parameter freeze on trip

Example

Pr 00.051 =8 (1000_{binary}) Th Brake Res trip is disabled

Pr 00.051 =12 (1100_{binary}) Th Brake Res and phase loss trip is disabled

Stop on non-important trips

If bit 0 is set to one the drive will attempt to stop before tripping if any of the following trip conditions are detected: I/O Overload, An Input 1 Loss, An Input 2 Loss or Keypad Mode.

Disable braking resistor overload detection

For details of braking resistor overload detection mode see Pr 10.030.

Disable phase loss trip

Normally the drive will stop when the input phase loss condition is detected. If this bit is set to 1 the drive will continue to run and will only trip when the drive is brought to a stop by the user.

Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring

Size 3, 4 and 5 drives have an internal user install braking resistor with a thermistor to detect overheating of the resistor. As default bit 3 of Pr **00.051** is set to zero, and so if the braking resistor and its thermistor is not installed the drive will produce a trip (Th Brake Res) because the

thermistor appears to be open-circuit. This trip can be disabled so that the drive can run by setting bit 3 of Pr **00.051** to one. If the resistor is installed then no trip is produced unless the thermistor fails, and so bit 3 of Pr **00.051** can be left at zero. This feature only applies to size 3, 4 and 5 drives. For example if Pr **00.051** = 8, then Th Brake Res trip will be disabled.

Disable parameter freeze on trip

If this bit is 0 then the parameters listed below are frozen on trip until the trip is cleared. If this bit is 1 then this feature is disabled.

Open-loop mode	RFC-A and RFC-S modes
Reference Selected (01.001)	Reference Selected (01.001)
Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)	Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)
Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)	Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)
Post Ramp Reference (02.001)	Post Ramp Reference (02.001)
Frequency Slaving Demand (03.001)	Final Speed Reference (03.001)
	Speed Feedback (00.010)
	Speed Error (03.003)
	Speed Controller Output (03.004)
Current Magnitude (00.012)	Current Magnitude (00.012)
<i>Torque Producing Current</i> (00.013)	<i>Torque Producing Current</i> (00.013)
Magnetising Current (04.017)	Magnetising Current (04.017)
Output Frequency (00.011)	Output Frequency (00.011)
Output Voltage (05.002)	Output Voltage (05.002)
Output Power (05.003)	Output Power (05.003)
D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)	D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)
Analog Input 1 (07.001)	Analog Input 1 (07.001)

00.052	{11	.020}	Reset	Reset Serial Communications									
RW		Bit				Ν	D	NC					
OL													
RFC-A	€	Off (0) or On (1)						Off (0)					
RFC-S													

When Serial Address (00.037), Serial Mode (00.035), Serial Baud Rate (00.036), Minimum Comms Transmit Delay (11.026) or Silent Period (11.027) are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communications system. The new values are used after the next power-up or if Reset Serial Communications (00.052) is set to one. Reset Serial Communications (00.052) is automatically cleared to zero after the communications system is updated.

00.053	{04	.015}	Motor	Thern						
RW		Num							US	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}		1.0 to 3000.0 s			⊳	89.0 s			
RFC-S										

Pr **00.053** is the motor thermal time constant of the motor, and is used (along with the motor rated current Pr **00.046**, and total motor current Pr **00.012**) in the thermal model of the motor in applying thermal protection to the motor.

For further details, refer to section 8.3 *Motor thermal protection* on page 92.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running Optimizatio	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 77.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.046** *Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr **01.017**). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr **01.017** and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 60.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC – A mode (with speed feedback)	Induction motor with speed feedback
RFC - S mode (with speed and position feedback)	Permanent magnet motor with speed and position feedback

Speed feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z).
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z).
- SINCOS encoder (with, or without Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat, BiSS or SSI communications protocols).
- EnDat absolute encoder.
- BiSS absolute encoder.
- Resolver.

Speed and position feedback

Suitable devices are:

- Incremental encoder (A, B or F, D with or without Z) with commutation signals (U, V, W).
- Incremental encoder with forward and reverse outputs (F, R with or without Z) and commutation outputs (U, V, W).
- SINCOS encoder (with Stegmann Hiperface, EnDat, BiSS or SSI communications protocols)
- EnDat absolute encoder.
- BiSS absolute encoder.
- Resolver.

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User Security Status* (Pr **00.049**) and *User Security Code* (Pr **00.034**) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

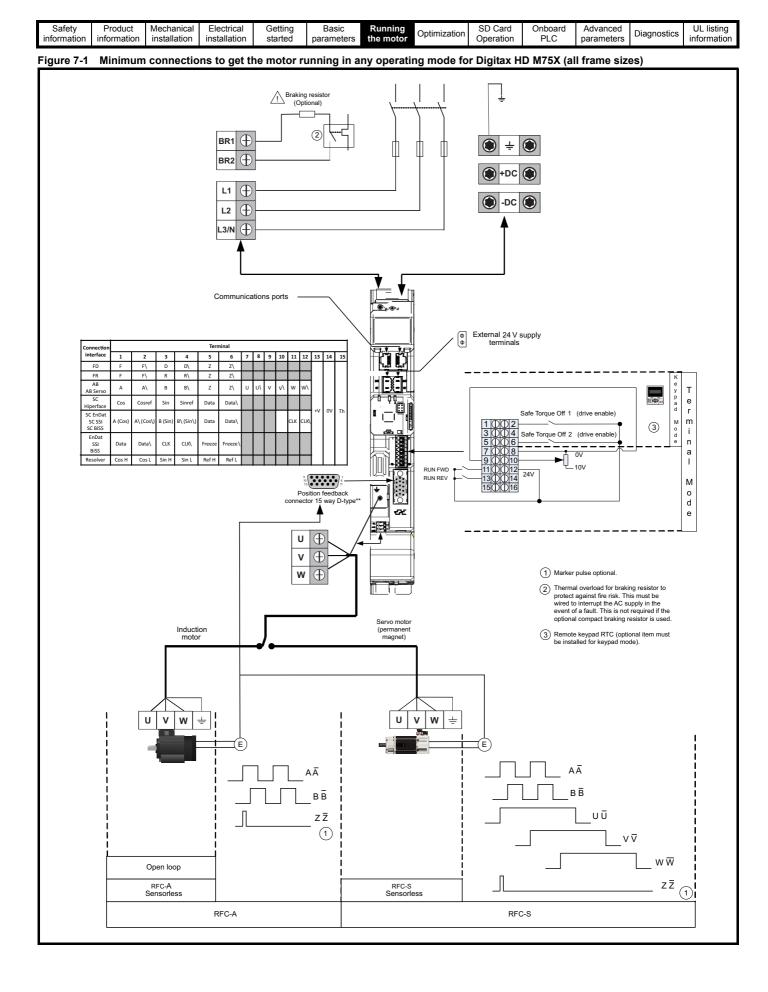
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
 - 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- Change the setting of Pr 00.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
00.048 † Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 \$ RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 \$ RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

3. Either:

- Press the red 😡 reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100 (ensure that Pr. mm.000 returns to 0).



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

7.3.1 **RFC-S** mode (with position feedback)

Permanent magnet motor with position feedback For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder with commutation outputs will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section 7.5 Setting up a feedback device on page 69.

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given. Motor and feedback device are connected. 	\times
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 39. Ensure: Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. 	[7]
Set motor feedback parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: • Drive encoder type in Pr. 03.038 = AB Servo (3): Quadrature encoder with commutation outputs. • Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. • Drive encoder Pulses Per Revolution in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) • Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039: 0 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled, Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 2 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) 	The second secon
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000pm
Motor thermistor set- up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). Motor thermistor fault detection is enabled as default, it can be deselected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Action						I	Detail					
Autotune	autotuu improv able to be at a measu • A s mo ax ca Se po • A f up po flu	ne is enabled red performa is a standstill be rement for p stationary au otor shaft. A easures the s is with no local culate the cu ensorless mo sistion feedba x axis, maxir aximum dead localated, and The rotati regardless revolution reference	J. A stationar nce as it mea tationary, rota fore an auto osition feedb totune can b stationary au stator resistan d on the mol urrent loop g de is not self ack. tune should a nical revolution tack phase an num deadtim time compen I at the end of ing autotune is of the refer n. The enable	y autotune y asures the a ating, mecha tune is enab ack phase a e used whe totune is pen- nce, inducta for and curre ains, and at ected then <i>F</i> only be used ons in the di gle. A statio is compens is ation of the test the will rotate the rence provice e signal mus	will give mod actual values anical load m oled. It is sug angle. In the motor is formed to lo ince in flux a ent at maxim the end of th <i>Position Feed</i> d if the motor rection select nary autotun ation, induct he motor. Fro e values in F the motor by is led. After a s st be remove	lerate perfor of the moto neasuremen igested that is loaded an ocate the flu xis, maximu um deadtim- te test the vi- dback Phase r is uncouple ted, regardl e is then per ance in torq m the above Pr 00.038 an up to 2 meci- hort delay, t d before the	2. The motor mance where r parameters t or locked ro a rotating aut d it is not pos x axis of the r m deadtime c e compensati alues in Pr 0 c Angle (00.0 ed. The rotatin ess of the ref formed to ob ue axis with r e obtained pa d Pr 00.039 a manical revolu- he motor is fu drive can be ing the run s	eas a rotatin required by tor test auto to tune is us suble to unc motor. The s compensatio ion of the mo 0.038 and Pr 43) is set-up ng autotune ference prov tain stator re no load on the rameters the are updated. utions in the urther rotate made to ru	g autotune v the drive. Th tune. The m ed for accur ouple the lo tationary au n, inductand tor. These 00.039 are o for the sele will rotate th ided to obta esistance, in e motor and c current loo	will give ne drive is notor must rate ad from the itotune ce in torque are used to updated. If ected he motor by in the ductance in d current at p gains are		0
	See se Re	ose the run s ose the drive le upper row ait for the driv lrive trips it c ection 12 <i>Dia</i> emove the dr	I for a stati signal (termin enable sign of the displa ve to display annot be res gnostics on p ive enabled a	al 11 or 13) al (terminal y will flash ' 'Ready' or ' et until the c page 192. and run sigr	2 & 6). Auto Tune' w Inhibit' and fo drive enable nal from the c	while the driv or the motor signal (term drive.	rotating autor e is performin to come to a inal 2 & 6) ha	ng the test. standstill. is been remo				
Save parameters		'Save Param outton or togg			-	ter a value	of 1001 in Pr	MM.000) an	id press red			
Run	Drive is	s now ready	to run								4	<u>_</u>

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7.3.2 RFC-S mode (Sensorless control) Permanent magnet motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given. Motor is connected. 	\times
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 39, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 5.8 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 39). Ensure: Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. 	
Select RFC-S (Sensorless control) mode and disable encoder wire- break trip	 Set Pr 03.024 = 1 or 3 to select RFC-S Sensorless mode Set Pr 03.040 = 0000 to disable the wire break 	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) 	Contraction of the second seco
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm). It is recommended that the ramp rates are increased from the default value of 0.200 s/1000 rpm. Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	
Set stop mode	Enter: • Set Stop Mode to Ramp in Pr 06.001	
Set hold zero speed	 Enter: Set Hold Zero Speed to Off (0) in Pr 06.008. 	
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance. A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests). Close the run signal (terminal 11 or 13). Close the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the test. 	R, E Ld E No-load Lq
	 Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) has been removed. See Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive. 	
Check Saliency	In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr 00.045 / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are two modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor. The ratio No-load Lq (Pr 00.056) / Ld (Pr 05.024) provides a measure of the saliency. If this value is > 1.1, then Injection (0) mode may be used. Current (2) mode may be used (but with limitations). If this value is < 1.1, then Current (2) mode must be used (this is the default of Pr 05.064).	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000) and press red (
Run	Drive is now ready to run	*

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7.3.3 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given. Motor is connected. 	X
Power-up the drive	 Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 39. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see section 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. 	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 11 or 13). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 192. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000) and press the red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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7.3.4 RFC - A mode (with position feedback)

Induction motor with position feedback

For simplicity only an incremental quadrature encoder will be considered here. For information on setting up one of the other supported speed feedback devices, refer to section 7.5 Setting up a feedback device on page 69.

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given Motor and feedback device are connected 	\times
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 39. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. 	
Set motor feedback parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Enter: • Drive encoder type in Pr 03.038 = AB (0): Quadrature encoder • Encoder power supply in Pr. 03.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0. Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. CAUTION • Drive encoder Lines Per Revolution (LPR) in Pr 03.034 (set according to encoder) • Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr 03.039: 0 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 1 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled, Z-Z\ termination resistors disabled 2 = A-A B-B Z-Z\ termination resistors enabled	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection 	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	1000rpm
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	— <u> </u>
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.	
Autotune	 A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 11 or 13). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	T Saturation Nm Nrpm

Safety information	Produ informa	()ntimization						Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Action Detail												
Save paran	arameters Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000) and press red									d		
Run Drive is now ready to run										r 💽		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

7.3.5 RFC-A mode (Sensorless control) Induction motor with sensorless control

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 2 & 6). Run signal is not given Motor is connected 	×
Power-up the drive	 Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>KI-Remote Keypad changing the operating mode</i> on page 39. Ensure: Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 192. 	Ţ
Select RFC-A (Sensorless control) mode and disable encoder wire- break trip	 Set Pr 03.024 = 1 or 3 to select RFC-A Sensorless mode Set Pr 03.040 = 0000 to disable the wire break 	
Enter motor nameplate details	 Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if ↓ or △ connection 	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm) 	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000rpm) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen). 	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor connection is made through the drive encoder port (terminal 15). The thermistor type is selected in <i>P1 Thermistor Type</i> (03.118). The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 03.123 . Refer to Pr 03.123 for further information.	— <u> </u>
Select or deselect catch a spinning motor mode	If catch a spinning motor mode is not required then set Pr 06.009 to 0. If catch a spinning motor mode is required then leave Pr 06.009 at the default of 1, but depending on the size of the motor the value in Pr 05.040 may need to be adjusted. Pr 05.040 defines a scaling function used by the algorithm that detects the speed of the motor. The default value of Pr 05.040 is 1 which is suitable for small motors (<4 kW). For larger motors the value in Pr 05.040 will need to be increased. Approximate values of Pr 05.040 for different motor sizes are as follows, 2 for 11 kW, 3 for 55 kW and 5 for 150 kW. If the value of Pr 05.040 is too large the motor may accelerate from standstill when the drive is enabled. If the value of this parameter is too small the drive will detect the motor speed as zero even if the motor is spinning.	
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2). A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune before rotating the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (terminal 2 & 6). The drive will display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'. Close the drive enable signal (terminal 10 r 13). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 192. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	Rs of the set of the s

Safety information	Prod informa	3 Optimization		Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information						
Action Detail													
Save parameters Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr MM.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr MM.000) and press red								ed					
Run Drive is now ready to run												•	}

7.4 Quick start commissioning / start-up using Connect

Connect is a Windows ${}^{\rm T\!M}$ based software commissioning / start-up tool for Digitax HD.

Connect can be downloaded from http://www.drive-setup.com/ctdownloads

Connect system requirements

- Windows 8, Windows 7 SP1, Windows Vista SP2, Windows XP SP3
- Minimum of 1280 x 1024 screen resolution with 256 colours
- Microsoft.Net Frameworks 4.0 (this is provided in the downloaded file)
- Note that you must have administrator rights to install Connect

Any previous copy of Connect should be uninstalled before proceeding with the installation (existing projects will not be lost).

7.4.1 Power-up the drive

1. Start Connect, and on the 'Project Management' screen select 'Scan serial RTU network' (M751 only when connected to the drive communication port or all variants when connecting via the KI-Compact 485 adaptor), 'Scan Ethernet network' (M750 only or M753 when using Ethernet over EtherCAT protocol) or 'Scan all connected drives'. This example uses the 'Scan serial RTU network' option.

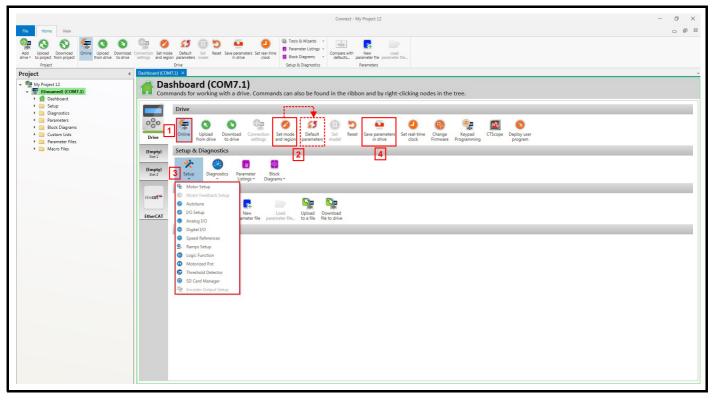
		Connect - Project System	- 0 ×
File Home View			
Add Upload Download drive to project from project Project	Project Management ×		
No project loaded.	Project Managemen	t s.	
	Create or Open a Project	Recent Projects	
	New project	1 My Project 6 -i= × 2 My Project 10 -i= × 3 My Project 10 -i= ×	
	Dpen	4 My Project 9 += × 5 My Project 8 += × 6 My Project 7 += ×	
	Build a Project from a Network of Drives	Z MyProject5 -i⊨ × 8 MyProject4 -i⊨ ×	
	Scan Ethernet network	2 My Project 2 -iii X	
	Scan Ethernet network via gateway/EoE	Web Links	
	Scan all connected drives	Release Notes Release Notes Advs.guides and troubleshooting Fieldbox Support Files	
	Scan serial RTU network	Se Control Techniques Website	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Select the discovered drive.

- 1. Select the 'Online' icon to connect with the drive. When a successful connection is made the icon will be highlighted blue.
- 2. Select 'Set mode and region'.
 - If the required control mode is highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog, then:
 - Change the supply frequency if required and select 'Apply', otherwise select 'Cancel'. •
 - If the required control mode is not highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog then:
 - Select the required mode and supply frequency.
 - Select 'Apply'.

Select 'Default parameters' from the Dashboard and in the 'Default Parameters' dialog, select 'Apply'.



3. Select 'Setup' and perform the steps highlighted:

Action	Detail
Motor set-up	Connect contains a database for induction motors and permanent magnet motors. Provision is also made to enter motor nameplate data.
	This only needs to be performed in RFC-S and RFC-A (with feedback) modes. Enter the encoder type and encoder configuration data as prompted on screen.
Motor feedback set-up	NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is > 5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr 03.039 to 0.
	Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device.
Speed references	Enter preset speeds or a jog reference if required.
Ramps set-up	Enter the required Acceleration rate and Deceleration rate. Note: If a braking resistor is installed, set 'Ramp mode' to 'Fast'. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen.
I/O set-up	Map I/O terminals to parameters (where non default configuration is required).
Analog I/O	Configure Analog input 1 and thermal monitoring parameters (where non default configuration is required).
Digital I/O	Allocate non default digital control functions to digital terminals where necessary.
Autotune	Follow the Autotune set up wizard to automatically tune the drive to the motor. NOTE Not required when using data from the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode. To drive to porform a parameter save. The drive is new ready to run.

ameters in drive' to perform a parameter save. The drive is now ready to run.

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7.5 Setting up a feedback device

7.5.1 P1 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with P1 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Parameter	AB, FD, FR, AB Servo, SC, SC Servo, SC SC FD Servo, FR Servo	SC Hiperface	SC EnDat	SC BiSS	SC SSI	SSI	EnDat	BiSS	Resolver
P1 Marker Mode (03.031)	\checkmark								
P1 Rotary Turns Bits (03.033)		•	•	•	✓	✓	•	٠	
P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.034)	✓	•	•	•	✓				
P1 Comms Bits (03.035)		•	•	•	✓	✓	•	٠	
P1 Supply Voltage (03.036)*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	
P1 Comms Baud Rate (03.037)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	
P1 Device Type (03.038)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
P1 Auto-configuration Select (03.041)		✓	✓	✓			 ✓ 	√	
P1 SSI Binary Mode (03.048)					✓	✓			
P1 Calculation time (03.060)							✓	✓	
P1 Resolver Poles (03.065)									✓
P1 Resolver Excitation (03.066)									✓
P1 Additional Configuration (03.074)				•				٠	

 \checkmark Information required to be entered by the user.

• Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration parameter. Must be set by the user if auto-configuration is disabled (i.e. Pr 03.041 = Disabled (0)).

* Pr 03.036: If the output voltage from the encoder is > 5 V, then termination resistors must be disabled by setting Pr 03.039 to 0.

Table 7-3 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

		etting arted	Basic parameter	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
7.5.2 P1 position interface Standard quadrature encoder with or Sincos encoder with or without UV Sincos encoder with absolute posit	r without V commut on from s	comn ation ingle	nutation si signals sin and co	gnals (A, B sine signal	, Z or A, B, Z s	Z, U, V, W),	or	ormatior	1	
Device Type (03.038)	AB Serv SC (6) fo SC Serv	o (3) 1 or a Si o (12)	for a quadr ncos encoc for a Since	ature encod ler without c os encoder v	out commuta er with comm commutation with commuta a absolute po	nutation signals *	nals s	nd cosine s	ignals	
Supply Voltage (03.036) 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2) NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039 to 0.										
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set to the number of lines or sine waves per revolution of the encoder.									
<i>Termination Select (03.039)</i> (AB or AB Servo only)	 0 = A, B, Z termination resistors disabled 1 = A, B termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled 2 = A, B, Z termination resistors enabled 									
	3 2	Bit 1	0			Descr	iption			
	x x	х	1 No ac	tion is taken	unless mark	ker flag is zo	ero before r	narker ever	nt occurs	
Marker Mode (03.031)	x x	1	X Pr 03	028 and Pr	03.058 are s	et to zero				
···· (····-·/	x 1	x	x		029, Pr 03.03 ferred to Pr 0		•		8 are not re	set.
	1 x	x	x		egion range i I if the pulse i			/ to 30 mV.	The marker	pulse
Error Detection Level (03.040)	3 2	Bit 1	0			Descr	iption			
	x x	х	1 Enabl	e wire break	detection					
	1 x	х	X Disab	le trips Enco	oder 1 to Enc	oder 6				

* These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Incremental encoder with Frequency signals.	and I	Direc	ction	(F a	nd D) or Forward and Reverse (CW and CCW) signals with or without commutation						
		• •			ncy and direction signals without commutation signals*						
Device Type (03.038)	FR (3) for forward and reverse signals without commutation signals*FD Servo (4) for frequency and direction signals with commutation signals										
					forward and reverse signals with commutation signals						
	5 V	(0), 8	8 V (1) or	15 V (2)						
Supply Voltage (03.036)	NOT	ſE									
	If ou to 0	•	volta	age f	rom the encoder is > 5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled. Set Pr 03.039						
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.034)	Set	to th	ie nu	mbe	r of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2.						
Termination Select (03.039)	1 =	F or	CW,	D or	r CCW, Z termination resistors disabled r CCW termination resistors enabled and Z termination resistors disabled CCW, Z termination resistors enabled						
	3		Bit 1	0	Description						
	х	Х	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs						
Marker Mode (03.031)	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.028 and Pr 03.058 are set to zero						
		1	x	x	Pr 03.028, Pr 03.029, Pr 03.030 and the related part of Pr 03.058 are not reset. Pr 03.058 is transferred to Pr 03.059 and Pr 03.032 is set to 1.						
	1	x	x	x	Undefined state region range is reduced from -30 mV to 30 mV. The marker pulse						
		Â	~	~	is only recognized if the pulse is 10 μs wide.						
Error Detection Level (03.040)	3		Bit 1	0	Description						
	х	Х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection						
	^			1 x x X Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 7							

* These settings should only be used in RFC-A mode. If used in RFC-S mode a phase offset test must be performed after every power up.

Absolute Sincos encoder with Hipe Absolute EnDat or BiSS communica					serial communication, or								
	SC H	iper	face	(7) f	or a Sincos encoder with Hiperface serial com	nmunications							
	EnDa	at (8)) for a	an Ei	Dat communications only encoder								
Device Type (03.038)		SC EnDat (9) for a Sincos encoder with EnDat serial communications											
	BiSS (13) for an BiSS communications only encoder												
	SC B	iSS	(17)	for a	Sincos encoder with BiSS serial communicat	ions							
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5 V ((D), 8	V (1)) or 1	5 V (2)								
			•		is enabled at default and automatically sets u	ip the following parameters.							
Auto configuration Salast (02.011)	Rotary Turns Bits (03.033) Rotary Lines Per Revolutions (03.034)												
Auto-configuration Select (03.041)		Comms Bits (03.035)											
	These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.041 is set to Disabled (0).												
Comms Baud Rate (03.037)					, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M								
		I	Bit		Description								
	3	2	1	0									
Error Detection Level (03.040)	Х	Х	Х	1	Enable wire break detection								
	х	x x 1 x Enable phase error detection											
	1	1 X X X Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 6											
	So fo	r exa	ample	e, to	enable the wire break and phase error detect	ion, set Pr 03.040 to 0011.							

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SSI (10) for a SSI communications only encoder. SC SSI (11) for a Sincos encoder with SSI serial communications.										
, ,										
Set the number of	sine waves per revolution of the encoder.									
Off = Gray Code On = Binary Mode	5									
Set to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is normally 12 bits for a SSI encoder)										
Total number of bits of position information (this is usually 25 bits for a SSI encoder)										
100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M										
Bit 3 2 1 0	Description									
x x x 1	Enable wire break detection	1								
x x 1 x	Enable phase error detection									
x 1 x x	Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor									
1 x x x	Disable trips Encoder 1 to Encoder 6									
	SC SSI (11) for a S 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or Set the number of Off = Gray Code On = Binary Mode Set to the number Total number of bit 100 k, 200 k, 300 l Bit 3 2 1 0 x x 1 x x 1 x x 1 x	SC SSI (11) for a Sincos encoder with SSI serial communications5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2)Set the number of sine waves per revolution of the encoder.Off = Gray Code On = Binary ModeSet to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is normally 12Total number of bits of position information (this is usually 25 bits 1100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 MBit DescriptionDescriptionxx1xx1x1xEnable wire break detectionx1xx1xx1xx1xEnable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor								

UVW commutation signal only encoders*		
Device Type (03.038)	Commutation Only (16) for a quadrature encoder with commutation signals*	
Supply Voltage (03.036)	5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2)	
Error Detection Level (03.040)	Set to zero to disable wire break detection	

* This feedback device provides very low resolution feedback and should not be used for applications requiring a high level of performance.

Due to the low resolution of UVW communication only encoders, it is recommended that the *P1 Feedback Filter* (03.042) is set to its maximum value. A value of 1 ms to 2 ms may also be required in the *Current Reference Filter* (00.017) and it is also recommended that the speed loop gains are set to a low value to obtain stable operation.

Resolver		
Device Type (03.038)	Resolver (14)	
Resolver Poles (03.065)	Set number of Resolver poles 2 poles (1) to 20 poles (10)	
Resolver Excitation (03.066)	Set Resolver excitation voltage and frequency 6 kHz 3V (0), 8 kHz 3V (1), 6 kHz 2V (2), 8 kHz 2V (3)	
Error Detection Level (03.040)	Bit Description	
	3 2 1 0	
	x x 1 Enable wire break detection	
	1 X X X Disable trips <i>Encoder 1</i> to <i>Encoder 6</i>	
	So for example, to enable the wire break error detection, set Pr 03.040 to 0001.	

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7.5.3 P2 position interface

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use each of the compatible feedback device types with the P2 position interface on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*. If the position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface is required to be used for motor control feedback then Pr **03.026** will need to be set to P2 Drive (1).

Parameter	AB, FD, FR	EnDat	SSI	BiSS
P2 Marker Mode (03.131)	\checkmark			
P2 Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)		•	•	•
P2 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.134)	✓	•	•	•
P2 Comms Bits (03.135)		•	•	•
P2 Comms Baud Rate (03.137)		✓	✓	✓
P2 Device Type (03.138)	✓	✓	✓	✓
P2 Auto-configuration Select (03.141)		✓		✓

 \checkmark Information required to be entered by the user.

• Parameter can be set-up automatically by the drive through auto-configuration. Parameter must be set by the user if auto-configuration is disabled (i.e. Pr 03.141 = Disabled (0)).

The P2 position interface does not have its own independent power supply output. Therefore, any position feedback device connected to the P2 position interface must either share the P1 power supply output on pin 13 of the 15-way D-type, or be supplied from an external source.

NOTE

The termination resistors are always enabled on the P2 position interface. Wire break detection is not available when using AB, FD or FR position feedback device types on the P2 position interface.

Table 7-4 shows a summary of the parameters required to set-up each feedback device. More detailed information follows.

Standard quadrature encoder (A, B, Z)									
Device Type (03.138)	AB (1) for a quadrature encoder								
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)		Set to the number of lines per revolution of the encoder							
	Bit				Description				
	3	3 2 1 0		0	Description				
	х	х	х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs				
Marker Mode (03.131)	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero				
	х	1	x	x	Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.				
	1	Х	х	х	This Bit in has no effect.				

Incremental encoder with Frequency and Direction (F and D), or Forward and Reverse (CW and CCW) signals										
Device Type (03.138)		FD (2) for frequency and direction signals without commutation signals FR (3) for forward and reverse signals without commutation signals								
Rotary Line Per Revolution (03.134)		Set to the number of pulses per revolution of the encoder divided by 2.								
	Bit				Description					
	3 2 1 0		Description							
	х	х	Х	1	No action is taken unless marker flag is zero before marker event occurs.					
Marker Mode (03.131)	х	х	1	х	Pr 03.128 and Pr 03.158 are set to zero.					
	x	1	x	x	Pr 03.128, Pr 03.129, Pr 03.130 and the related part of Pr 03.158 are not reset. Pr 03.158 is transferred to Pr 03.159 and Pr 03.132 is set to 1.					
	1	х	х	х	This Bit in has no effect.					

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Absolute EnDat communication of Absolute BiSS coomunication only	
Device Type (03.138)	EnDat (4) for an EnDat communications only encoder BiSS (6) for a BiSS communication only encoder
Auto-configuration Select (03.141)	Auto-configuration is enabled at default and automatically sets up the following parameters: <i>Rotary Turns Bits</i> (03.133) <i>Comms Bits</i> (03.135) These parameters can be entered manually when Pr 03.141 is set to Disabled (0).
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description 3 2 1 0 1 x x x Disable trips Encoder 4 to Encoder 6

Absolute SSI communications o	nly encoder				
Device Type (03.138)	SSI (5) for a SSI communications only encoder				
SSI Binary Mode (03.148)	Off (0) = Gray Code On (1) = Binary Mode				
Rotary Turns Bits (03.133)	Set to the number of turns bits for the encoder (this is usually 12 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)				
Comms Bits (03.135)	Total number of bits of position information for the encoder (this is usually 25 bits for a multi-turn SSI encoder)				
Comms Baud Rate (03.137)	100 k, 200 k, 300 k, 400 k, 500 k, 1 M, 1.5 M, 2 M, 4 M				
Error Detection Level (03.140)	Bit Description				
Endi Delection Level (03.140)	x 1 x x Enable SSI power supply alarm bit monitor				
	1 X X Disable trips Encoder 4 to Encoder 6				

7.6 Encoder Simulation Output Set-up

The drive supports four modes of encoder simulation output.

- Hardware mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- Software mode Incremental signals (AB, FD, FR)
- Software mode Ratio
- Software mode Absolute SSI data

The availability of the encoder simulation output on the 15-way D-type on the drive is dependent on the type of feedback device connected to the P1 position interface. See Table 4-8 on page 25 for more information on the availability of the encoder simulation output. The status of the encoder simulation output can be seen in *Encoder Simulation Status* (03.086) as follows:

- None (0) The encoder simulation output is not enabled or is not available
- Full (1) Full encoder simulation with marker output is available
- No Marker (2) Encoder simulation without marker output is available

This section shows the parameter settings which must be made to use the encoder simulation output on the drive. For more information on the parameters listed here please refer to the Parameter Reference Guide.

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7.6.1 Hardware mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

Hardware mode provides incremental signals derived via hardware from the P1 position feedback interface on the drive, with negligible delay. The supported incremental output signals are AB, FD and FR. Hardware mode only produces an output when the input device connected to the P1 position interface is AB, FD, FR, SC, SC Hiperface, SC EnDat or SC SSI type devices. It should be noted that with a SINCOS source device the output is based on the zero crossings of the sine wave inputs and does not include interpolation.

Hardware mode set-up	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	This parameter must be set to 03.029 to select the P1 position interface as the source.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Hardware (0)
Encoder Simulation Hardware Divider (03.089)	This parameter defines the divider ratio between the device connected to the P1 position feedback interface and the output. 0 = 1/1 1 = 1/2 2 = 1/4 3 = 1/8 4 = 1/16 5 = 1/32 6 = 1/64 7 = 1/128
Encoder Simulation Hardware Marker Lock (03.090)	 0 = The marker output is derived directly from the marker input 1 = The incremental output signals are adjusted on each marker event so that the A and B are high with an AB type output, or F is high with an FD or FR type output
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	 AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

7.6.2 Software mode - Incremental signals (AB, FD, or FR)

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 μ s which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). For incremental output signals, the resolution of the output can be defined by either selecting the required output lines per revolution or by an output ratio.

Lines per revolution

The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092).

AB quadrature output signals, software mode setup – Lines per revolution							
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.						
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)						
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output lines per revolution. The maximum output lines per revolution are 16384.						
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals						

Frequency and Direction or Forward and Reverse output signals, software mode setup – Lines per revolution						
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.					
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Lines Per Rev (1)					
Encoder Simulation Output Lines Per Revolution (03.092)	Set to the required output pulse per revolution divided by 2. For example if 2000 pulses per revolution is required, set this parameter to 1000.					
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals					

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Ratio

In ratio mode the resolution of the input source is based on a 16 bit position feedback device (i.e. equivalent to an AB quadrature encoder with a resolution of 16384 lines per revolution). The output resolution of the encoder simulation output is defined by the ratio of *Encoder Simulation Numerator* (03.093) and *Encoder Simulation Denominator* (03.094).

AB quadrature output signals, software mode Frequency and Direction or Forward and Rev	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source. Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of Ratio (2)
Encoder Simulation Numerator (03.093) and Encoder Simulation Denominator (03.094)	Set these two parameters to give the required output ratio.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	 AB/Gray (0) for a AB quadrature output signals FD/Binary (1) for Frequency and Direction output signals FR/Binary (2) for Forward and Reverse output signals

Software mode - Absolute SSI data

In software mode the encoder simulation output is derived via software from the selected source with a minimum delay of 250 μ s which may be extended with *Encoder Simulation Sample Period* (03.087). In SSI output mode drive will simulate an SSI encoder, where the number of bits and the format of the position message can be adjusted.

Absolute SSI data, software mode setup	
Encoder Simulation Source (03.085)	Set to the parameter number of the position source. Pr 03.029 to use the P1 position interface on the drive as the source. Pr 03.129 to use the P2 position interface on the drive as the source. This parameter can be set to any other valid position reference generated by the drive or an option module.
Encoder Simulation Mode (03.088)	Set to a value of SSI (3)
Encoder Simulation SSI Turns Bits (03.096)	Set to the number of bits representing the number of turns in the position message.
Encoder Simulation SSI Comms Bits (03.097)	Set to the number bits in the whole position message.
Encoder Simulation Output Mode (03.098)	 AB/Gray (0) for position data in Gray code format FD/Binary (1) or FR/Binary (2) for position data in binary format

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Optimization 8

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

REC-S mode 8.1.1

Ρ

8.1.1	RFC-S mode	
Permane	nt magnet motor with Position feedback	
Pr 00.046	{05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
Currer	rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous on the limits (see section 8.2 <i>Current limits</i> on page 92, for more inform thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 <i>Motor thermal protect</i>)	,
	{05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The numb		tions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be
Pr 00.040	{05.012} Autotune	
dependent • Station The station the necess be able to to measure No Load L The Staton If sensorle	t parameters. hary Autotune hary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not pu sary parameters for basic control. During the stationary autotune, a calculate such an accurate value for the Position Feedback Phase e Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Co. q (05.072). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Resistance (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up (05 ss mode is not selected then Position Feedback Phase Angle (00.1)	e, a rotating autotune, mechanical load measurement tests to measure load besible uncouple the load from motor shaft. This test can be used to measure all test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. However this test may not Angle (00.043) as compared to rotating autotune. A stationary test is performed mpensation (05.059), Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060), Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). Current controller Kp Gain (00.038) and Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). 043) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with
and 6) and • Rotatin The rotatin parameter During the required di interface s Maximum and Ld (05 so the use	a run signal (terminal 11 or 13). <i>ng Autotune</i> g autotune must be performed on unloaded motor. This test can be s for cancelling the effects of the cogging torque. rotating autotune, <i>Rated Current</i> (00.046) is applied and the moto irection. If sensorless mode is not selected then the <i>Position Feedl</i> elected with <i>Motor Control Feedback Select</i> (03.026). A stationary <i>Deadtime Compensation</i> (05.059), <i>Current At Maximum Deadtime</i> .024) are used to set up <i>Current Controller Kp Gain</i> (00.038) and	et Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 e used to measure all the necessary parameters for the basic control and r is rotated by 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. up to 2 mechanical revolutions) in the pack Phase Angle (00.043) is set-up for the position from the position feedback test is then performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), Compensation (05.060) and No Load Lq (05.072). Stator Resistance (05.017) Current Controller Ki Gain (00.039). This is only done once during the test, and uired. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive b).
• Mecha	anical load measurement test using signal injection	
The mecha speed defi parameter as the defa speed con level of the Load Test of 500 rpm flux weake necessary presence of	anical load measurement test using signal injection, measures the ned by the present speed reference and injecting a series of speed s (including <i>Torque Per Amp</i> (05.032)) have been set-up correctly ault values, so that the motor is stable when it runs. The test meass troller gains and in producing a torque feed-forward term. If <i>Mecha</i> injection signal will be 1 % of the maximum speed reference subje <i>Level</i> (05.021) should be set to a non-zero value to define the level n. The user defined speed reference which defines the speed of the ening to become active. In some cases, however it is possible to pe to increase the test signal from the default value. The test will give of mechanical damping. This test should be used if possible, howe an alternative test is provided (<i>Autotune</i> (00.040) = 4) where a serie	mechanical characteristic of the motor and load by rotating the motor at the I test signals. This test should only be used provided all the basic control and the speed controller parameters should be set to conservative levels, such ures the motor and load inertia, which can be used in automatic set-up of the <i>nical Load Test Level</i> (05.021) is left at its default value of zero then the peak ect to a maximum of 500 rpm. If a different test level is required then <i>Mechanical</i> as a percentage of the maximum speed reference, again subject to a maximum motor should be set to a level higher than the test level, but not high enough for from the test at zero speed provided the motor is free to move, but it may be the correct results when there is a static load applied to the motor and in the ver for sensorless mode, or if the speed controller cannot be set up for stable s of torque levels are applied to accelerate and decelerate the motor to measure
1. th To perform	A rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with is speed is maintained for the duration of the test. <i>Motor And Load</i>	the currently selected ramps up to the currently selected speed reference, and <i>Inertia</i> (03.018) and <i>Inertia Times 1000</i> (04.033) are set up. th an enable signal (terminal 2 and 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
Auto-tune is likely to of rated to to reach th be reached by setting is allowed achieve th 1. 2.	test 3 should normally be used for mechanical load measurement, give incorrect results if standard ramp mode is active. A series of p rque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x Rated Speed (00.045) to be required speed within 5s, but if this fails the next torque level is u d, but if this is unsuccessful, a trip is initiated. To reduce the time ta Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the for the motor to reached the required speed. It should be noted that e required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is The motor is accelerated in the required direction up to 3/4 of the The test is repeated with progressively higher torques until the rec	maximum speed reference and then decelerated to zero speed. Juired speed is reached. In set up. To perform this autotune test, set Pr 00.040 to 4 and provide the drive

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Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The proportional gain (Pr 00.038) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Speed loop gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {03.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

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Spee	<u>d lo</u> op	<u>qains (c</u>	ont) (Pr 00.	.007 {03.010	0}, Pr 00.0	08 {03.011},	Pr 00.009	{ <u>03.012}</u>)					
		-				ependant on th							
setting	g of Pr (3.017 :											7
		7 = 0, Use	•										
			onnecting of feedback.	an oscillosc	ope to anai	log output 1 to	C	Spee	ed demand				
		•		speed refer	ence and n	nonitor the				I			
			ve on the os										
	• •	0	/	•		ne value shou		Insu	fficient propo	rtional	\frown		
		d up to the	point where	the speea c	overshoots	and then redu	uced		[00.007]	/	`	\backslash	
	ightly. he intea	ıral oain (k	Ki) should th	en be increa	sed up to th	he point wher	e the			/			
	•	. .	,	hen reduced	•	10 point	00			Δ	^ .		
		•			•	n to a higher		Exce	essive propor	tional	\sim		
	•		ould be repe as shown.	eated until th	e system re	esponse mato	ches		[00.007]		\	•	
		•		of incorrect P	and I gain	settings as we	ell as			1	\	\sim	
th	ne ideal	response			unit of					6	\sim	,	
			dwidth set-u	•					essive integra	il gain	- \		
			•	quired, the di et up correctl		lculate Kp and	d Ki if	[00.0	008]		\	-	
L.		•••	equired band	•	у.					,	``	\sim	
	Pr 03	8. 021 - Re	quired damp	oing factor,									
-			otor and load					Idea	I response				
				sure the moto		l inertia by (see <i>Autotune</i>	<u>-</u>			1	Ĺ		
		0	n this table).		lautotune	(See Autoluin	-						
3. P	r 03.017	7 = 2, Con	npliance ang	le set-up			5	Pr 03.017 =	1-6				
						can calculate	e KD	Speed Control		Method (03.0	017) is set to	a value from	n 4 to 6 the
a				ers are set up pliance angle			S	beed Controlle	er Proportio	onal Gain Kp	1 (03.010) aı	nd Speed Co	ntroller
			equired damp	•	,			tegral Gain Ki	• • •			•	
						e made to mea	asure o	ven in the table w, standard or			lactor of un	ity. These se	uings give
				by performing arlier in this	•	nical load auto	otune	Speed Contr	<u> </u>				
4. P			gains times 1		table).			Set-up Met		Performa	ince	Bandwidth	n
	•		•	. ,	= 3 the sel	lected proport	ional	(03.017)				
ga	ain useo	d by the di	rive is multip	lied by 16.				4	L	.OW	5	Hz	
								5	S	Standard	25	5 Hz	
								6	F	ligh	1(00 Hz	
							6.	Pr 03.017 = 7					
								Speed Controll					
								oportional Gaii				-	
								d Speed Conti e a closed-loo				. ,	•
								der system wit					
								$w = 2\pi \times Banc$	•	,			
								eaningless, and ve no effect.	a Damping	g ractor (03.0	21) and Con	npliance Ang	ie (03.019)
							na	ve no cheel.					

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8.1.2 RFC-S Sensorless mode

Permanent magnet motor without Position feedback

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

· Current limits (see section 8.2 Current limits on page 92, for more information)

• Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.3 Motor thermal protection on page 92, for more information)

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of electrical revolutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be set correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When Pr **00.042** is set to "Automatic" the number of poles is 6.

Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless mode, a stationary autotune and an inertia measurement test.

• Stationary Autotune (Pr 00.040 {05.012} = 1)

The stationary autotune can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. The tests measures *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024), *No Load Lq* Pr **00.056** {05.072}, *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060). If *Enable Stator Compensation* (05.049) = 1 then *Stator Base Temperature* (05.048) is made equal to *Stator Temperature* (05.046). *The Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Ld* (05.024) are then used to set up *Current controller Kp Gain* Pr **00.038** {04.013} and *Current Controller Ki Gain* Pr **00.039** {04.014}. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

• Rotating Autotune (Pr **00.040** {**05.012**} = 2)

In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.040 = 2), then a stationary autotune is performed.

• Inertia measurement test (Pr 00.040 {05.012} = 4)

NOTE: It is not possible to perform this test if, after autotune, the ratio No load Lq Pr 00.056 {05.072} / Ld (05.024) < 1.1 and Pr 00.054 {05.064} has been set to Non-salient.

The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. The test may give inaccurate results, if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor, or if standard ramp mode is active. During the inertia measurement test a series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x *Rated Speed* Pr **00.045** {**05.008**} to determine the inertia from the acceleration/ deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsucessful an Autotune trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor quickly enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (on terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 & 6, setting the drive Enable Parameter (06.015) to Off (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The proportional gain Pr **00.038 {04.013}** is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependent on the setting of Pr 03.017.

NOTE: In sensorless mode, the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less for stable operation.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-S Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017:

1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

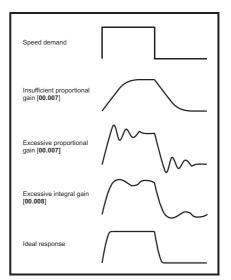
If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table).

4. Pr **03.017** = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr 03.017 = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 Pr 00.007 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 Pr 00.008 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz

6. Pr 03.017 = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 Pr **00.007** {**03.010**}, Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 Pr **00.008** {**03.011**} and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 Pr **00.009** {**03.012**} are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (st + 1), where t= 1/wbw and wbw = 2p x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
8.1.3	Open lo	op moto	r control									
Pr 00.046	{05.007} R	ated Curre	nt			Def	ines the max	imum con	tinuous n	notor curre	nt	
 Currer Motor Vector Slip co 	nt limits (see thermal over mode voltag	section 8.2 (rload protection ge control (se (see <i>Enable</i>)	Current limits ion (see sect ee Open Loo	s on page 9 tion 8.3 <i>Mo</i> op Control N	2, for more in	formation) o <i>tection</i> on), later in th	the motor. Th page 92, for n is table)			s used in the	following:	
Pr 00.044	{05.009} R	ated Voltag	ye			Def	ines the volt	age applie	d to the m	otor at rate	ed frequenc	су.
Pr 00.047	{05.006} R	ated Frequ	ency			Def	ines the freq	uency at v	vhich rate	d voltage is	s applied	
define the Loop Cont (00.047) is	voltage to fre rol Mode (00 also used in	equency cha 0.007), later in n conjunction	racteristic ap n this table). with the mo	plied to the The <i>Rated</i> tor rated sp	047) are used e motor (see (<i>Frequency</i> beed to calcul 045), later in t	Open ate		Output voltage Pr 00.044 Pr 00.044 / 2	Output voltage			
Pr 00.045	{05.008} <i>R</i>	ated Speed	ł			Def	ines the full	load rated	speed of	the motor		
Pr 00.042	{05.011} N	umber Of N	Notor Poles	;		Def	ines the num	ber of mo	tor poles			
The motor	rated speed	and the nun	nber of poles	are used v	with the motor	rated frequ	ency to calcul	ate the rate	d slip of inc	luction mach	ines in Hz.	
Rated	slip (Hz) = N	Notor rated fr	requency - (N	lumber of p	oole pairs x [N	lotor rated	speed / 60]) =	00.047 =	$\left(\frac{00.042}{2} \times \right)$	<u>00.045</u>) 60		
value, which nameplate compensa	ch should giv value may b tion is norma	ve the correction of the corre	t rpm for a he Slip compe orrect for the	ot machine ensation wil e motor spe	. Sometimes Il operate corr ed to prevent	it will be new ectly both b speed vari	o compensatio cessary to adju elow base spe ation with load with mechanic	ust this whe eed and with I. The rated	n the drive hin the field load rpm c	is commissio -weakening	oned becaus region. Slip	e the
number of	motor poles	is automatic	ally calculate	ed from the	rated frequer	ncy Pr 00.0 4	a given output 17 , and the mo	otor rated sp	eed Pr 00.		to 'Automatic	², the
		,		r (00.047) /	Rated Speed		ounded to the					
	{05.010} <i>R</i>						ines the ang			•		
Rated Curr drive, and measure th	rent (00.046) the magnetis he motor rate), to calculate sing current i ed power fac	e the rated a s used in veo	ctive currer	nt and magne stator resistan	tising currer ce compen:	otor voltage an nt of the motor sation. It is imp une (Pr 00.040	The rated	active curre this parame	ent is used e	xtensively to	control the
Pr 00.040	{05.012} A	utotune										
	two autotune value of pow		•	•		and a rotatir	ig test. A rotati	ing autotune	e should be	used whene	ever possible	so the
the Sta Comp The st	ator Resistan ensation (05 ationary auto	nce (05.017), .060) which a ptune does n	, <i>Transient In</i> are required ot measure t	<i>ductance</i> (for good pe he power fa	05.024), <i>Max</i> erformance in actor of the m	<i>imum Dead</i> vector cont otor so the	ble to remove t time Compens rol modes (se value on the m able signal (te	ation (05.08 e Open Loo otor namep	59) and Cu p Control N late must b	rrent At Maxi 1ode (00.007 e entered int	<i>imum Deadtii</i> /), later in this o Pr 00.043 .	me s table). To perform
perform mainta calcula	med in which ained at that	n the motor is level for 4 se ower Factor (s accelerated conds. <i>State</i> 05.010). To p	d with curre	ntly selected ce (05.025) is	ramps up to measured	otune first perfo a frequency o and this value 00.040 to 2, an	of <i>Rated Fre</i> is used in c	equency (08 conjunction	5.006) x 2/3, with other m	and the free otor paramet	luency is ters to
can be ma	de to run at t	the required	reference. Th	ne drive ca	n be put in to	a controlled	e drive must b disable condit rol Word (06.0	tion by remo	oving the Sa	afe Torque O	off signal from	

Safety informationProduct installationMechanical installationElectrical istallationGetting startedBasic parametersRunning the motorOptimizationSD Card OperationOnboard Advanced parametersAdvanced parametersUL

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Rated Power Factor* (00.043), *Stator Resistance* (05.017) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 00.040 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

(0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameter for the selected motor map is over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(1) **Ur** = The stator resistance is not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.

(3) **Ur_Auto** = The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Open Loop Control Mode* (00.007), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode changes to Ur mode but *Stator Resistance* (05.017) is not updated.

(4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode (cont)

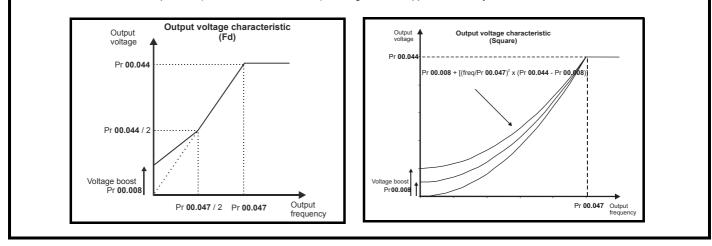
Fixed boost

The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by parameter Pr **00.008**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

(2) Fixed = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to Rated Frequency (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.

(5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

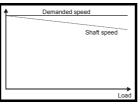
For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0Hz to ½ x Pr 00.047) a voltage boost is applied defined by Pr 00.008 as shown below:



		-								-	-	
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.045** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr **00.045**, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr **00.045**, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6 pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
8.1.4 Induction	RFC-A r motor wi	node ith Positio	n feedbad	:k								
Pr 00.046	{05.007} <i>M</i>	otor Rated	Current			Def	ines the max	kimum mot	tor continu	uous curre	nt	
CurrenMotor t	t limits (see	section 8.2 0	Current limits	on page 9	2, for more ir	formation).	of the motor. page 92, for r			t is used in th	ne following:	
Pr 00.044	{05.009} R	ated Voltag	le			Def	ines the volt	age applie	d to the m	otor at rate	ed frequend	сy
Pr 00.047	{05.006} R	ated Frequ	ency			Def	ines the frec	luency at v	vhich rate	d voltage is	applied	
define the v Loop Contr frequency is	voltage to fre ol Mode (00 s also used	equency char .007), detaile in conjunctio	racteristic ap ed in section on with the m	plied to the 8.1.3). The otor rated s	047) are used motor (see 6 motor rated speed to calc d (00.045), la	Open ulate ter in	P	Pr 00.044 / 2 · · · ·	Pr 00.047 / 2		Output frequency	
		ated Speed					ines the full			the motor		
Pr 00.042	{05.011} N	umber Of N	lotor Poles	;		Def	ines the nur	nber of mo	tor poles			
Incorrect se Reduce Reduce Inaccur The namep value is ina (see Rated	etting of this ed efficiency ion of maxir ed transient rate control of late value is ccurate. Eith Speed Opti	parameter h of motor op- num torque a performance of absolute to normally the ner a fixed va misation Sele	as the follow eration available from orque in torq e value for a alue can be e ect (00.033),	ing effects: m the motor ue control r hot motor; entered in th later in this	nodes however, sor his paramete s table).	ne adjustme r or an optir	ent may be ren nization syste	quired when m may be u	the drive is sed to autor	commissior natically adj	ned if the nar ust this para	meplate meter
Speed (00. Number of	,	x (Motor Ra	ted Frequen	cv (00 047)	/ Motor Rate	d Sneed (00	.045) rounded	to the near	est even ni	umber		
		ed Power Fa		e, (00.0411			ines the ang				nd current	
The power then the po currents of is continuou	factor is the wer factor is the motor, w usly written v	true power f used in con hich are use	actor of the junction with din the vect	the motor a	Rated Currer Igorithm. If th	ween the mo nt (00.046) a ne stator ind	otor voltage a and other mot uctance has a e can be meas	nd current. I or paramete a non-zero va	f the <i>Stator</i> rs to calcula alue this pa	Inductance (ate the rated rameter is no	05.025) is so active and n ot used by th	et to zero nagnetising e drive, but

Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Opting	timization SD Card Operation PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary autotune, a rotating autotune, two mechanical load measurement tests. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A mechanical load measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (00.047) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The *Motor Rated Power Factor* (00.043) is also modified by the *Stator Inductance* (05.025). The No-Load motor core losses are measured and written to *No-Load Core Losses* (04.045). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- Mechanical load measurement test using signal injection.

This test measures the mechanical characteristic of the motor and load by rotating the motor at the speed defined by the present speed reference and injecting a series of speed test signals. This test should only be used provided all the basic control parameters have been set-up correctly and the speed controller parameters should be set to conservative levels, such as the default values, so that the motor is stable when it runs. The test measures the motor and load inertia, which can be used in automatic set-up of the speed controller gains and in producing a torque feed-forward term. If *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) is left at its default value of zero then the peak level of the injection signal will be 1 % of the maximum speed reference subject to a maximum of 500 rpm. If a different test level is required then *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) should be set to a non-zero value to define the level as a percentage of the maximum speed reference, again subject to a maximum of 500 rpm. The user defined speed reference which defines the speed of the motor should be set to a level higher than the test level, but not high enough for flux weakening to become active. In some cases however, it is possible to perform the test at zero speed provided the motor is free to move, but it may be necessary to increase the test signal from the default value. The test will give the correct results when there is a static load applied to the motor and in the presence of mechanical damping. This test should be used if possible, however for sensorless mode, or if the speed controller cannot be set up for stable operation an alternative test is provided (*Autotune* (00.040) = 4) where a series of torgue levels are applied to accelerate and decelerate the motor to measure the inertia.

1. A rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to the currently selected speed reference, and this speed is maintained for the duration of the test. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) is set-up.

To perform this autotune test, set Pr 00.040 to 3 and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Mechanical load measurement test using applied torque.

Auto-tune test 3 should normally be used for mechanical load measurement, but under some circumstances this test may be used as an alternative. This test will not give such accurate results as test 3 if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor. Also this test is likely to give incorrect results if standard ramp mode is active. A series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x *Rated Speed* (00.045) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful, an *Autotune 1* trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced.

- 1. The motor is accelerated in the required direction up to 3/4 of the maximum speed reference and then decelerated to zero speed.
- 2. The test is repeated with progressively higher torques until the required speed is reached.
- 3. Motor And Load Inertia (03.018) and Inertia Times 1000 (04.033) are set up.

To perform this autotune test, set Pr 00.040 to 4 and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 & 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to Off (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

Pr 00.033 {05.016} Rated Speed Optimisation Select

The Rated Frequency (00.047) and Rated Speed (00.045) are used to define the rated slip of the motor. The rated slip is used in sensorless mode (Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 1) to correct the motor speed with load. When this mode is active Rated Speed Optimisation Select (00.033) has no effect.

If sensorless mode is not active (*Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 0) the rated slip is used in the motor control algorithm and an incorrect value of slip can have a significant effect on the motor performance. If *Rated Speed Optimisation Select* (00.033) = 0 then the adaptive control system is disabled. However, if *Rated Speed Optimisation Select* (00.045) to give the correct value of rated slip. *Rated Speed* (00.045) is not saved at power-down, and so when the drive is powered-down and up again it will return to the last value saved by the user. The rate of convergence and the accuracy of the adaptive controller reduces at low output frequency and low load. The minimum frequency is defined as a percentage of *Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load* (05.020). The adaptive controller is enabled when a motoring or regenerative load rises above *Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load* (05.020) + 5%, and is disabled again when it falls below *Rated Speed Optimisation Minimum Load* (05.020). For best optimisation results the correct values of *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Transient Inductance* (05.024), *Stator Inductance* (05.025), *Saturation Breakpoint* 1 (05.029), *Saturation Breakpoint* 2 (05.062), *Saturation Breakpoint* 3 (05.030) and *Saturation Breakpoint* 4 (05.063) should be used.

L	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
I	Pr 00.038	{04.013} / F	Pr 00.039 {(04.014} Cur	rent Loop	Gains							
i	values give improve the gains can b	satisfactory performance e calculated	operation w e. The <i>Curr</i> by performi	ith most mot ent Controlle ng a stationa	ors. Howev r Kp Gain (ary or rotatir	er, for optima 00.038) is the ng autotune (al performar e most critic (see <i>Autotur</i>	e of the curren nce in dynamic al value in con ne Pr 00.040, the current loo	c application ntrolling the earlier in thi	s it may be performanc	necessary to e. The value	o change the s for the cur	e gains to rrent loop
•	This will giv	e a step res	ponse with r	ninimum ove	rshoot after	a step chan	ige of currer	nt reference. T	he proportio	onal gain ca	n be increas	ed by a fact	or of 1.5

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017:

- 1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.
 - This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

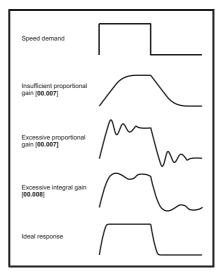
If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

4. Pr 03.017 = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



Pr 03.017 = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017)	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz

6. Pr **03.017** = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (s τ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = 2 π x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information				
8.1.5	RFC-A S	Sensorles	ss mode													
Induction	motor wi	ithout pos	ition feed	back												
Pr 00.046	{05.007} M	otor Rated	Current			Def	ines the max	kimum mot	tor continu	uous currei	nt					
		•					s current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:									
Motor t		load protecti		1 0	2, for more in tor thermal pr	,	page 92, for r	nore informa	ation)							
Pr 00.044	{05.009} <i>R</i>	ated Voltag	e			Def	ines the volt	age applie	d to the m	otor at rate	ed frequenc	;y				
Pr 00.047	{05.006} <i>R</i>	ated Frequ	ency			Def	ines the frec	luency at v	which rate	d voltage is	applied					
define the v Loop Contri frequency is the rated sli this table).	roltage to fre ol Mode (00 s also used p for slip co	equency char .007), detaile in conjunctio mpensation	racteristic a ed in section n with the m (see motor <i>F</i>	plied to the 8.1.3). The otor rated s	047) are used motor (see (e motor rated speed to calco d (00.045), la	Dpen ulate		Output O voltage Pr 00.044	Pr 00.047 / 2	Pr 00.047	Output frequency					
Pr 00.045	{05.008} <i>R</i>	ated Speed	1			Def	ines the full	load rated	speed of	the motor						
		umber Of N					ines the nun		•							
Incorrect se Reduce Reduce Inaccur The namep value is ina (see Rated When Pr 00	etting of this ed efficiency ion of maxir ed transient rate control late value is ccurate. Eith Speed Opti 0.042 is set	parameter h of motor op num torque a performance of absolute to normally the ner a fixed va imization Sel	as the follow eration available from orque in torq e value for a alue can be e ect (05.016),	n the motor ue control i hot motor; entered in the later in this	r modes however, sor his parameter s table).	ne adjustme r or an optir	ent may be reanization syste	quired when m may be u	the drive is sed to autor	s commissior matically adji	ned if the nar ust this para	neplate neter				
Speed (00.0	,	x (Motor Pa	ted Frequen	CV (00 047)	/ Motor Rate	d Sneed (0	0.045)) round	ed to the ne	arest even i	number						
		ted Power		(00.041)			ines the ang				nd current					
The power then the po currents of is continuou	factor is the wer factor is the motor, w usly written	true power f s used in con hich are use	actor of the junction with d in the vect ated value of	the motor or control a	Rated Currer	veen the mo at (00.046) a le stator ind	otor voltage and and other moto uctance has a e can be meas	nd current. I or paramete i non-zero va	f the <i>Stator</i> rs to calcula alue this pa	Inductance (ate the rated rameter is no	05.025) is se active and n ot used by th	nagnetising e drive, but				

information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation Operation PLC parameters Diagnostics information	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and a mechanical load measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A mechanical load measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) for the drive are also measured. Additionally, if *Enable Stator Compensation* (05.049) = 1, then *Stator Base Temperature* (05.048) is made equal to *Stator Temperature* (05.046). A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (00.047) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 2 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).
- The mechanical load measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration.
 Applied torque (sensorless mode) This test may give inaccurate results, if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor, or if standard ramp mode is active. During the mechanical load measurement test a series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to ³/₄ x *Rated Speed* (00.045) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful an Autotune 1 trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the
 - level of torque to be used for the test by setting *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor quickly enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced. To perform a mechanical load measurement autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (terminal 12 & 6) and a run signal (terminal 11 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 2 & 6, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (00.038) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 {03.011} and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 {0 3.012} and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the

setting of Pr 03.017:

- 1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.
 - This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

- Pr 03.020 Required bandwidth,
- Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,
- Pr 03.018 Motor and load inertia.

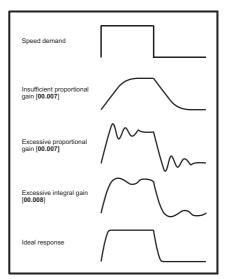
The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

- 3. Pr **03.017** = 2, Compliance angle set-up
- If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:
 - Pr 03.019 Required compliance angle,
 - Pr 03.021 Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing a mechanical load measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

4. Pr 03.017 = 3, Kp gains times 16

If *Speed Controller Set-up Method* (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr 03.017 = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth
4	Low	5 Hz
5	Standard	25 Hz
6	High	100 Hz

6. Pr 03.017 = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (s τ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = 2 π x Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8.2 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

- 165 % x motor rated torque producing current for open loop mode
- 250 % x motor rated torque producing current for RFC-A and RFC-S modes

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- · Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen
 operation.

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.3 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses] Where:

Load related losses = $(1 - K_{fe}) \times [(I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated}))]^2$

Iron losses = $K_{fe} \times (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (00.012)

I_{Rated} = Rated Current (00.046)

K_{fe} = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K_2) (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 1}$) + K_2 (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 2}$)] Where:

T = Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019)

 ${\rm K_2}$ = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

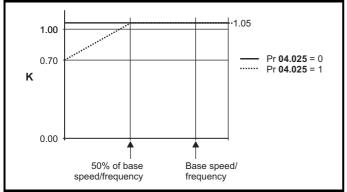
 τ^1 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (00.053)

 τ^2 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (04.037)

 K_1 = Varies, see below

If Rated Current (00.046) \leq Maximum Heavy Duty Current (00.032)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.016** is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator accumulates the temperature of the motor while the drive remains powered-up. By default, the accumulator is set to the power down value at power-up. If the rated current defined by Pr **00.046** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 00.053) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 100 s from cold.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8.4 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 8 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **00.041** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1	Available	switching	frequencies
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Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
1								
2	All	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark
3								

If switching frequency is increased from 8 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.* Desting of the metric due to improve output temperature
- 2. Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

 Table 8-2
 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

Level	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open Ioop	RFC-A RFC-S
Level 1	3 kHz - 167μs 6 kHz - 83 μs 12 kHz - 83 μs	2 kHz - 250 μs 4 kHz - 125 μs 8 kHz - 62.5 μs 16 kHz - 62.5 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz - 500 μs 4 kHz - 250 μs 8 kHz - 250 μs 16 kHz - 250 μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3	1	ms	Voltage	controller
Level 4	4	ms	Time critical user interface	
Background				critical user rface

8.5 High speed operation

8.5.1 Encoder feedback limits

The maximum encoder frequency should be prevented from exceeding 500 kHz. In RFC-A and RFC-S modes the maximum speed that can be entered in to the speed reference clamps (Pr **00.002** and Pr **00.001**) can be limited by the drive. This is defined by the following (subject to an absolute maximum of 33,000 rpm):

Maximum speed limit (rpm) =
$$\frac{500 \text{ kHz x } 60}{\text{ELPR}}$$

= $\frac{3.0 \text{ x } 10^7}{\text{ELPR}}$

Where:

ELPR is the equivalent encoder lines per revolution and is the number of lines that would be produced by a quadrature encoder.

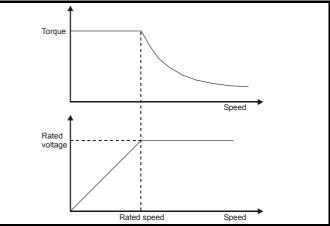
- Quadrature encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution
- F and D encoder ELPR = number of lines per revolution / 2
- SINCOS encoder ELPR = number of sine waves per revolution

This maximum speed limit is defined by the device selected with the speed feedback selector (Pr 03.026), and the ELPR set for the position feedback device. In RFC-A mode it is possible to disable this limit via Pr 03.024, so that the drive can be switched between operation with and without feedback when the speed becomes too high for the feedback device.

8.5.2 Field weakening (constant power) operation (Open loop and RFC-A mode only)

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Figure 8-2 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily. The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr **05.029**, Pr **05.030**, Pr **05.062** and Pr **05.063**) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

Safety information ir	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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8.5.3 Permanent magnet motor high speed operation

High speed servo mode is enabled by setting Pr **05.022** =1. Care must be taken when using this mode with permanent magnet motor to avoid damaging the drive. The voltage produced by the permanent magnet motor magnets is proportional to speed. For high speed operation the drive must apply currents to the motor to counter-act the flux produced by the magnets. It is possible to operate the motor at very high speeds that would give a very high motor terminal voltage, but this voltage is prevented by the action of the drive.

If however, the drive is disabled (or tripped) when the motor voltages would be higher than the rating of the drive without the currents to counter-act the flux from the magnets, it is possible to damage the drive. If high speed mode is enabled the motor speed must be limited to the levels given in the table below unless an additional hardware protection system is used to limit the voltages applied to the drive output terminals to a safe level.

Drive voltage rating	Maximum motor speed (rpm)	Maximum safe line to line voltage at the motor terminals (V rms)
200	400 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	400 / √2
400	800 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	800 / √2
575	955 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	955 / √2
690	1145 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	1145 / √2

Ke is the ratio between r.m.s. line to line voltage produced by the motor and the speed in V/1000 rpm. Care must also be taken not to demagnetize the motor. The motor manufacturer should always be consulted before using this mode.

By default, high speed operation is disabled (Pr 05.022 = 0).

It is also possible to enable high speed operation and allow the drive to automatically limit the motor speed to the levels specified in the table and generate an *Overspeed*. 1 trip if the level is exceeded (Pr **05.022** = -1).

8.5.4 Switching frequency

Ideally a minimum ratio of 12:1 should be maintained between the switching frequency and the output frequency. This ensures the number of switchings per cycle is sufficient to ensure the output waveform quality is maintained at a minimum level. If this is not possible, quasi-square switching should be enabled (Pr **05.020** =1). The output waveform will be quasi square above base speed ensuring a symmetrical output waveform, which results in a better quality output than would otherwise result.

8.5.5 Maximum speed / frequency

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A and RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz. However, in RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

8.5.6 Quasi-Square wave (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr **05.020** (Quasi-square wave enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth, or

 In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

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8.6 Modbus RTU specification (EIA-485)

This section describes the adaptation of the MODBUS RTU protocol. The portable software class which implements this protocol is also defined. MODBUS RTU is a master slave system with half-duplex message exchange. The core function codes to read and write registers are supported'. A scheme to map between MODBUS registers and parameters is defined. The implementation also defines a 32 bit extension to the standard 16 bit register data format

8.6.1 MODBUS RTU

Physical layer

Attribute	Description
Normal physical layer for multi-drop operation	EIA-485 2 wire
Bit stream	Standard UART asynchronous symbols with Non Return to Zero (NRZ)
Symbol	Each symbol consists of:- 1 start bit 8 data bits (transmitted least significant bit first) 2 stop bits*
Baud rates	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

* The drive will accept a packet with 1 or 2 stop bits but will always transmit 2 stop bits

RTU framing

The frame has the following basic format

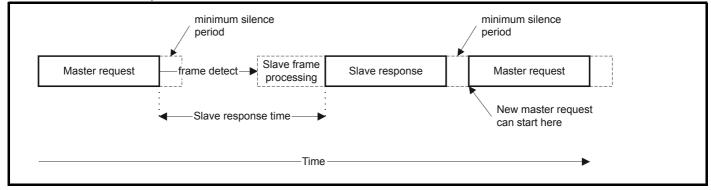
SLAVE ADDRESS	FUNCTION CODE	message data	16bit CRC	Silent interval
		Message data		

The frame is terminated with a minimum silent period of 3.5 character times (for example, at 19200 baud the minimum silent period is 2 ms). Nodes use the terminating silence period to detect the end of frame and begin frame processing. All frames must therefore be transmitted as a continuous stream without any gaps greater or equal to the silence period. If an erroneous gap is inserted then receiving nodes may start frame processing early in which case the CRC will fail and the frame will be discarded.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system. All master requests, except broadcast requests, will lead to a response from an individual slave. The slave will respond (i.e. start transmitting the response) within the quoted maximum slave response time (this time is quoted in the data sheet for all products). The minimum slave response time is also quoted but will never be less that the minimum silent period defined by 3.5 character times.

If the master request was a broadcast request then the master may transmit a new request once the maximum slave response time has expired.

The master must implement a message time out to handle transmission errors. This time out period must be set to the maximum slave response time + transmission time for the response.



8.6.2 Slave address

The first byte of the frame is the slave node address. Valid slave node addresses are 1 through 247 decimal. In the master request this byte indicates the target slave node; in the slave response this byte indicates the address of the slave sending the response.

Global addressing

Address zero addresses all slave nodes on the network. Slave nodes suppress the response messages for broadcast requests.

8.6.3 MODBUS registers

The MODBUS register address range is 16 bit (65536 registers) which at the protocol level is represented by indexes 0 through 65535.

PLC registers

Modicon PLCs typically define 4 register 'files' each containing 65536 registers. Traditionally, the registers are referenced 1 through 65536 rather than 0 through 65535. The register address is therefore decremented on the master device before passing to the protocol.

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File type	Description	Supported
1	Read only bits ("coil")	Use register
2	Read / write bits ("coil")	Use register
3	Read only 16 bit register	Yes
4	Read / write 16 bit register	Yes

The register file type code is NOT transmitted by MODBUS and all register files can be considered to map onto a single register address space. However, specific function codes are defined in MODBUS to support access to the "coil" registers.

All standard drive parameters are mapped to register file '4' and the coil function codes are not required.

Parameter mapping

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of 163.84 (limited to 162.99 in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see *Serial Mode* (11.024)) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 in any drive menu then the modified addressing mode must be used (see *Serial Mode* (11.024)), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr **00.000** in the drive or option module.

The table below shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Parameter	Addressing mode		Protocol	register	
0.mm.ppp	Standard		mm x 100	+ ppp - 1	
0.11111.000	Modified		mm x 256	+ ppp - 1	
		Examples			
		16-I	bit	32-b	oit
		Decimal	Hex (0x)	Decimal	Hex (0x)
0.01.021	Standard	120	00 78	16504	40 78
0.01.021	Modified	276	01 14	16660	41 14
0.01.000	Standard	99	00 63	16483	40 63
0.01.000	Modified	255	00 FF	16639	40 FF
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.03.101	Modified	928	03 A0	17312	43 A0

Data types

The MODBUS protocol specification defines registers as 16 bit signed integers. All devices support this data size.

Refer to the section 8.6.7 Extended data types on page 98 for detail on accessing 32 bit register data.

8.6.4 Data consistency

All devices support a minimum data consistency of one parameter (16 bit or 32 bit data). Some devices support consistency for a complete multiple register transaction.

8.6.5 Data encoding

MODBUS RTU uses a 'big-endian' representation for addresses and data items (except the CRC, which is 'little-endian'). This means that when a numerical quantity larger than a single byte is transmitted, the MOST significant byte is sent first. So for example

16 - bits 0x1234 would be 0x12 0x34

32 - bits 0x12345678 would be 0x12 0x34 0x56 0x78

8.6.6 Function codes

The function code determines the context and format of the message data. Bit 7 of the function code is used in the slave response to indicate an exception.

The following function codes are supported:

Code	Description
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers
6	Write single register
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers

FC03 Read multiple

Read a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers, which can be read. If this is exceeded the slave will issue an exception code 2.

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Table 8-3 Master request

Byte	Description			
0 Slave destination node address 1 through 247, 0 global				
1	Function code 0x03			
2	Start register address MSB			
3	Start register address LSB			
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB			
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB			
6	CRC LSB			
7	CRC MSB			

Table 8-4 Slave response

Byte	Description			
0	Slave source node address			
1	Function code 0x03			
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)			
3	Register data 0 MSB			
4	Register data 0 LSB			
3+byte count	CRC LSB			
4+byte count	CRC MSB			

FC06 Write single register

Writes a value to a single 16 bit register. The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written. The register address can correspond to a 32 bit parameter but only 16 bits of data can be sent.

Table 8-5 Master request

Byte	Description			
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global			
1	Function code 0x06			
2	Register address MSB			
3	Register address LSB			
4	Register data MSB			
5	Register data LSB			
6	CRC LSB			
7	CRC MSB			

Table 8-6 Slave response

Byte	Description			
0	Slave source node address			
1	Function code 0x06			
2	Register address MSB			
3	Register address LSB			
4	Register data MSB			
5	Register data LSB			
6	CRC LSB			
7	CRC MSB			

FC16 Write multiple

Writes a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out. Table 8-7 Master request

Byte	Description			
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global			
1	Function code 0x10			
2	Start register address MSB			
3	Start register address LSB			
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB			
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB			
6	Length of register data to write (in bytes)			
7	Register data 0 MSB			
8	Register data 0 LSB			
7+byte count	CRC LSB			
8+byte count	CRC MSB			

Table 8-8 Slave response

Byte	Description			
0	Slave source node address			
1	Function code 0x10			
2	Start register address MSB			
3	Start register address LSB			
4	Number of 16 bit registers written MSB			
5	Number of 16 bit registers written LSB			
6	CRC LSB			
7	CRC MSB			

FC23 Read/Write multiple

Writes and reads two contiguous arrays of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Table 8-9 Master request

·						
Byte	Description					
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global					
1	Function code 0x17					
2	Start register address to read MSB					
3	Start register address to read LSB					
4	Number of 16 bit registers to read MSB					
5	Number of 16 bit registers to read LSB					
6	Start register address to write MSB					
7	Start register address to write LSB					
8	Number of 16 bit registers to write MSB					
9	Number of 16 bit registers to write LSB					
10	Length of register data to write (in bytes)					
11	Register data 0 MSB					
12	Register data 0 LSB					
11+byte count	CRC LSB					
12+byte count	CRC MSB					

Table 8-10 Slave response

Byte	Description			
0	Slave source node address			
1	Function code 0x17			
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)			
3	Register data 0 MSB			
4	Register data 0 LSB			
3+byte count	CRC LSB			
4+byte count	CRC MSB			

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11	information	information	installation	Installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	-	information

8.6.7 Extended data types

Standard MODBUS registers are 16bit and the standard mapping maps a single #X.Y parameter to a single MODBUS register. To support 32 bit data types (integer and float) the MODBUS multiple read and write services are used to transfer a contiguous array of 16bit registers.

Slave devices typically contain a mixed set of 16 bit and 32 bit registers. To permit the master to select the desired 16 bit or 32 bit access the top two bits of the register address are used to indicate the selected data type.

NOTE

The selection is applied for the whole block access.

bit 15 TYP1	bit 14 TYP0	bits 0 - 13
Туре	select	Parameter address X x 100+Y-1

The 2bit type field selects the data type according to the table below:

Type field bits 15-14	Selected data type	Comments		
00	INT16	backward compatible		
01	INT32			
10	Float32	Not supported		
11	Reserved			

If a 32 bit data type is selected then the slave uses two consecutive 16 bit MODBUS registers (in 'big endian'). The master must also set the correct 'number of 16 bit registers'.

Example, read Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 as 32 bit parameters using FC03 from node 8:

Table 8-11 Master request

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x47	Start register address Pr 20.021
3	0xE4	(16384 + 2021 - 1) = 18404 = 0x47E4
4	0x00	Number of 16bit registers to read
5	0x08	Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 is 4x32 bit registers = 8x16 bit registers
6	CRC LSB	CRC
7	CRC MSB	CRC

Table 8-12 Slave response

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x10	Length of data (bytes) = 4x32 bit registers = 16 bytes
3-6		Pr 20.021 data
7-10		Pr 20.022 data
11-14		Pr 20.023 data
15-18		Pr 20.024 data
19	CRC LSB	CRC
20	CRC MSB	CRC

Reads when actual parameter type is different from selected The slave will send the least significant word of a 32 bit parameter if that parameter is read as part of a 16 bit access.

The slave will sign extend the least significant word if a 16 bit parameter is accessed as a 32 bit parameter. The number of 16 bit registers must be even during a 32 bit access.

Example, If Pr **01.028** is a 32 bit parameter with a value of 0x12345678, Pr **01.029** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0xABCD, and Pr **01.030** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0x0123.

Read	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Response	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x5678	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028	16511*	2	0x12345678	Full 32 bit access
Pr 01.028	16511*	1	Exception 2	Number of words must be even for 32 bit access
Pr 01.029	128	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of data
Pr 01.029	16512*	2	0xFFFFABCD	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.030	16513*	2	0x00000123	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	127	2	0x5678, 0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	16511*	4	0x12345678, 0xFFFFABCD	Full 32 bit access

* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access.

Writes when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will allow writing a 32 bit value to a 16 bit parameter as long as the 32 bit value is within the normal range of the 16 bit parameter.

The slave will allow a 16 bit write to a 32 bit parameter. The slave will sign extend the written value, therefore the effective range of this type of write will be -32768 to +32767.

Examples, if Pr **01.028** has a range of ± 100000 , and Pr **01.029** has a range of ± 10000 .

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Write	Start register address	Number of 16bit registers	Data	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x1234	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.028	127	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0xFFFFABCD
Pr 01.028	16511*	2	0x00001234	Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.029	128	1	0x0123	Value written = 0x0123
Pr 01.029	16512*	2	0x00000123	Value written = 0x00000123

* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access

8.6.8 Exceptions

The slave will respond with an exception response if an error is detected in the master request. If a message is corrupted and the frame is not received or the CRC fails then the slave will not issue an exception. In this case the master device will time out. If a write multiple (FC16 or FC23) request exceeds the slave maximum buffer size then the slave will discard the message. No exception will be transmitted in this case and the master will time out.

Exception message format

The slave exception message has the following format.

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Original function code with bit 7 set
2	Exception code
3	CRC LSB
4	CRC MSB

Exception codes

The following exception codes are supported.

Code	Description
1	Function code not supported
2	Register address out of range, or request to read too many registers

Parameter over range during block write FC16

The slave processes the write block in the order the data is received. If a write fails due to an out of range value then the write block is terminated. However, the slave does not raise an exception response, rather the error condition is signalled to the master by the number of successful writes field in the response.

Parameter over range during block read/write FC23

There will be no indication that there has been a value out of range during a FC23 access.

8.6.9 CRC

The CRC is a 16 bit cyclic redundancy check using the standard CRC-16 polynomial x16 + x15 + x2 + 1. The 16 bit CRC is appended to the message and transmitted LSB first.

The CRC is calculated on ALL the bytes in the frame.

8.6.10 Device compatibility parameters

All devices have the following compatibility parameters defined:

Parameter	Description
Device ID	Unique device identification code
Minimum slave response time	The minimum delay between the end of a message from the master and the time at which the master is ready to receive a response from the slave. Refer to par 11-26.
Maximum slave response time	When global addressing, the master must wait for this time before issuing a new message. In a network of devices, the slowest time must be used.
Baud rate	Baud rate used by Modbus RTU.
32 bit float data type supported	If this data type is not supported then an over range error will be raised if this data type is used.
Maximum buffer size	Determines the maximum block size.

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9 SD Card Operation

9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using an SD card storing / reading PLC programs.

The SD Card can be used for:

- · Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

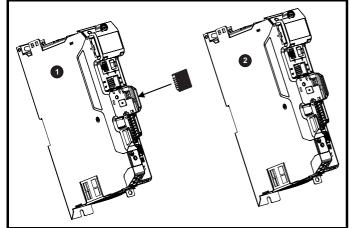
The SC Card slot is located at the middle of the module, adjacent to the drive compact display (if installed) on the right-hand side.

Ensure the SD Card is inserted with the contacts facing the left-hand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the SD Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

Beware of possible live terminals when installing the SD Card.

Figure 9-1 Installation of the SD Card



1. Installing the SD Card

2. SD Card installed

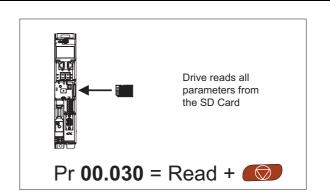
9.2 SD Card support

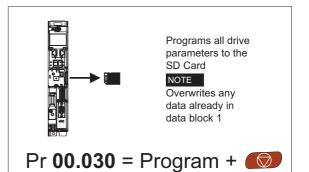
The SD Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the Digitax HD in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

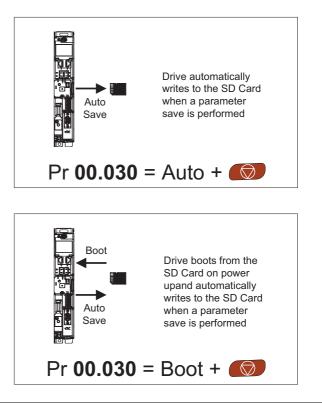
NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

Figure 9-2 Basic SD Card operation







The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed section 9.3.9 *9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the SD Card read only flag* on page 102.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

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9.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr **mm.000** and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 9-1.

Table 9-1 SD card codes

Code	Operation	SD card	
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	\checkmark	
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	√	
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	√	
бууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	\checkmark	
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	√	
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other SD card trips also apply.	\checkmark	
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	\checkmark	
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	\checkmark	
9777	Clear the read-only flag	\checkmark	
9888	Set the read-only flag	\checkmark	
9999	Erase and format the SD card		

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

9.3.1 Writing to the SD Card

4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the SD Card

The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the SD Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the SD Card.

Writing a parameter set to the SD Card (Pr 00.030 = Program (2))

Setting Pr **00.030** to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the SD Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **mm.000**. All SD Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

9.3.2 Reading from the SD Card 6yyy - Reading from SD Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr **mm.000**, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a SD Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values. Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage

 $\mathsf{Pr}~04.005$ to $\mathsf{Pr}~04.007$ and $\mathsf{Pr}~21.027$ to $\mathsf{Pr}~21.029$ Motoring Current Limits

Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

- Pr 05.007, Pr 21.007 Rated Current
- Pr 05.009, Pr 21.009 Rated Voltage

Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor

- Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance
- Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency
- Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance
- Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance

Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level

- Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level
- Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.073 Braking IGBT Lower Threshold

Pr 06.074 Braking IGBT Upper Threshold

Pr 06.075 Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold

Reading a parameter set from the SD Card (Pr 00.030 = Read (1))

Setting Pr **00.030** to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **mm.000**.

All SD Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

9.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 00.030 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the SD Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the SD Card. Changing Pr **00.030** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the SD Card when Pr **mm.000** is set to 'Save Parameters' or a 1001 and the drive reset.

All SD Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

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If the card is removed when Pr 00.030 is set to 3 Pr 00.030 is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new SD Card is installed Pr **00.030** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new SD Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the SD Card is also updated, and therefore the SD Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the SD Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new SD Card in during power down the new SD Card will have the correct data.

NOTE

When Pr **00.030** is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr **00.030** itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the SD Card.

9.3.4 Booting up from the SD Card on every power up (Pr 00.030 = Boot (4))

When Pr **00.030** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the SD Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- · A card is inserted in the drive
- · Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 00.030 on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying SD Card this makes the copying SD Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

NOTE

Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **00.030** is not transferred to the drive.

9.3.5 Booting up from the SD Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

9.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the SD Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **mm.000**, will compare the SD Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **mm.000** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

9.3.7 7yyy - Erasing data from the SD Card values Data can be erased from the SD Card one block at a time.

• Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase SD Card data block yyy.

9.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the SD Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip.

If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag

• Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the SD Card read only flag

The SD Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are eff.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

9.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on an SD Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr **11.038** to Pr **11.040** by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr **11.037**. If there is no data on the card Pr **11.037** can only have a value of 0.

9.5 SD Card parameters

Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

			•
RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036				NV Media Card File Previously Loaded									
RO		Num						NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to	999		⊳			0				
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	.03	7	NV Media Card File Number										
RW		Num											
OL													
RFC-A	Û		0 to	999		⇔			0				
RFC-S													

This parameter is used to select a data block file by its file identification number and can only be changed to values that correspond to files that are recognised by the drive on the SD card or a value of 0. When *NV Media Card File Number* (Pr **11.037**) corresponds to the number of a data block file, Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039** and Pr **11.040** are populated with data relating to that specific file number.

Optimization	Advanced parameters Diagnostics	UL listing information
--------------	---------------------------------	------------------------

11	.03	8	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	e Ty	ре			
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A	€	RFC	(0), Oj -A (2), n (4), U	⇔						
RFC-S		(Option	App (6)					

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11	11.039			edia Ca	ard File	Vers	sio	n		
RO		Num			ND)	NC	PT		
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 to		⇔					
RFC-S										

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11	.04	0	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Ch	eck	sum		
RO		Num					D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	\hat{v}	-	-2147483648 to 2147483647							
RFC-S			2147483647							

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11.042 {00.030} Parameter Cloning												
RW		Txt						NC		US*		
OL		No	one (0),	Read	(1),							
RFC-A	\hat{v}	Pro	gram (2		o (3),	⊳			None	(0)		
RFC-S			Boo	(4)								

* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr **11.042** is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr **11.042** is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the SD Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the SD Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	11.072			NV Media Card Create Special File									
RW		Num						NC					
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}		0 t		⇔			0	0				
RFC-S													

If *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an SD card the file is created as a macro file. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11	11.073			edia Ca	ard Typ	е				
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL	~	Niere	- (0) (-1 (4)	L (
RFC-A RFC-S	î	NON	e (0), S	SD Caro	a (1)	Ŷ				

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No SD Card has been inserted.

"SD Card" (1) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

11	.07	5	NV Media Card Read-only Flag										
RO		Bit					D	NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	\hat{v}	C	Off (0) or On (1)										
RFC-S													

NV Media Card Read-only Flag (11.075) shows the state of the readonly flag for the currently installed card.

11	.076	6	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag								
RO		Bit				N	D	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	\hat{v}	C	Off (0) or On (1)								
RFC-S											

NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag (11.076) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11	11.077			NV Media Card File Required Version								
RW		Num				N	D	NC	PT			
OL												
RFC-A	€		0 to	9999		⇒						
RFC-S												

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an SD Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

9.6 SD Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from an SD Card, a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 192 for more information on SD Card trips.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	· ·	information

•

10 Onboard PLC

10.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with Digitax HD and compatible application modules.

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- LD (Ladder diagram)
- FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a Digitax HD for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for Digitax HD.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.drive-setup.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

10.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications Machine Control Studio benefits from access to function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- Arithmetic blocks
- Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- Multiplexers
- Latches
- Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- Ancillary pumps
- Fans and control valves
- Interlocking logic
- Sequences routines
- Custom control words.

10.3 Features

The Digitax HD Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

10.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

 Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 4 ms to 262 s in multiples of 4 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.

Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 64 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter *Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second* (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

10.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

10.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- Parameter name
- Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

10.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 4 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

10.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

11.	047	Onboard User Program: Enable							
RW	Txt				US				
ţ	Stop	(0) or Ru	n (1)	₽	Run (1)				

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped. If it is restarted by setting *Onboard User Program: Enable* (11.047) to a non-zero value the background task starts from the beginning.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute.

11.	048	Onboard User Program: Status								
RO	Txt		NC	PT						
ţ		47483648 14748364		⇔						

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.	049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events								
RO	Uni	NC PT PS								
$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$		0 to 65535	5	⇒						

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.0	050	Onboard Second	l User Pro	rogram: Freewheeling Tasks					
RO	Uni		NC	PT					
ţ		0 to 65535	5	⇒					

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.	051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used								
RO			NC	PT						
ţ	0.0	0 to 100.0	%	⇒						

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.0	055	Onboard Interval	l User Pro	rogram: Clock Task Scheduled						
RO			NC	PT						
ţ	0 t	o 262128	ms	₽						

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

10.5 Onboard PLC trips

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 192 for more information on the User Program trip.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
v	programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O / Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
25	Option module slot 1 application parameters
26	Option module slot 2 application parameters
27	Option module slot 3 application parameters
29	Reserved menu
30	Onboard user programming application menu
31-41	Advanced motion controller setup parameters
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

RFC-S: Synchronous Rotor Flux Control for synchronous motors including permanent magnet motors.

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Feature						Related	parame	ters (Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010		11 to	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002						
		_	019										
Analog speed reference 1		07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.025	07.026	07.030				
Analog I/O	Menu 7	07.007	07.009	07.000	07.010	07.005	07.006	07.020					
Analog input 1 Application menu							07.026	07.030					
Application menu At speed indicator bit	Menu 18		Menu 19 03.009 10.006		Menu 20 10.005 10.007								
Auto reset	10.034				10.005	10.007							
Autotune					05.025	05 029	05.030	05 059	05.060	05.062			
Binary sum	09.029			09.032	09.033		00.000	00.000	00.000	00.002			
Bipolar speed	01.010	00.000	00.001	00.002	00.000	00.001							
Brake control		040 to 12	.055										
Braking	10.011			10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040	10.061		
Catch a spinning motor		05.040											
Coast to stop	06.001												
Comms	11.0	23 to 11	.027										
Copying	11.042		036 to 11	.040									
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026	06.027	06.028						
Current controller		04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004	04.012	04.020	04.023	04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits	04.005	04.006			04.015					10.008	10.009		1
DC bus voltage	05.005		1		1	1		1			1	1	1
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deceleration rates	02.020		21 to 029	02.004		35 to 037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital Output 1 T14	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031									
Digital Output 2 T16	08.002	08.012	08.022	08.032									
Digital input 4 T11	08.004	08.014	08.024										
Digital input 5 T13	08.005	08.015	08.025										
Digital lock	13.010	13.001 to 13.009			13.011	13.012	13.016	03.022 03.023 13.0			019 to 13.023		
Digital output T12	08.008	08.018	08.028										
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002		08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.027			10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable		08.009											
Encoder reference				03.046									
Encoder set-up	03.033)34 to 03	.042	03.047	03.048							
External trip		08.010											
Fan speed	06.045												
Fast disable	06.029												
Field weakening - induction motor					05.062	05.063	ļ						
Field weakening - servo			05.009		00.075	ļ	ļ						
Filter change			06.021	06.022	06.023								
Frequency reference selection		01.015	02.017	00.015	00.010	00.01-							
Frequency slaving				03.015	03.016	03.017							
Hard speed reference		03.023											
Heavy duty rating	05.007	11.032											
High stability space vector modulation	05.019												
I/O sequencer	06 030	06.021	06.032	06.033	06.034	06.042	06.042	06.041					
Inertia compensation			06.032		00.034	00.042	00.043	00.041					
Jog reference		02.012											
Keypad reference					06.012	06 013							
Kt	05.032	01.014	01.043	01.001	00.012	00.013							
Limit switches		06.036											
Line power supply loss				05.005	06 048								
Local position reference		20 to 13		55.000	55.040	<u> </u>	}						
Logic function 1				09 006	09.007	09 008	09 009	09 010					
	00.001	00.004	00.000	55.000	55.507	55.000	55.003	55.510	1		I	I	I

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation			Basic ameters	Running the motor	Optimiza		Card eration	Onboard PLC	Advance paramete		ostics	UL listing information
Feature			Related parameters (Pr)												
Logic function 2		09.002	09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018								
Low voltage			06.044												
Marker pulse		03.032	03.031												
Maximum speed		01.006												_	
Menu 0 set-	-up		11.0	18 to 11.	022	Mer	iu 22								
Minimum sp	beed		01.007	10.004											_
Motor map			05.006	05.007	05.008	05.009	05.010	05.011							
Motor map			Men		11.45										
Motorized p					09.023	09.024	09.025	09.026	09.027	09.028					
Offset spee		Э		01.038											
Onboard Pl				47 to 11.	.051										
Open loop v		е		05.017											
Operating n	node		00.048		03.024										
Orientation			13.010		13 to 13										
Output				05.002	05.003	05.004									
Overspeed			03.008												
Phase angl			03.025												_
PID controll			Men		00.000	00.050									<u> </u>
Position fee		ive		03.029	03.030	03.050									<u> </u>
Power up p			11.022	11.021	01.000	01.011									<u> </u>
Precision re				01.019			01.040	01.014	01.040	04.0	15 to 01	049	01.050		
Preset spee			01.015	01.0)21 to 01	.028	01.016	01.014	01.042	01.0)45 to 01	.048	01.050		_
Programma Quasi squa		n	Menu 9												
Quasi squa Ramp (acce			05.020	02 000	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.020	10.024	10.039					
Rated spee				02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039					
Regeneratii			10.010		10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Relative jog				17 to 13		10.031	00.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Relay output				08.017											
Reset	л		10.033	00.017	00.027	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001	10.038					
RFC mode	(encoder la	N I.) 22				10.004	10.000	10.000	10.001	10.000					_
mode)			03.024	03.042	04.012										
S ramp			02.006	02.007											
Sample rate	es		05.018				1								
Safe Torque			08.009	08.040											-
Security co			11.030	11.044											-
Serial comr			11.0	23 to 11.	.027	11.020									
Skip speeds	S		01.029	01.030	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035						
Slip compe			05.027	05.008											
NV media c				36 to 11.		11.042									_
Firmware ve	ersion		11.029	11.034	11.062										
Speed controller			10 to 03			03.020	03.021			1				+	
Speed feedback			03.003											1	
Speed feedback - drive					03.029	03.030	03.031	03.042						1	
	Speed feed forward			01.040											
Speed reference selection				01.049	01.050	01.001									
Status word			10.040												
Supply			06.044												
Switching fr						07.035									
Thermal pro							07.006		07.035	07.036	10.018				
Thermal pro	otection - n	notor			04.019	04.016	04.025	07.015							
Thermistor	•		03.1 [°] 03.′	123											
Threshold of			12.001		03 to 12										
Threshold of			12.002)23 to 12										
Time - filter	-				06.021	06.022	06.023								
Time - powe				06.020											
Time - run log		06.019													
Torque			04.026												
Torque mode					04.010										
Trip detection			10.038		020 to 10										
Trip log			20 to 10			041 to 10	.060		10.0)70 to 10	.079				
Under voltage			10.016												
V/F mode			05.014											<u> </u>	
Variable sel	ector 1		12.0	08 to 12	.016										

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Feature							Related	para	meters (P	r)				
Variable se	elector 2		12.0	28 to 12.	.036									
Voltage con	ntroller		05.031											
Voltage mo	ode		05.014	05.017		05.015								
Voltage rat	ing		11.033	05.009	05.005									
Voltage su	pply		06.044		05.005									
Warning			10.019	10.012	10.017	10.018	10.040							
Zero speed	d indicator b	oit	03.005	10.003										

11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_	VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.
Demition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VO	TAGE_SET Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 690
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.
Dennition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

	/M_ACCEL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
Definition	Open-loop mode If <i>Ramp Rate Units</i> (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 If <i>Ramp Rate Units</i> (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Pr 01.006 / 100.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S modes If <i>Ramp Rate Units</i> (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 If <i>Ramp Rate Units</i> (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 .

VM_AMC_JER	K_UNIPOLAR Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC jerk
Units	User units / ms / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	107374.1823
Definition	VM_AMC_JERK_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 107374.1823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_JERK_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

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VM_AMC_POSITION		Range applie	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC position				
Unit	User units						
Range of [MIN]	-2147483648	-2147483648					
Range of [MAX]	2147483647	2147483647					
	VM_AMC_POSITION table below. AMC Roll Over		C Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) and J	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010). See the > 0			
Definition	VM_AMC_POS	SITION[MAX]	2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1			
	VM_AMC_PO	SITION[MIN]	-2147483648 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	0			

VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM		Range applied	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC cam position					
Unit	User units							
Range of [MIN]	-1073741824	-1073741824						
Range of [MAX]	1073741823	1073741823						
	See the table below. AMC Roll Over	_	y AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.01) = 0	>0				
Definition	VM_AMC_POSIT	ION_CAM[MAX]	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1				
	VM_AMC_POSIT	ION_CAM[MIN]	-1073741824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	-AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) + 1				
			•					

VM_AMC_POS	ITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM	_AMC_POSITION_CAM		
Unit	User units			
Range of [MIN]	0			
Range of [MAX]	1073741823			
	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR is modified Limit (31.010). See the table below AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010)	= 0	> 0	
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR[MAX]	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1	
	VM_AMC_POSITION_CAM_UNIPOLAR[MIN]	0	0	
		•	•	

VM_AMC	_POSITION_REF Range applie	ed to the AMC position re	ference				
Unit	User units	User units					
Range of [MIN]	-2147483648	-2147483648					
Range of [MAX]	2147483647	2147483647					
	VM_AMC_POSITION_REF is modified I AMC Rotary Mode (34.005). See the tab		> 0	> 0			
	AMC Rotary Mode (34.005)	Not active	< 4	= 4			
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MAX]	2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1	1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)			
	VM_AMC_POSITION_REF[MIN]	-2147483648 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	0	-1073741824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)			

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VM_AMC_P	DSITION_UNIPOLAR	Unipolar version	of VM_AMC_POSITION					
Unit	User units	User units						
Range of [MIN]	0	0						
Range of [MAX]	2147483647	2147483647						
	(31.010). See the table be AMC Roll Over Lin	elow.	d by AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (3	> 0				
Definition	VM_AMC_POSITION_U	JNIPOLAR[MAX]	2147483647 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)	AMC Roll Over Limit (31.010) - 1				
	VM_AMC_POSITION_U	UNIPOLAR[MIN]	0	0				
				·				

VM_	AMC_RATE	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC acceleration
Unit	User units / ms / ms	
Range of [MIN]	1073742.824	
Range of [MAX]	1073741.823	
Definition		OLAR[MAX] = 1073741.823 / <i>AMC Auto Resolution Scaling</i> (31.016) OLAR[MIN] = 1073741.824 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)

VM_AMC_RA	TE_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_AMC_RATE
Unit	User units / ms / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	1073741.823
Definition	VM_AMC_RATE_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 1073741.823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_RATE_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

VM_AMC_F	OLLOVER Maximum applied to the AMC Rollover parameter	
Unit	User units / ms / ms	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	1073741823	
Definition	VM_AMC_ROLLOVER[MAX] = 1073741823 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_AMC_ROLLOVER[MIN] = 0	

VM_AMC	_SPEED	Range applied to the parameters showing the AMC speed
Unit	User units / ms / ms	
Range of [MIN]	-21474836.48	
Range of [MAX]	21474836.47	
Definition		= 21474836.47 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) 21474836.48 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016)

VM_AMC_S	PEED_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_AMC_SPEED
Unit	User units / ms
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	21474836.47
Definition	VM_SPEED_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = 21474836.47 / AMC Auto Resolution Scaling (31.016) VM_SPEED_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0

VM_	DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190	
Definition		[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is dependent. See Table 11-4 [MIN] = 0

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VM_DC_VO	LTAGE_SET Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Definition	VAL DO VOLTACE SETIMINI - 0
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_DRIV	/E_CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A	
Units	А		
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000		
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	Scale Current Kc (11.061	MAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) for the drive and is given by <i>Full</i> 1). MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]	

VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT		
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000	

VM_HIGH_D	VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500
Definition	VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement which can measure the voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. See Table 11-4. VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_LOW_	UNDER_VOLTS Range applied to the low under-voltage threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	24
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150
Definition	If Back-up Mode Enable (06.068) = 0: VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] If Back-up Mode Enable (06.068) = 1: VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1. VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] = 24.

VM_MIN_SWITCH	NG_FREQUENCY	Range applied to the minimum switching frequency parameter		
Units User units				
Range of [MIN]	0			
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6			
Definition		REQUENCY[MAX] = <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) REQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the		

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VM MOTOR	1_CURRENT_LIMIT
	2_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
Definition	Open-loop VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = $(I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \%$ VM-ere: I_Tlimit = I_MaxRef x cos(sin^1(I_Mrated / I_MaxRef)) I_Mrated = Pr 05.007 sin ϕ I_Trated = Pr 05.007 x cos ϕ cos ϕ = Pr 05.010 I_MaxRef is 0.7 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty). RFC-A VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_Tlimit / I_Trated) x 100 % Where: I_Timit = I_MaxRef x cos(sin^1(I_Mrated / I_MaxRef)) I_Mrated = Pr 05.007 x sin ϕ_1 ITrated = Pr 05.007 x cos ϕ_1 ϕ_1 = cos-1 (Pr 05.010) + ϕ_2 . ϕ_1 is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding ϕ_2 . I_MaxRef is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty). RFC-S and Regen VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_MaxRef / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I_MaxRef is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty). RFC-S and Regen VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_MaxRef / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I_MaxRef is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).For VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_MaxRef / Pr 05.007) x 100 % Where: I_MaxRef is 0.9 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty).For VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use Pr 21.007 instead of Pr 05.007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1 VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP2		Limits applied to the negative frequency or speed clamp				
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s					
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0					
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]		
Definition	0	0	0.0	Pr 01.006		
Definition	0	1	0.0	0.0		
	1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]	0.0		
	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CL4	AMP2 is defined in the	same way except that Pr 21.001 is used i	nstead of Pr 01.006 .		

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		TIVE_REF_ TIVE_REF_			Limits applied to the positive frequency or speed reference clamp							
Units			Open-loop: Hz									
			RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s Open-loop: 0.0									
Range of	[MIN]	RFC	RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0									
Range of	[MAX]	RFC	Open-loop: 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0									
		(01.0 does belov poss that mod	006), which i not exceed w. The limit ible to disab the motor ca e. It should l e given in th	n turn limit the speed is based or le this limit an be opera be noted th	the reference where the or the position if the <i>RFC I</i> ated at a spe- nat the positi	ces. In RFC drive can n n feedback Feedback M eed above ion feedbac	range of the p C-A and RFC- to longer inter device selec <i>Mode</i> (03.024 the level whe ck device itse to exceed a s	-S modes a pret the fee ted with M_{0} $) \ge 1$ (i.e. V pre the drive If may have	i limit is ap edback sign otor Contro M_POSITI e can interp e a maximu	plied so that nal correctly of Feedback VE_REF_C oret the feed um speed lin	the position as given in <i>Select</i> (03.1 LAMP1 = 50 Iback in sen nit that is lo	n feedback the table 026). It is 0000.0), so isorless wer than
			Feedback device VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX]									
		,	AB, (500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution) rpm AB Servo (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s									
Definition			FD, FR, FD Servo, FR Servo			(500 kHz x 60 / rotary lines per revolution)/2 rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm)/2 mm/s						
Demition		SC	I SC Hiper SC Enligt				(500 kHz x 60 / sine waves per revolution) rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s					
		Res	Resolver (250 Hz x 60) rpm (250 Hz x pole pitch in r			•	י mm) mm/s					
		Any	other devic	e	500	000.0 rpm c	or mm/s					
		In Ri	In open-loop mode VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] is fixed at 550.0 Hz In RFC mode a limit is applied to the speed reference of 550 x 60 / Motor pole pairs. Therefore, with a 4 pole motor the limit for VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] will be 16,500 rpm.									
		VM_	POSITIVE_	REF_CLAI	MP1[MIN] =	0.0						
		VM_	POSITIVE	REF_CLAI		lefines the	ame way as \ range of the s.	_		-	•	rence

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	with maximum a.c. outp	ating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive ut voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor. 3 x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000 M POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	_CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	А	
Range of [MIN]	0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [I Heavy Duty rating of the d VM_RATED_CURRENT [I	

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VM_REGEN	REACTIVE Range applied to the reactive current reference in Regen mode
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX] Applies a limit to the reactive current reference in Regen mode so that the total current reference does not exceed its maximum allowed level. VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MIN] = - VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX]

	VM_SPEED	Range applied to parameters showing speed
Units	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC	C-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
		nimum/maximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot to twice the range of the speed references.
Definition	VM_SPEED[MA	X] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	VM SPEEDIMI	N] = 2 x VM SPEED FREQ REF[MIN]

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_KEYPAD_REF	Range applied to the key	bad reference					
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s						
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to	50000.0						
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0						
	parameters is the same as on VM SPEED FREQ USER	other frequency reference	•					
	However the minimum is de (01.010). Negative Reference	pendent on Negative Rei Bipolar Reference	Ference Clamp Enable (01.008) and Bipolar Reference Enable					
Definition	However the minimum is de (01.010).	pendent on Negative Ret	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN] If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise					
Definition	However the minimum is de (01.010). Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	pendent on <i>Negative Rel</i> Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN] If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0					
Definition	However the minimum is de (01.010). Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008) 0	pendent on <i>Negative Rel</i> Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN] If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference Clamp (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)					

VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or ı	nm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5	
Definition	If Pr 01.008 = 1: VM_SF If the second motor map Pr 01.007 .	PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger. to is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instead of F[MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].

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VM_SPEED_FREG	
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to Anal	og reference parameters			
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s				
Range of [MIN]		Open-loop: -550.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 50000.0				
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0				
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]			
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007			
Definition	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
	1	0	0.0			
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			

VM_STD_	UNDER_VOLTS	Range applied to the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		S[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 S[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.

VM_SUPPLY	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4.

VM_SWITCHING	FREQUENCY Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters
Units	User units
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)

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VM_TORQUE	CURRENT Range applied to torque Regen mode it refers to	e and torque producing current parameters (where this is used in the active current)	
Units	%		
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0		
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0		
	Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]	
Definition	0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]	
Deminion	1 VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]		
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MIN] = -VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT[MAX]	

VM_TORQUE_CUR	RENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0

VM_USER_	CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[M User Current Maximum Si VM_USER_CURRENT_H Torque Offset (04.009). Th output value to be defined The maximum value (VM_	AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) IN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] caling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and IIGH_RES which are applied to <i>Percentage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and his is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale I by the user. _TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default pme drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

VM_USER_CUR	RENT_HIGH_RES Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal places
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 1000.00
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal place VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to Percentage Load (04.020), Torque Reference (04.008) and Torque Offset (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale output value to be defined by the user. The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

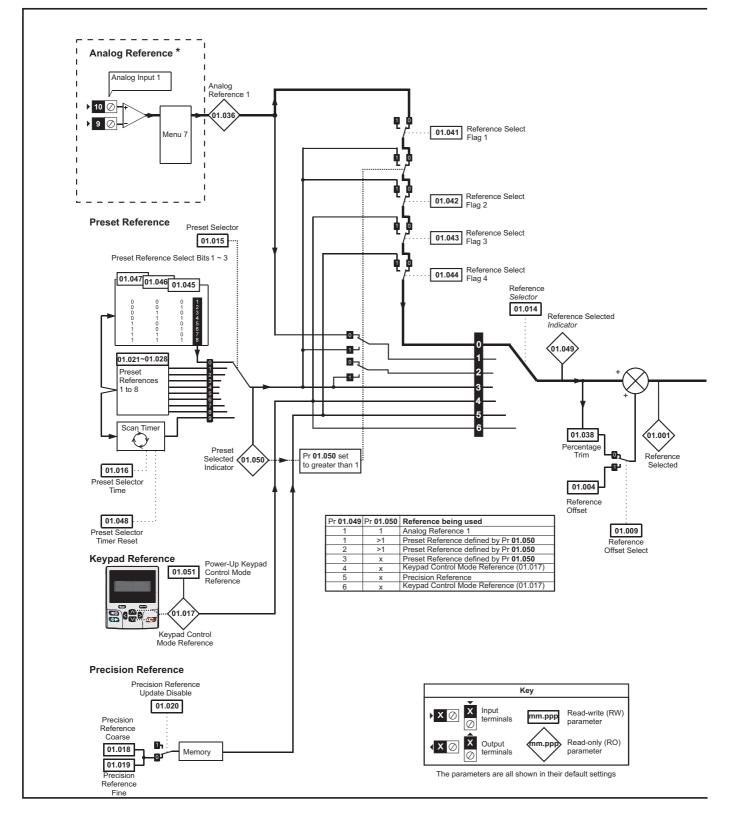
Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

Variable min/max	Voltage	level (V)
Variable minimax	200 V	400 V
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	400	800
VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	415	830
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	265	530
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN]	205	410
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	1500	1500

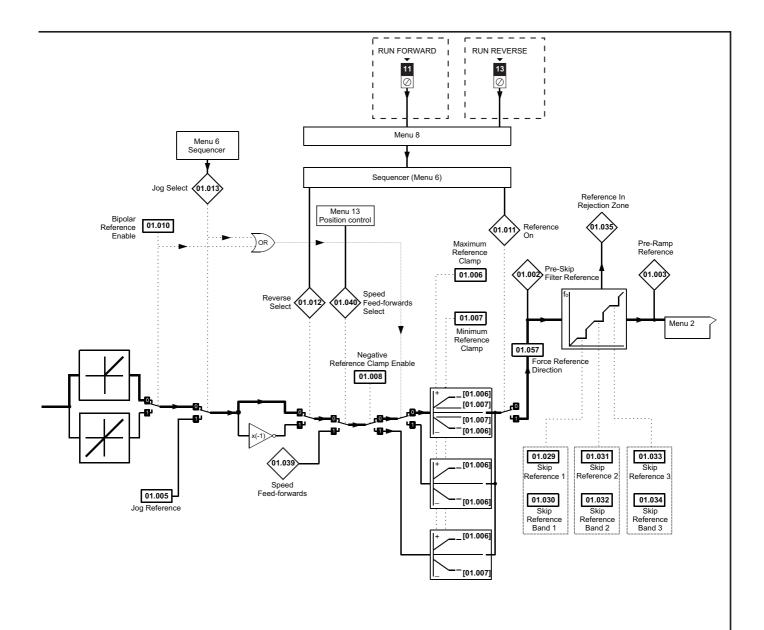
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters		information

11.2 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimzation	Operation	PLC	parameters	Blaghootloo	information



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

		Rang	ge(ၞ)		Default(⇔)		I					-
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
01.001	Reference Selected	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm	-	II	-	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-Skip Filter Reference	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	—
01.003	Pre-Ramp Reference	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
01.004	Reference Offset	VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 4000.0 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50Hz: 1500.0 60Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offset Select	Off (0) of	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	,,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On		or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	,,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
01.012	Jog Select	.,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0), A1 Preset (1), A2 Pr	eset (2), Preset (3), Keypad (4), Keypad Ref (6)		A1 Preset (1)		RW	Txt	ND	110		US
01.015	Preset Selector		0 9		0		RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Time		400.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference		Q KEYPAD REF		0.0		RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.017	Precision Reference Coarse		FREQ REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.019	Precision Reference Fine	0.000 to 0.099 Hz	0.000 to 0.099 rpm		0.000		RW	Num				US
01.010	Precision Reference Update Disable		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		00
01.020	Preset Reference 1		FREQ REF		0.0		RW	Num		NC		US
01.021	Preset Reference 2	-	FREQ_REF				RW					US
					0.0			Num				
01.023	Preset Reference 3		_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	-	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	VM_SPEED			0.0		RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	-	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	-	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	-	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.036	Analog Reference 1	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Reference 2	REFS Hz	REFS rpm		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.038	Percentage Trim	±100	.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num		NC		
01.039	Speed Feed-forwards	VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.040	Speed Feed-forwards Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC		
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC		
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC		
01.044	Reference Select Flag 4		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	1	NC		
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	-	NC		
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset	.,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator		0 6		- (-/		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator		08				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
	Power-up Keypad Control Mode											\vdash
01.051 01.055	Reference Linear Speed Select	Reset (0), Las	0ff (0) or On (1)		Reset (0)	0)	RW RW	Txt Bit				US US
01.055	Linear Speed Selected		Off (0) or On (1)				RO		ND	NC	PT	03
		None (0) Essuer	., .,		None (0)			Bit		NC	гI	
01.057	Force Reference Direction	None (U), Forwar	d (1), Reverse (2)		None (0)		RW	Txt				1

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

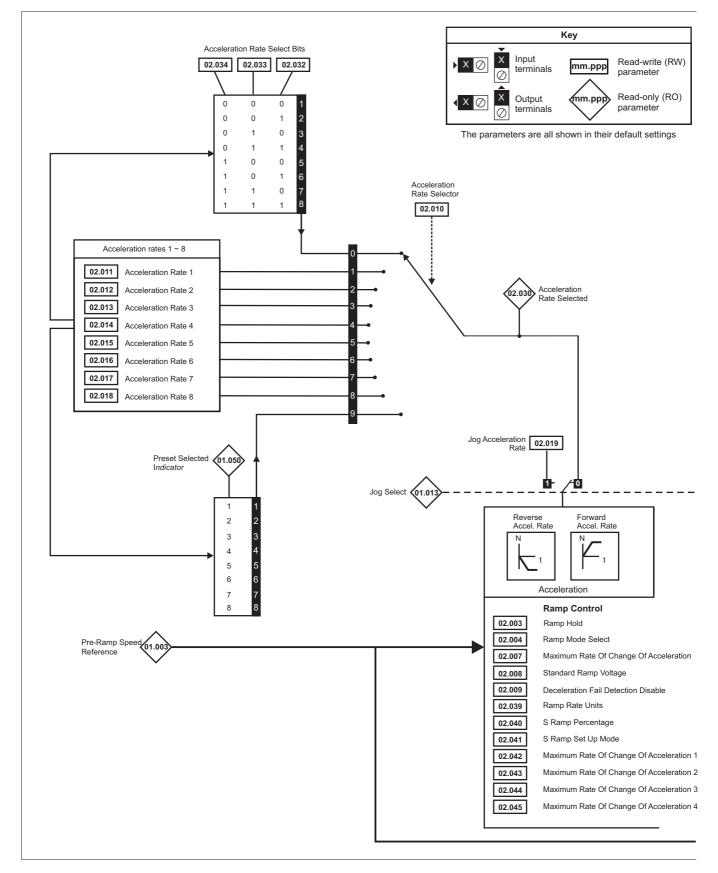
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

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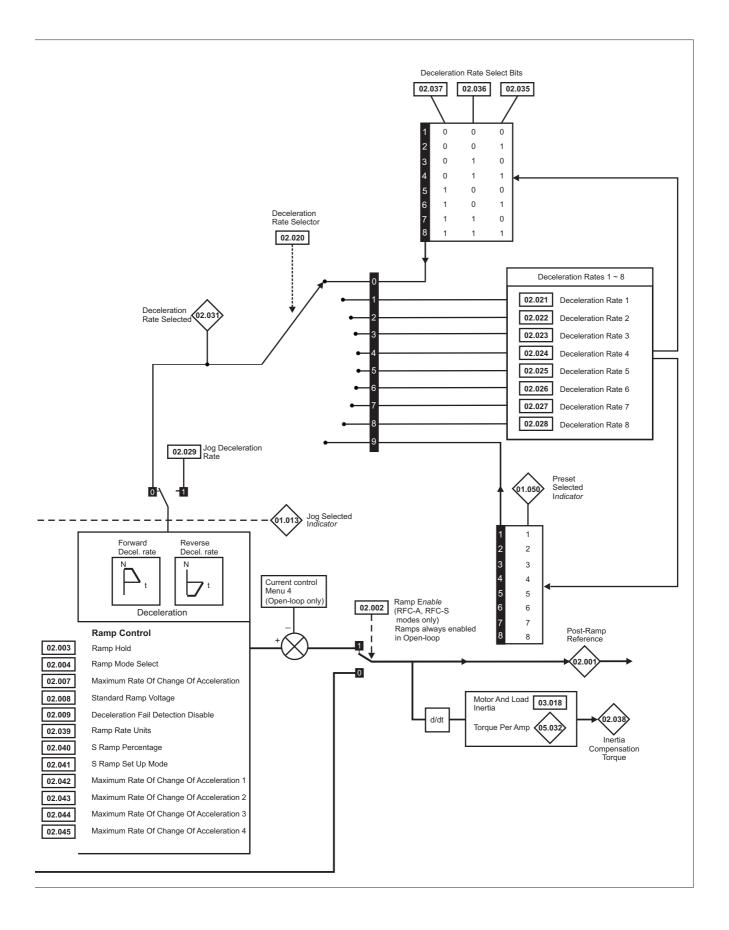
	ameters Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.3 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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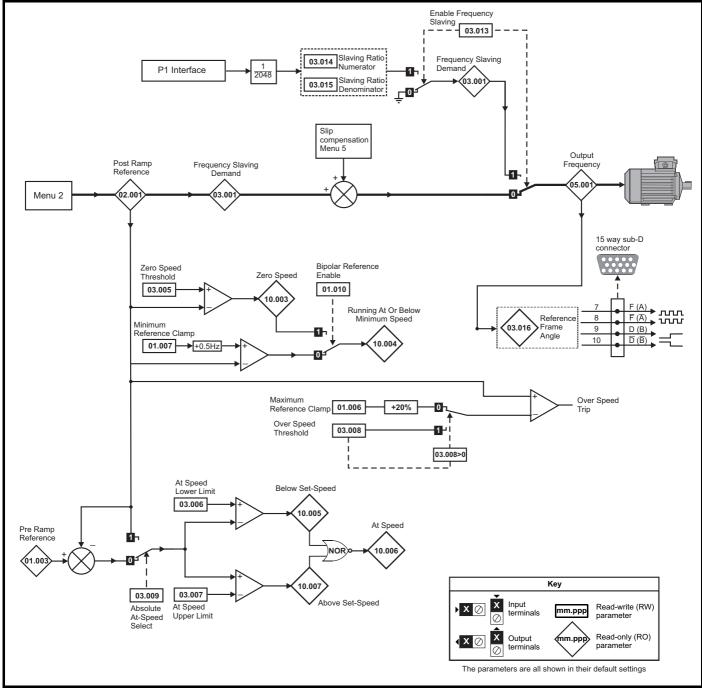


Safety informati		roduct ormation	Mechar installa		Electric installati		Getting started	Basic parameters		Running ne motor	Optimizatio	n	D Card peration	Onboard PLC	Advan parame		Diagn	ostics		L listi ormat	
						I		Rang	je(û)				De	fault(⇔)		I		-			
		Param	neter				OL			RFC-	A/S		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
02.001	Post Ram	np Refere	nce				VM_SPEED_ REF H		V	M_SPEED						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
02.002	Ramp En	able				_	REF N	2		Off (0) or				Or	n (1)	RW	Bit			<u> </u>	US
	Ramp Ho							Off (0) o	r On ('		0(1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mo	de					Fast (0), Stan		E	ast (0), Sta	andard (1)	Sta	ndard (1)	Fas	st (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Disable R		out				Std boost	: (2)		Off (0) or					f (0)	RW	Bit				US
	S Ramp I		ραι			-		Off (0) o	r On ('		On (1)			Off (0)	1(0)	RW	Bit				US
			Change O	of Accel	eration	(0.0 to 300.0 s				0 s ² /1000 rpm		3.1	1.500	0.030	RW	Num				US
	Standard							o VM_DC_VC					200 V 50 Hz - 40	drive: 375 \ 00 V drive: 7 00 V drive: 7	/ /50 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Decelerat	tion Fail D	Detection D	Disable				Off (0) o	r On ('	1)				Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
02.010	Accelerat	ion Rate	Selector					0 to	0 9					0		RW	Num				US
02.011	Accelerat	ion Rate	1			0.	0 to VM_ACC		0.00		CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
						0.	s/100 H 0 to VM ACC		0.00	s/1000 0 to VM_A	CCEL RATE										
02.012	Accelerat	ion Rate 2	2				s/100 F	lz		s/1000	rpm		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.013	Accelerat	ion Rate 3	3			0.	0 to VM_ACO. s/100 H		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.014	Accelerat	ion Rate	4			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.015	Accelerat	ion Rate	5			0.	0 to VM_ACC s/100 F	EL_RATE	0.00		CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.016	Accelerat	ion Rate	6			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.017	Accelerat	ion Rate	7				0 to VM_ACC. s/100 F	EL_RATE		0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.018	Accelerat	ion Rate	8			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 H		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Acce	leration R	late			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 H		0.00		CCEL_RATE		0.2 s	0.0	00 s	RW	Num				US
02.020	Decelerat	tion Rate	Selector					0 to	o 9					0		RW	Num				US
02.021	Decelerat	tion Rate	1			0.	0 to VM_ACO. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.022	Decelerat	tion Rate	2			0.	0 to VM_ACC s/100 F	EL_RATE	0.00		CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.023	Decelerat	tion Rate	3			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.024	Decelerat	tion Rate	4			0.	0 to VM_ACC s/100 H	EL_RATE	0.00		CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.025	Decelerat	tion Rate	5			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 H		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.026	Decelerat	tion Rate	6			0.	0 to VM_ACO. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.027	Decelerat	tion Rate	7				0 to VM_ACO. s/100 F	lz		s/1000	•		10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.028	Decelerat	tion Rate	8				0 to VM_ACO. s/100 F	lz		s/1000			10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
02.029	Jog Dece	leration R	Rate			0.	0 to VM_ACC. s/100 F		0.00	0 to VM_A s/1000	CCEL_RATE		0.2 s	0.0	00 s	RW	Num				US
02.030	Accelerat	ion Rate	Selected					0 to	o 8							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Decelerat	tion Rate	Selected					0 to	8 0							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
			Select Bit (Off (0) o		·				Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
			Select Bit					Off (0) o		,				Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
			Select Bit 2			<u> </u>		Off (0) o						Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC	<u> </u>	-
			Select Bit			-		Off (0) o Off (0) o						Off (0) Off (0)		RW RW	Bit Bit		NC NC	┣	
			Select Bit			-		Off (0) o		,				Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC	├──	<u> </u>
			ion Torque							±1000	.0 %			/		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	+
	Ramp Ra							Off (0) o	r On ('					Off (0)		RW	Blt				US
02.040	S Ramp I	Percentag	je			1		0.0 to §	50.0 %	,				0.0 %		RW				-	US
02.041	S Ramp S	Set-up Mo	ode			1	Single (0), Percentage	e (1), li	ndepende	nt (2)		S	ingle (0)		RW	Txt				US
02.042	Maximum	Rate Of	Change O	of Accel	leration 1		0.0 to 30	0.0		0.000 to 7	000.000		0.0	0.	000	RW	Num				US
02.043	Maximum	Rate Of	Change O	of Accel	leration 2		0.0 to 30	0.0		0.000 to 7	00.000		0.0	0.	000	RW	Num				US
			Change O				0.0 to 30			0.000 to 7			0.0		000	RW	Num				US
02.045	Maximum	Rate Of	Change O	of Accel	leration 4		0.0 to 30	0.0		0.000 to 7	00.000		0.0	0.	000	RW	Num				US
RW Re	ead / Write	e	RO Re	ead onl	ly Nu	ım	Number parar	neter	Bit	Bit parar	neter	Txt	Text string) Bin	Binary pa	ramete	er	FI	Filte	ered	_
ND No	o default v	alue	NC No	ot copie	ed P	Т	Protected para	ameter	RA	Rating d	ependent	US	User save	PS	Power-do	wn sa	ve	DE	Des	tinatio	on

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

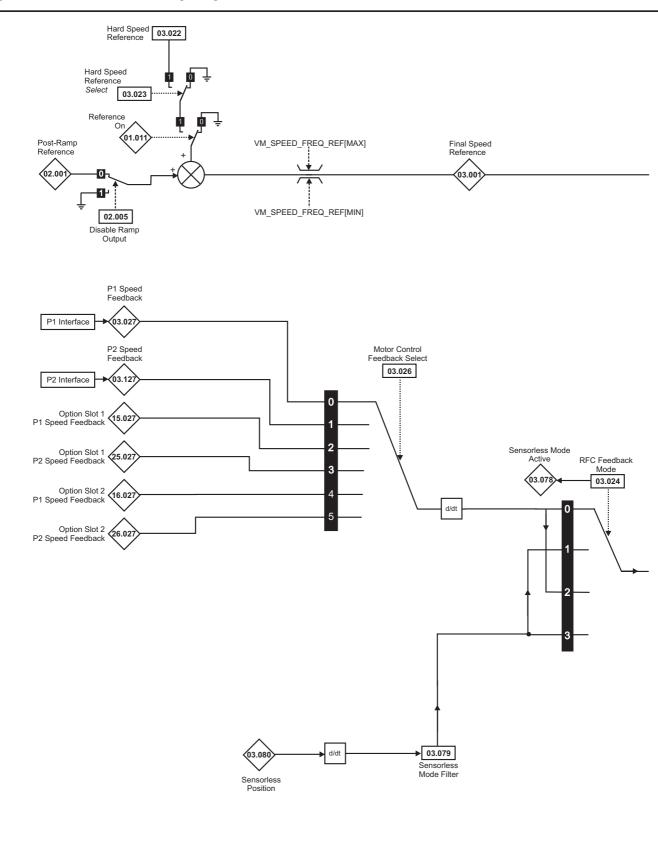
11.4 Menu 3: Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					p							

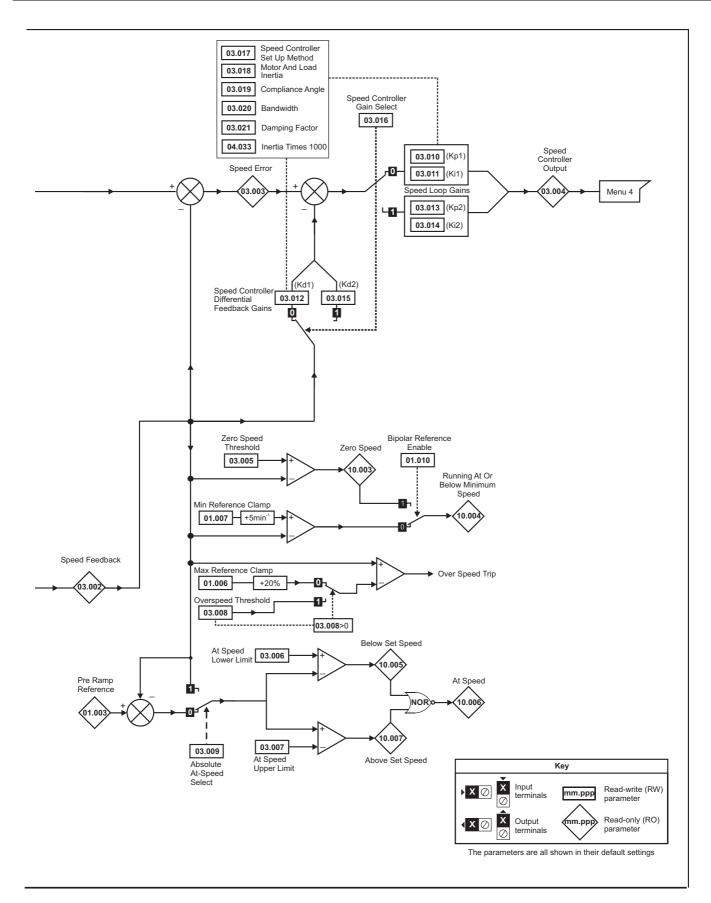


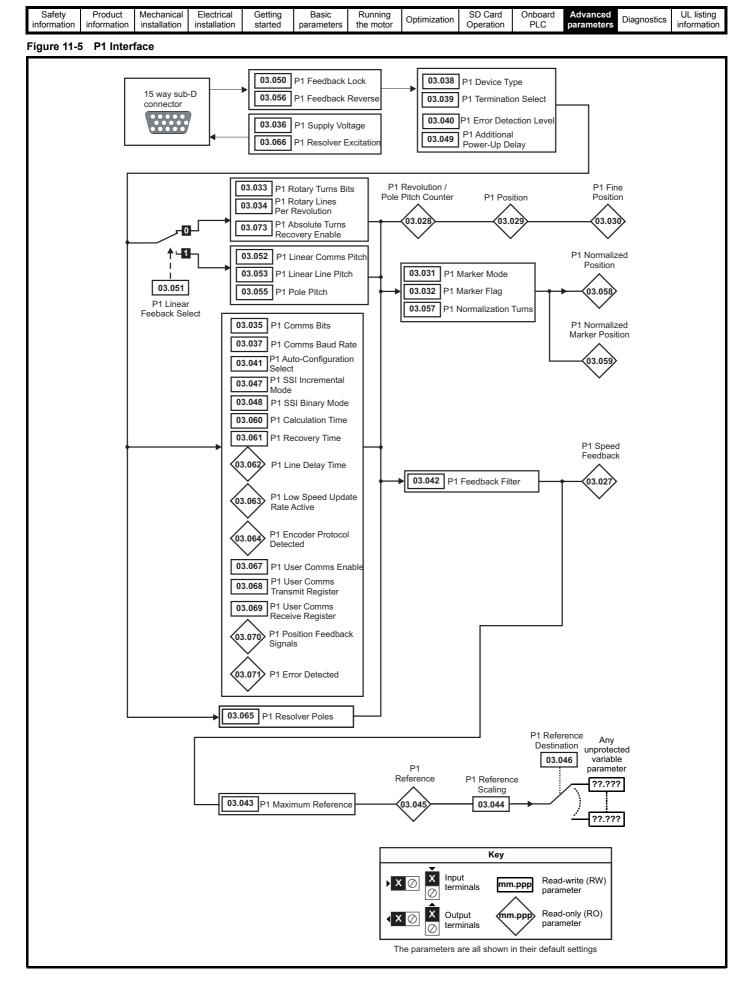


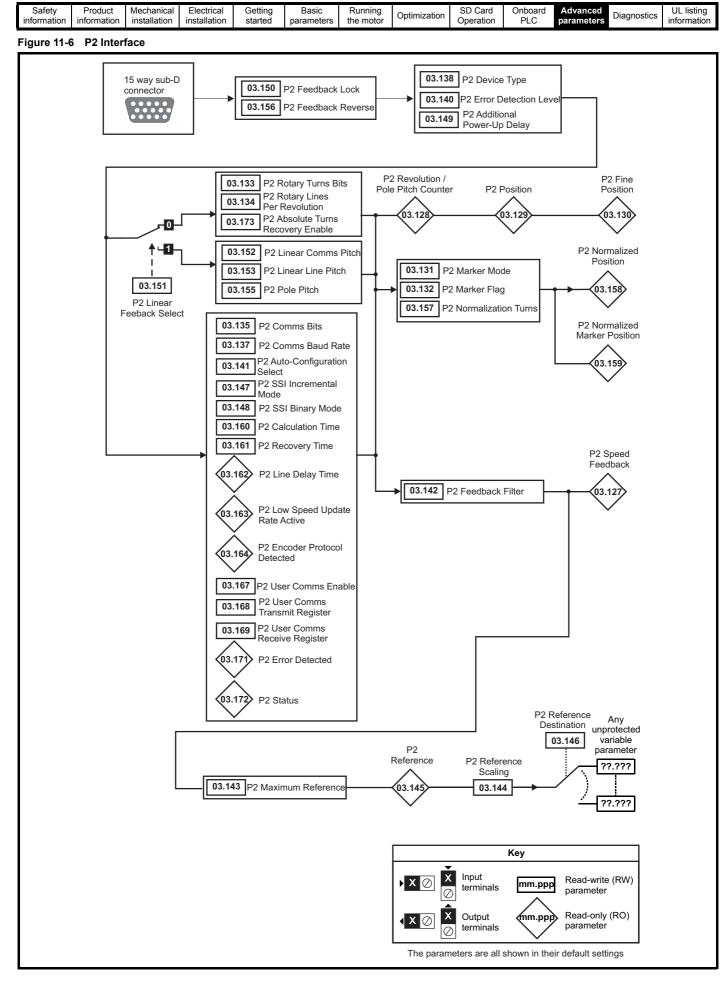
NOTE

* Automatic change over if the relevant 'bit' of Position Feedback Initialized (03.076) is 0.

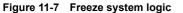
Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics U				Dasic	5	Optimization		DI C		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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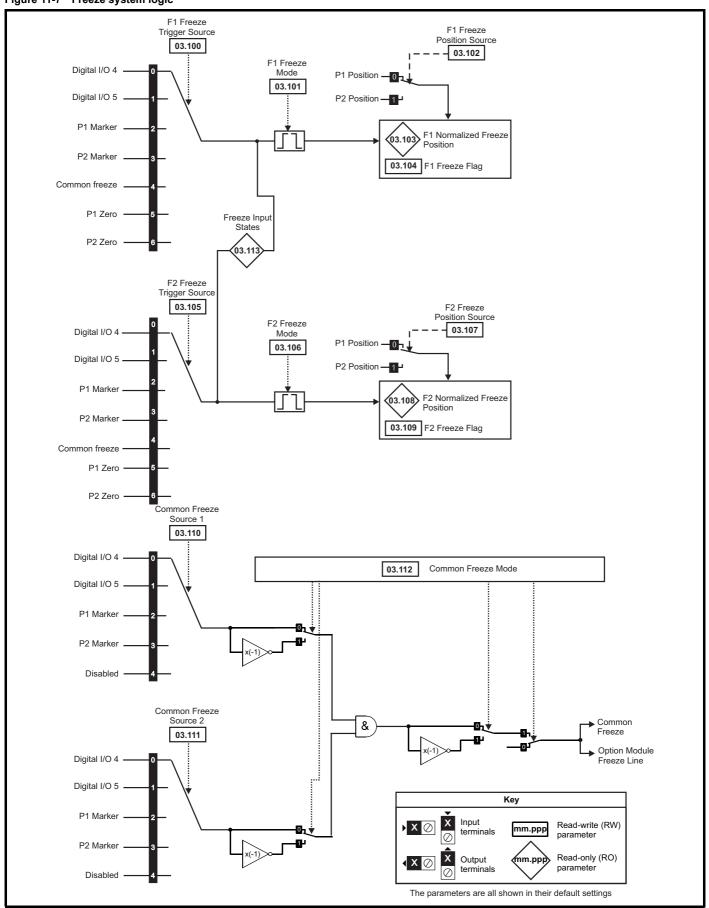


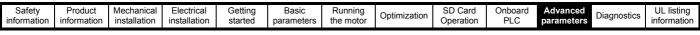




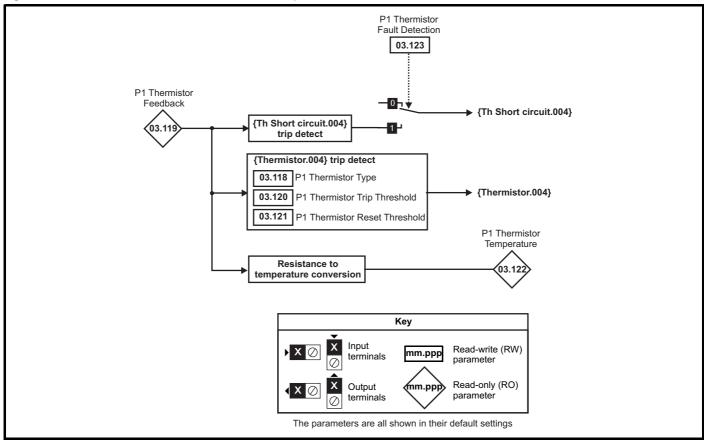
	Product formation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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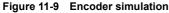


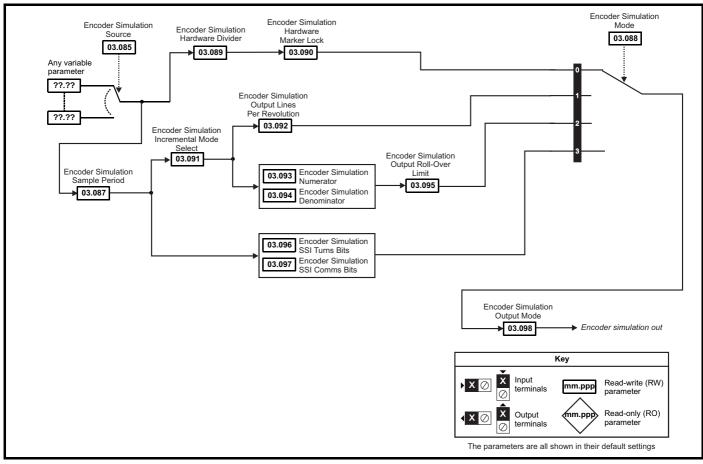












i	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
						•							

1			Range			Default		—					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
	Open-loop> Frequency Slaving Demand	±1000.0 Hz	NI O-A	N 0-5	UL	KI U-A	Ki 0-0	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.001	RFC> Final Speed Reference	11000.0112	VM S	SPEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedback		-	SPEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error			SPEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Speed Controller Output			CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Speed Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	-	 00 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 r	pm	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Lower Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33	,000 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 r	pm	RW	Num	-			US
03.007	At Speed Upper Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33	,000 rpm	1.0 Hz 5 rpm		pm	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed Threshold	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 40	,000 rpm	0.0 Hz	0 r	pm	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Speed Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.010	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.0000 to 20	00.0000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.011	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 65	5.35 s ² /rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0	0.65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Open-loop> Enable Frequency Slaving	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.010	RFC> Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.0000 to 20	00.0000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Numerator	0.000 to 1.000			1.000			RW	Num				US
	RFC> Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki2		0.00 to 65	5.35 s ² /rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
	Open-loop> Slaving Ratio Denominator	0.001 to 1.000			1.000			RW	Num				US
03.015	RFC> Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0).65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
	Open-loop> Reference Frame Angle	0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.016	RFC> Speed Controller Gain Select	0100000	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off	⁻ (0)	RW	Bit			$\left \right $	US
			.,	Bandwidth (1),			(-)		Dit				00
03.017	Speed Controller Set-up Method		Comp A Kp Gain T Low Perfo Std Perfo High Perfo	Angle (2), imes 16 (3), rmance (4), rmance (5), ormance (6), Order (7)		Disab	led (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.018	Motor And Load Inertia		0.00000 to 1000.00000 kgm ²			0.0000	0 kgm ²	RW	Num				US
03.019	Compliance Angle			360.0°		4.	-	RW	Num				US
03.020	Bandwidth			000 Hz		10	Hz	RW	Num				US
03.021	Damping Factor		0.0 t	o 10.0		1	.0	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Speed Reference		VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF	-	0	.0	RW	Num	-			US
03.023	Hard Speed Reference Select		Off (0)	or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.024	RFC Feedback Mode		Feedback	Sensorless (1), NoMax (2), s NoMax (3)		Feedback (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.025	Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9°			0.0°	RW	Num	ND			US
03.026	Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot 1 (2)	, P2 Drive (1), , P2 Slot 1 (3), , P2 Slot 2 (5),		P1 Dr	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.027	P1 Speed Feedback		VM_SPEED					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.028	P1 Revolution/Pole Pitch Counter		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
03.029	P1 Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
03.030	P1 Fine Position		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.031	P1 Marker Mode		0000 to 1111			0100		RW	Bin				US
03.032	P1 Marker Flag		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
03.033	P1 Rotary Turns Bits		0 to 16			16		RW	Num				US
03.034	P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution		1 to 100000		10	024	4096	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
03.035	P1 Comms Bits		0 to 48			0		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
03.036	P1 Supply Voltage		/ (0), 8V (1), 15V			5V (0)		RW	Txt	_			US
03.037	P1 Comms Baud Rate	1M (5)	(1), 300k (2), 400 , 1.5M (6), 2M (7),	4M (8)		300k (2)	1	RW	Txt	<u> </u>			US
03.038	P1 Device Type	AB (0), FD (1), FR (2), AB Servo (3), FD Servo (4), FR Servo (5), SC (6), SC Hiperface (7), EnDat (8), SC EnDat (9), SSI (10), SC SSI (11), SC Servo (12), BiSS (13), Resolver (14), SC SC (15), Commutation Only (16), SC BiSS (17)		AE	3 (0)	AB Servo (3)	RW	Txt				US	
03.039	P1 Termination Select		0 to 2			1		RW	Num				US
03.040	P1 Error Detection Level		0000 to 1111		0000	00	101	RW	Bin				US
		0000 to 1111 Disabled (0) or Enabled (1)		0000 0001 Enabled (1)			RW	Test	1			US	
03.041	P1 Auto-configuration Select	Disabled (0) or Enabled (1) Disabled (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 4 (3), 8 (4), 16 (5) ms		ed (1)		Ellabled (1)			Txt				
03.041 03.042 03.043	P1 Auto-configuration Select P1 Feedback Filter			.,		Disabled (0)	3000 rpm	RW	Txt				US

Safety informat	·	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimi	zation	Card ration	Onboa PLC			Diagn	ostics		L listi ormat	
		-				Range				Def	ault				_			
		Paran	neter		OL	RFC-A	A RI	FC-S	OL	RF	C-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
03.044	P1 Ref	ference Scali	ing			0.000 to 4.0	000			1.(000		RW	Num				US
03.045		ference				±100.0 %	Ď						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.046	P1 Ref	ference desti	nation			0.000 to 59.	999			0.0	000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
03.047	P1 SS	I Incremental	I Mode			Off (0) or Or	n (1)			Off	⁻ (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.048	P1 SS	I Binary Mod	e			Off (0) or Or	n (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit				US
03.049	P1 Add	ditional Powe	er-up Delay			0.0 to 25.0	s				0 s		RW	Num				US
03.050		edback Lock				Off (0) or Or	n (1)				(0)		RW	Bit				US
03.051		ear Feedbac				Off (0) or Or					^r (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.052 03.053		ear Comms I				0.001 to 100					001 001		RW RW	Num				US
03.053		ear Line Pitcl	n And Line Pitch U	Inito	million	0.001 to 100					tres (0)		RW	Num Txt				US US
03.055		e Pitch	And Line Pitch U	Jriits	rnmrr	etres (0) or mic	. ,				0 mm		RW	Num				US
03.056		edback Reve	100			Off (0) or Or					⁷ (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.057		rmalization T				0 to 16	(1)				6		RW	Num				US
03.058		rmalized Pos			-21	47483648 to 21	47483647				-		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	00
03.059		rmalized Mar				47483648 to 21							RO	Num	ND		PT	
03.060		culation Time				0 to 20 µs				5	μs		RW	Num	-	-		US
03.061		covery Time				5 to 100 µ				30	μs		RW	Num				US
03.062		e Delay Time	9			0 to 5000 i							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
03.063	P1 Lov	v Speed Upd	late Rate Active			Off (0) or Or	n (1)						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.064	P1 End	coder Protoc	ol Detected		None (0), Hiperface (1),),					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
			0. 2000000			EnDat 2.2	. ,		2 Poles (1)			RW					US	
03.065	P1 Res	solver Poles			2 F 6kHz 3V (0), 8I	Poles (1) to 20 F		- 21/ (2)		2 P0	es (1)		RW					05
03.066	P1 Re	solver Excita	tion		().), 8kHz Fast (5 8kHz 2V Fas), 6kHz 2V Fa		6kHz	: 3V (0)		6kHz 3V Fast (4)	RW	Txt				US
03.067	P1 Use	er Comms Er	nable			0 to 1					0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.068	P1 Use	er Comms Tr	ansmit Register			0 to 6553	5				0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.069			eceive Register			0 to 6553	5				0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.070		sition Feedba	ack Signals			000000 to 11							RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
03.071		or Detected				Off (0) or Or				0"	(0)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.073			Recovery Enabl	le		Off (0) or Or	.,				⁻ (0) 0		RW RW	Bit				US
03.074 03.075		ditional Confi	0			0 to 511116					5 (0)		RW	Bit		NC		US
03.075		e Position Feedback			000	Off (0) or Or	()				00000		RO	Bit Bin		NC NC	PT	
03.078		rless Mode A			000		(0) or On (1)						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.079		rless Mode F					6 (2), 32 (3),			4 (0) ms	64 (4) ms	RW	Txt		110		US
03.080		rless Positior					648 to 214748			· ·	<u>′</u>		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.083			lameplate Trans	fer		Off (0) or Or	n (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit				US
03.085		er Simulation				0.000 to 59.	. ,		3.016		0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
03.086	Encod	er Simulatior	n Status		None (0), Full (1), No M	larker Pulse (2	2)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.087	Encod	er Simulatior	Sample Period		0.25	(0), 1 (1), 4, (2)), 16 (3) ms		4 (2) ms		0.25 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
03.088	Encod	er Simulatior	n Mode		Hardware (0),	Lines Per Rev	(1), Ratio (2),	SSI (3)	Lines Per Rev		Hardwa	are (0)	RW	Txt				US
03.089			n Hardware Divid	der	- (*)	0 to 7		. /	(1)		0		RW	Num	-			US
03.090			Hardware Mark			Off (0) or Or	n (1)				^r (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.091			Incremental Mo			Off (0) or Or	.,		On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.092		er Simulation	n Output Lines P			1 to 1638	. ,		1024		40	96	RW	Num				US
03.093	Encod	er Simulation	Numerator			1 to 6553	6			65	536		RW	Num				US
03.094	Encod	er Simulatior	Denominator			1 to 6553	6				536		RW	Num				US
03.095	Encod	er Simulatior	o Output Roll-ove	er Limit		1 to 6553	5				535		RW	Num				US
03.096	Encod	er Simulation	SSI Turns Bits			0 to 16					6		RW	Num				US
03.097			n SSI Comms Bit	ts		2 to 48					13		RW	Num				US
03.098	Encod	er Simulatior	Output Mode			(0), FD/Binary (AB/G	ray (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.100	F1 Fre	eze Trigger S	Source		P2 Marker (3),	(0), Digital Inpu Common (4), P (0), Falling 1st	1 Zero (5), P2	Zero (6)	ro (6))	RW	Txt				US
03.101	F1 Fre	eze Mode			TTIBILITY ISL	Falling all ((<i>~)</i> ,		Rising	1st (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.102	F1 Fre	eze Position	Source			P1 (0), P2 (1), T	ime (2)			P1	(0)		RW	Txt				US
03.103		malized Free	eze Position		-21	47483648 to 21	47483647						RO	Num	ND		PT	
03.104	F1 Fre	eze Flag				Off (0) or Or	າ (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

Safety informat		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimi	zation	SD Card Operation	Onboa PLC			Diagno	ostics		L listi orma	
					Range				De	fault				_			
	Para	meter		OL	RFC-4	A RI	-C-S	0	L RF	-C-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
03.105	F2 Freeze Trigge	r Source			(0), Digital Inpu Common (4), P				Digital	Input 4 (0))	RW	Txt				US
03.106	F2 Freeze Mode			Rising 1st	(0), Falling 1st Falling all		(2),		Risin	g 1st (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.107	F2 Freeze Positio	n Source			P1 (0), P2 (1), 1	Time (2)			Р	1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.108	F2 Normalized Fr	eeze Position		-21	47483648 to 21	47483647						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.109	F2 Freeze Flag				Off (0) or Or	1) ו			0	ff (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.110	Common Freeze	Source 1			(0), Digital Inpu 2 Marker (3), Dis		rker (2),		Digital	Input 4 (0))	RW	Txt				US
03.111	Common Freeze	Source 2			(0), Digital Inpu 2 Marker (3), Dis		rker (2),		Digital	Input 4 (0))	RW	Txt				US
03.112	Common Freeze	Mode			0000 to 11				0		RW	Bin				US	
03.113	Freeze Input Stat	es			00 to 11							RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
03.118	P1 Thermistor Ty	ре		DIN44	082 (0), KTY84	(1), 0.8mA (2)			DIN4	4082 (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.119	P1 Thermistor Fe	edback			0 to 5000	Ω						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
03.120	P1 Thermistor Tri	p Threshold			0 to 5000	Ω			33	Ω 00		RW	Num				US
	P1 Thermistor Re				0 to 5000				18	Ω 00		RW	Num				US
	P1 Thermistor Te	P			-50 to 300						Terreture	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.120	P1 Thermistor Fa			None (0), T	emperature (1)		rt (2)		None (0)	Temperature (1)	RW	Txt				US	
	P2 Speed Feedbare				±VM_SPE					RO RO	Num Num	ND	NC	PT PT	FI		
	P2 Revolution/Po	le Pitch Counter			0 to 6553							RO	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT	PS PS
	P2 Fine Position				0 to 6553							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	P2 Marker Mode				0100					Bin				US			
	P2 Marker Flag				0000 to 11 Off (0) or Or				0	ff (0)		RW RW	Bit		NC		
	P2 Rotary Turns	Bits			0 to 16	.,				16		RW	Num				US
03.134	P2 Rotary Lines I	Per Revolution			0 to 1000	00			1024	4096	RW	Num				US	
03.135	P2 Comms Bits			0 to 100000 0 to 48			0			RW	Num				US		
03.137	P2 Comms Baud	Rate		100k (0), 200k (1), 300k (2), 400k (3), 500k (4), 1M (5), 1.5M (6), 2M (7), 4M (8) Baud				300k	(2) Baud		RW	Txt				US	
03.138	P2 Device type			1M (5), 1.5M (6), 2M (7), 4M (8) Baud None (0), AB (1), FD (2), FR (3), EnDat (4), SSI (5), BiSS (6)					No	ne (0)		RW	Txt				US
03.140	P2 Error Detectio	n Level			0000 to 11	11			0	001		RW	Bin				US
03.141	P2 Auto-configura	ation Select		Disabled (0), Enabled (1)					Enal	bled (1)		RW RW	Txt				US
	P2 Feedback Filt			Disabled (0)), 1 (1), 2 (2), 4	(3), 8 (4), 16 (5) ms	Disabled (0)					Txt				US
	P2 Maximum Ref				0 to 33,000				1500 rpm	.000	3000 rpm	RW	Num				US
	P2 Reference Sc	aling			0.000 to 4.0				1		RW RO	Num Num	ND	NC	PT	US	
	P2 Reference P2 Reference De	atination			±100.0 %				0	.000		RW	Num	DE	NC	PT	FI US
	P2 SSI Increment				Off (0) or Or					ff (0)		RW	Bit	DL			US
	P2 SSI Binary Mo				Off (0) or Or					ff (0)		RW	Bit				US
	P2 Additional Pov				0.0 to 25.0	.,				0.0 s		RW	Num				US
	P2 Feedback Loc				Off (0) or Or				0	ff (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.151	P2 Linear Feedba	ick Select			Off (0) or Or	า (1)			0	ff (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.152	P2 Linear Comm	Pitch			0.001 to 100	.000			0	.001		RW	Num				US
	P2 Linear Line Pi	ich			0.001 to 100	.000				.001		RW	Num				US
	P2 Linear Comm	And Line Pitch L	Jnits	Millin	netres (0) or Mic					etres (0)		RW	Txt				US
	P2 Pole Pitch				0.01 to 1000.0					00 mm		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
	P2 Feedback Rev				Off (0) or Or	า (1)				ff (0)		RW	Bit	<u> </u>			US
	P2 Normalization				0 to 16	47492647				16		RW RO	Num Num	ND	NC	PT	US
	P2 Normalized P P2 Normalized M				47483648 to 21							RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	⊢┦
	P2 Calculation Ti			2	0 to 20 µ				5	δμs		RW	Num				US
	P2 Recovery Tim				5 to 100 µ					•		RW	Num				US
	P2 Line Delay Tir				0 to 5000			30 µs				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
	P2 Low Speed U		•		Off (0) or Or							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	P2 Encoder Proto			None (0), Hipe	rface (1), EnDa	.,	at 2.2 (3)	2 (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.167	P2 User Comms	Enable			0 to 1			0				RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.168	P2 User Comms	Transmit Register	r		0 to 6553	5				0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.169	P2 User Comms	Receive Register			0 to 6553	5	_			0		RW	Num		NC	PT	
03.171	P2 Error Detected	1	_		Off (0) or Or	ו (1)						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

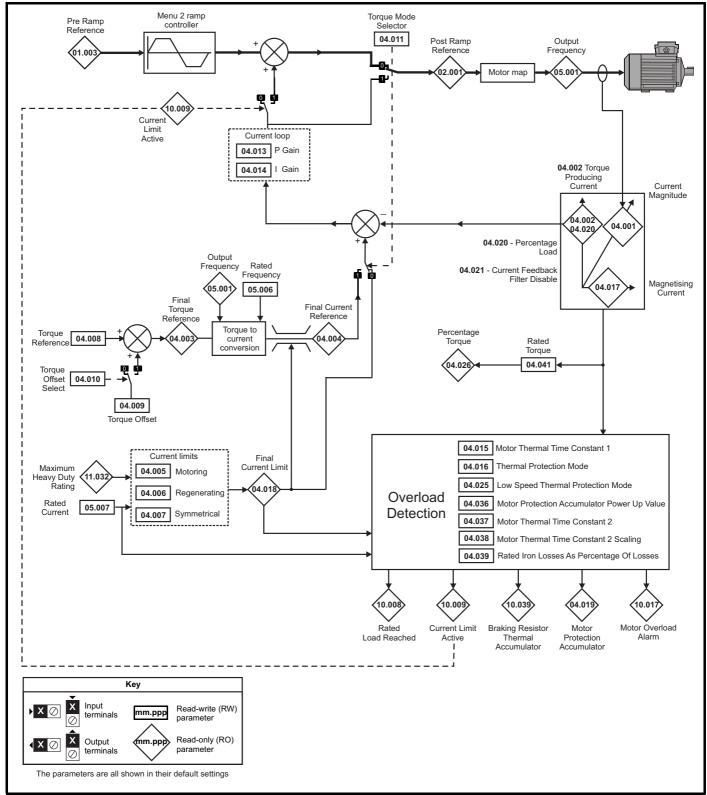
Safet informa	,	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	imization SD Card Onboard Ado Operation PLC para				Diagno	ostics		L listii ormat	
	Paran	notor			Range			De	fault				Тур	0		٦
	Falaii	ietei		OL	RFC-A	A RF	C-S (DL RF	C-A I	RFC-S			тур	e		
03.172	P2 Status				(1), FD (2), FR (EnDat Alt (7), SS		SSI (5),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
03.173	P2 Absolute Turns	Recovery Enab	le		Off (0) or Or	n (1)		0	ff (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.174	P1 Additional Confi	guration			0 to 511116	116		0			RW					

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Sa	afety rmation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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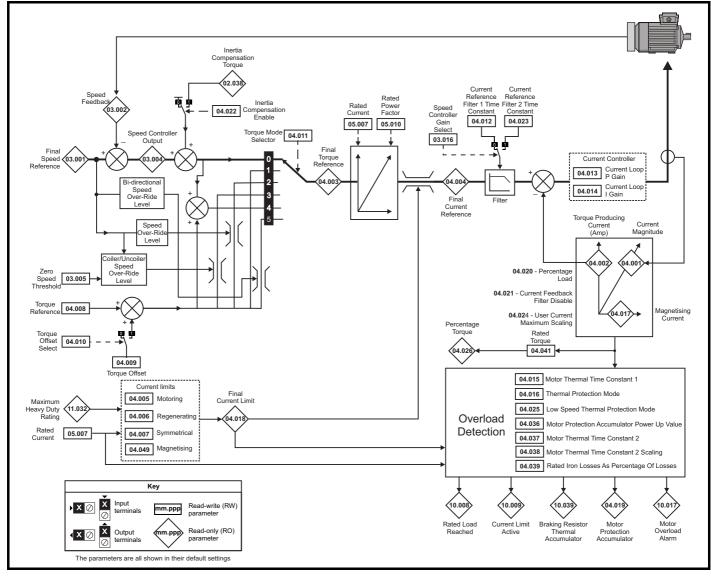
11.5 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 11-10 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



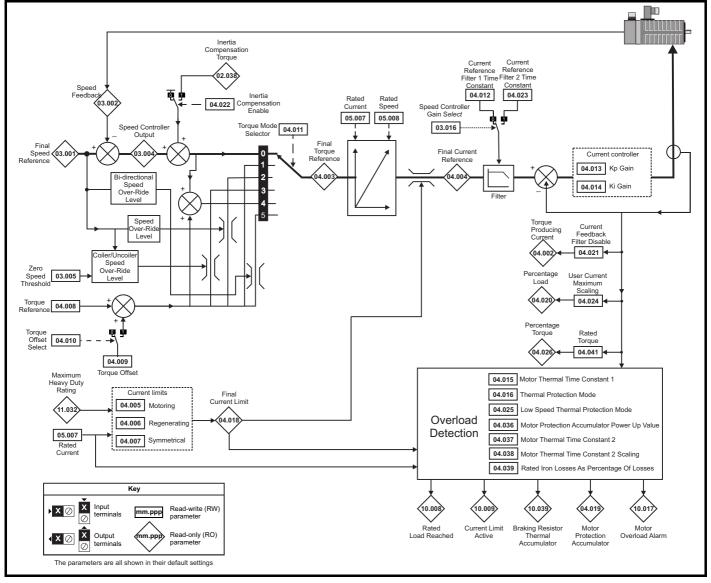
Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 11-11 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety informationProduct installationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting startedBasic parametersRunning the motorOptimizationSD Care Operation	d Onboard Advanced PLC parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL list information

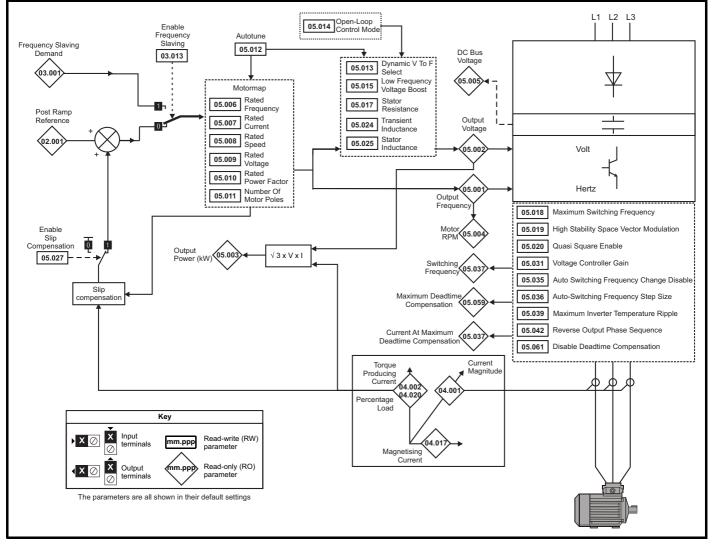
	B assan and an	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)				-			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	0.000 to VM_DRIVE_CUP	RRENT_UNIPOLAR A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current / Iq	VM_DRIVE_CU	JRRENT A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165 %	25	0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165 %	25	0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT %	165 %	25	0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	VM_USER_CURREN	IT_HIGH_RES %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
04.009	Torque Offset	VM_USER_CL	IRRENT %		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.010	Torque Offset Select	Off (0) or (On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5		0		RW	Num				US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0 to 300	000	20	1	50	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0 to 300	000	40	20	000	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1.0 to 300	00.0 s			RW	Num				US	
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	Motor Trip (0), Motor Drive Current Motor and Drive Current		RW	Bin				US			
04.017	Magnetising Current / Id	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT A					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 100	0.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_CU	IRRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current Feedback Filter Disable	Off (0) or (On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.023	Current Reference Filter 2 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		0.0) ms	RW	Num				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	0.0 to VM_TORQUE_CUF	RENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %	6 300.0 %			Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode	0 to 1	1		0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	VM_USER_CU	IRRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.030	Current Controller Mode		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.031	Notch Filter Centre Frequency		50 to 1000 Hz		100) Hz	RW	Num				US
04.032	Notch Filter Bandwidth		0 to 500 Hz		0	Hz	RW	Num				US
04.033	Inertia Times 1000		Off (0) or On (1)		Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Power down (0), Zero	(1), Real time (2)		Power down (0))	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	1.0 to 300	00.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	0 to 100) %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses	0 to 100) %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.041	Rated Torque	0.00 to 5000	0.00 N m		0.00 N m		RW	Num				US
04.042	Torque Estimation Minimum Frequency	0 to 100) %		5 %		RW	Num				US
04.043	Torque Correction Time Constant	0.00 to 10.00 s			0.0	00 s	RW	Num				US
04.044	Torque Correction Maximum		0 to 100 %	20 %) %	RW	Num				US
04.045	No-load Core Loss	0.000 to 9999	9.999 kW	0.000 kW			RW	Num				US
04.046	Rated Core Loss	0.000 to 9999	9.999 kW	0.000 kW			RW	Num				US
04.049	Magnetising Current Limit		0.0 to 100.0 %		100	.0 %	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

11.6 Menu 5: Motor control

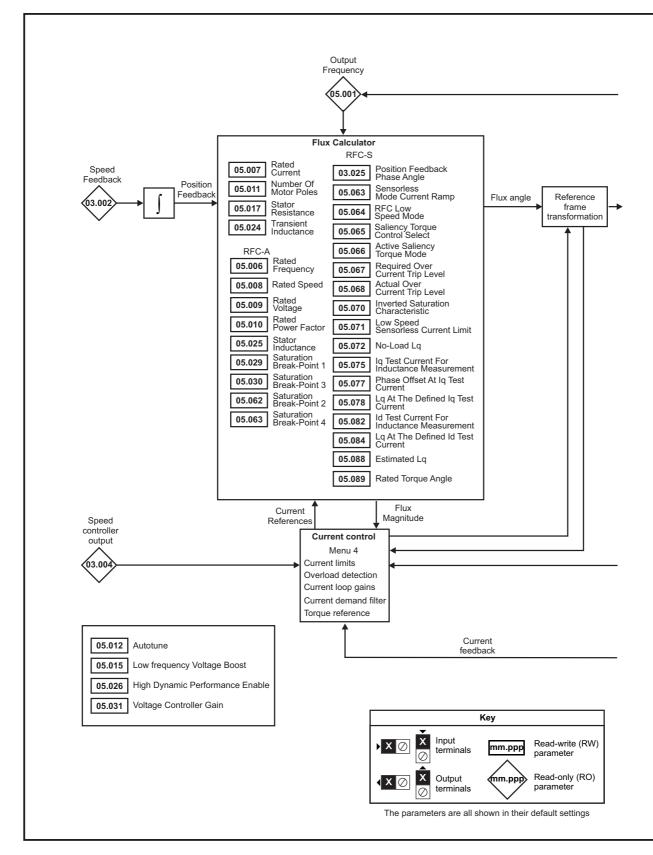
Figure 11-13 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram



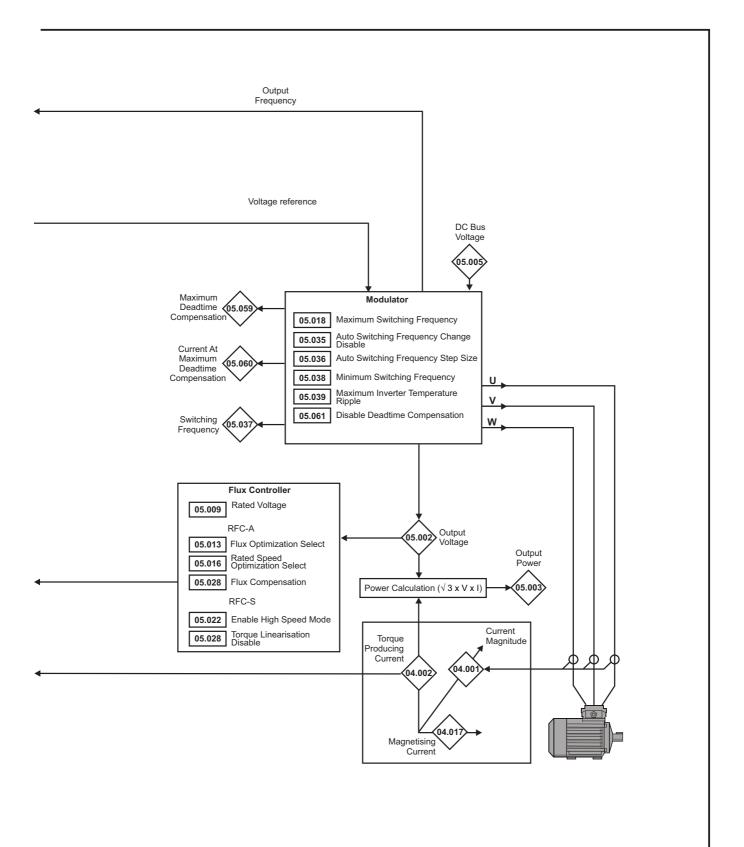
Diagnostics													
information information installation installation started parameters the motor Opumization Operation PLC parameters	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontintingtion	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussion	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 11-14 Menu 5 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



Uptimization Diagnostics	Safety information				Getting started			Optimization		PLC		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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		Mechanical installation	Electrica installatio	0	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiz				vanced ameters		gnostic		UL listin informat	
	Parame	eter		OL	Range(≎ RFC-A		FC-S	Default(⇔) OL RFC-A RFC-S				Туре				
05.001	Output Frequency			VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF	-	±2000.0 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
05.002	Output Voltage			-	VM_AC_VOL	TAGE V					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Output Power				VM_POWER						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Motor Rpm			±180000 rpm	_						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	D.c. Bus Voltage			•	VM_DC_VOL	TAGE V						Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.006	Rated Frequency				50.0 Hz				lz: 50.0 lz: 60.0		RW	Num				ι
	Rated Current			0.000 to	VM_RATED_	CURRENT A	4		Heavy Duty R	ating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		1
05.008	Rated Speed			0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 t	to 33000.00 rj	.bw	50Hz: 1500 rpm 60Hz: 1800	1450.00 rpm 60Hz:	3000.00 rpr	n RW	Num				ı
05.009	Rated Voltage			0 to VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET				rpm 1750.00 rpm 200 V drive: 230 V 50 Hz - 400 V drive: 400 V 60 Hz - 400 V drive: 460 V 575 V drive: 575 V 690 V drive: 690 V				Num		RA		ι
05.010	Rated Power Facto	or		0.000 t	o 1.000			0	.850		RW	Num		RA		I
05.011	Number Of Motor F	Poles		Autom	atic (0) to 480	Poles (240)		Automatic (0)		6 Poles (3	RW	Num				1
05.012	Autotune			0 to 2	0 to 4	C	0 to 5		0		RW	Num		NC		
05 040	Dynamic V To F Se	elect		Off (0) or On (1)				Off (0)			RW	Bit				
05.013	Flux Optimization S	Select			Off (0) or On	1 (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
05.014	Open-loop Control	Mode		Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5),				Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				
	Phasing Test On E	nable				Short Lot	abled (0), lort, (1), t Once (2), ong (3), J Once (4)			Disabled (0) RW	Txt				
_	Low Frequency Vo	Itage Boost		0.0 to 3	25.0 %				1 %		RW	Num				
05.015	Minimal Movement	t Phasing Test C	urrent			2 9 3 % (2 12 25 50	% (0), % (1), 2), 6 % (3), 2 % (4), 5 % (5), 9 % (6), 0 % (7)			1 % (0)	RW	Txt				
05.016	Rated Speed Optin	nization Select			Disabled ((Classic Slow Classic Fast Combined (VARs Only	/ (1), t (2), (3),			Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				
	Minimal Movement				Voltage Only	y (5)							<u> </u>			
		t Phasing Test A	ngle		Voltage Only	y (5)	to 25.00°			0.00°	RW	Num				
05.017	Stator Resistance	t Phasing Test A	ngle		0000 to 1000.0	y (5) 0.00 t 000000 Ω			0.000000 Ω		RW	Num Num		RA		
	Stator Resistance Maximum Switchin		ngle	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz	0000 to 1000.0	y (5) 0.00 000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8			0.000000 Ω 8 kHz (4)		_			RA RA		
05.018		g Frequency		2 kHz (0), 3 kHz	0000 to 1000.0	y (5) 0.00 000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8		Off (0)			RW	Num				
05.018 05.019	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin	ig Frequency e Vector Modula	tion	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1:	0000 to 1000.0	y (5) 0.00 t 000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8 Hz (6)		Off (0)			RW RW	Num Txt				
05.018 05.019	Maximum Switchin High Stability Space	ng Frequency ne Vector Modula nization Minimur	tion	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1:	0000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k	y (5) 0.00 t 000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8 Hz (6)		Off (0)	8 kHz (4)		RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit				
05.018 05.019 05.020	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency	ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1)	0000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k	y (5) 0.00 (000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8 (Hz (6) %			8 kHz (4)		RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num				
05.018 05.019 05.020	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat	ng Frequency ne Vector Modula mization Minimur ble mization Minimur	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1)	0000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 (000000 Ω , 6 kHz (3), 8 (Hz (6) %			8 kHz (4)		RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit				
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin	ig Frequency e Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur fest Level	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1)	0000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) kHz (6) 0 to 100 % Lim Diss			8 kHz (4)		RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num				
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T	ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur rest Level d Mode	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	0000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Lim Disa Ena	kHz (4), nit (-1), able (0), able (1)	Off (0)	8 kHz (4)	0 %	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Num				
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec	ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur rest Level d Mode	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 9	y (5) 0.00 0 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Ling Diss Ence 0.000 t	kHz (4), nit (-1), able (0),	Off (0)	8 kHz (4)	0 %	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Num Num Txt		RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.024	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductan	ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur rest Level d Mode	tion n	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 0 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Ling Diss Ence 0.000 t	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000	Off (0)	8 kHz (4)	0 %	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num		RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.024 05.025	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductant Ld	ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur rest Level d Mode ce	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 0 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Ling Diss Ence 0.000 t	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0)	8 kHz (4)	0 %	RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num Num		RA RA RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.022 05.024 05.025 05.026	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductanc Ld Stator Inductance	g Frequency e Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur Test Level d Mode ce	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Lim Diss Ena 0.000 t	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0)	8 kHz (4)	Disable (0	RW	Num Txt Bit Num Num Txt Num Num Num Num Num Num		RA RA RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.024 05.025 05.025 05.026 05.027	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductance Ld Stator Inductance High Dynamic Perf	g Frequency e Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur Test Level d Mode ce	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0 or On (1) 0.000 to 50 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 % 0 to 100 %	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Lin Disa Ena 0.000 t f (0) or On (1)	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0) 0.0	8 kHz (4)	Disable (0	RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num Txt Num Num Num Num Num Num Num Num Num		RA RA RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.024 05.025 05.025 05.026 05.027	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductance High Dynamic Perf Enable Slip Compe	Ig Frequency ie Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur fest Level d Mode ce formance Enable ensation	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0 or On (1) 0.000 to 50 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 9 00.000 mH 000.000 mH	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Lin Disa Ena 0.000 t f (0) or On (1)	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0) 0.0	8 kHz (4)	0 % Disable (0 0.000 mH	RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num Num Bit Bit		RA RA RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.024 05.025 05.025 05.026 05.027 05.027 05.028	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductanc Ld Stator Inductance High Dynamic Perf Enable Slip Compe Flux Control Gain	Ig Frequency e Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur Test Level d Mode ce formance Enable ensation	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0 or On (1) 0.000 to 50 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 0 H	y (5) 0.00 0 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (6) % 0 to 100 % Lin Diss Ena 0.000 t 0.000 t 0.000 t 0.000 t	kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0) 0.0	8 kHz (4) 10 % 50 % 00 mH 0 mH 0 mH	0 % Disable (0 0.000 mH	RW RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num Num Bit Bit Num		RA RA RA		
05.018 05.019 05.020 05.021 05.022 05.022 05.025 05.026 05.027 05.028	Maximum Switchin High Stability Spac Rated Speed Optin Frequency Quasi-square Enat Rated Speed Optin Mechanical Load T Enable High Speec Transient Inductant Ld Stator Inductance High Dynamic Perf Enable Slip Compe Flux Control Gain Flux Compensatior	Ig Frequency ee Vector Modula nization Minimur ble nization Minimur fest Level d Mode ce formance Enable ensation n n Disable	n n Load	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 1: Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1) 0 or On (1) 0.000 to 50 0.000 to 50	00000 to 1000.0 (1), 4 kHz (2), 2 kHz (5), 16 k 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 9 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 10 10 0 to 100 0 H	y (5) 0.00 f 000000 Ω 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (kHz (4), mit (-1), able (0), able (1) to 500.000 mH	Off (0) 0.0	8 kHz (4) 10 % 50 % 00 mH 0 mH 0 mH	Disable (0 0.000 mH 0.000 mH	RW	Num Txt Bit Num Bit Num Txt Num Num Bit Bit Num		RA RA RA		

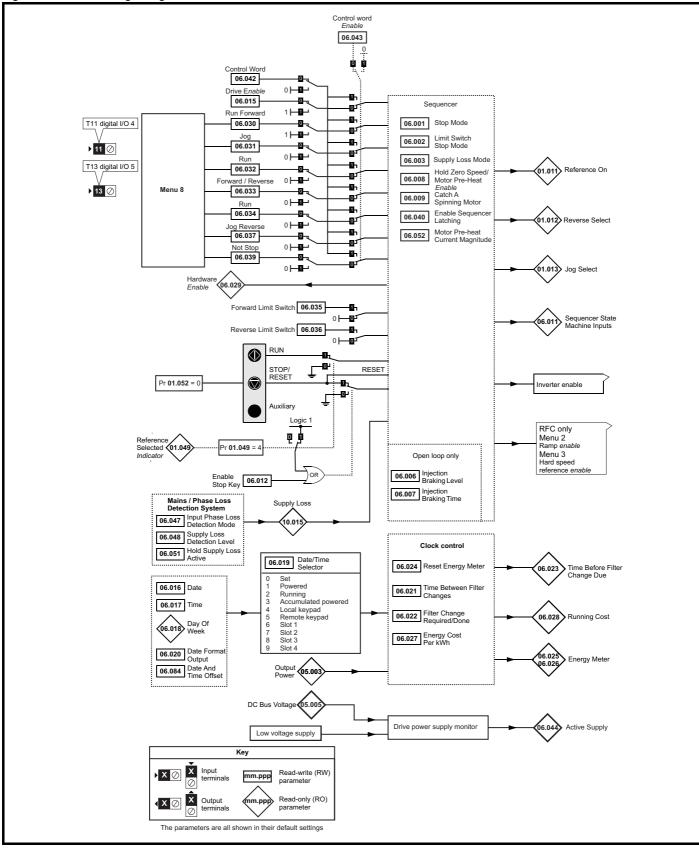
Safety informati		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the moto		zation	SD Card Operation	Onbo PL		anced neters	Diag	Inostic		JL list forma	
	_				Range(1)	:)		Γ	Defa	ult(⇔)		I		_			
	Param	ieter		OL	RFC-A	.	RFC-S	0	L RF	C-A	RFC-S			Тур)e		
05.032	Torque Per Amp				0.00 to 500 Nm/A	0.00						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	loidao i oi i iiip		- 1				0.00 to 0.00 Nm/A				1.60 Nm/A	RW	Num				US
05.033	Volts Per 1000 rpr	n			1		o 10,000 V				98	RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux	01	- Disable	En abla d (0)	0.0 to 150.0		t			la d (0)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.035 05.036	Auto-switching Fr			Enabled (0),	Disabled (1), N	o Ripple De	etect (2)			led (0) 2		RW RW	Txt Num				US US
05.030	Switching Freque			2 kHz (0), 3 kH		, 6 kHz (3),	8 kHz (4),			2		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	03
	0 1	,			12 kHz (5), 16 k	. ,	01/11/-		4.0) -				ND	NC	FI	
05.038 05.039	Minimum Switchir Maximum Inverter		innle		_SWITCHING_ 20 to 60 °C		CY KHZ) kHz) °C		RW RW	Txt Num				US US
05.040	Spin Start Boost		ippie	0.01	to 10.0	<u> </u>			1.0	, ,		RW	Num				US
05.041	Voltage Headroon	n				0 to 20 %				0 %	6	RW	Num				US
05.042	Reverse Output P	hase Sequence			Off (0) or On	(1)			Of	f (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.044	Stator Temperatur	e Source			rive (1), P1 Slo Slot 3 (4), P1 S		Slot 2 (3),		Use	er (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.045	User Stator Temp	erature			-50 to 300 °				0	°C		RW	Num				
05.046	Stator Temperatur	e			-50 to 300 °	°C						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.047	Stator Temperatur	e Coefficient		0.	.00000 to 0.100	00 °C ⁻¹			0.003	90 °C ⁻¹		RW	Num				US
05.048	Stator Base Temp	erature			-50 to 300 °	°C		L	0	°C		RW	Num				US
05.049	Enable Stator Cor				Off (0) or On	(1)			Of	f (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.050	Temperature Com Resistance	pensated Stator	r	0.0	00000 to 1000.0	Ω 000000						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.051	Rotor Temperatur	e Source			rive (1), P1 Slo Slot 3 (4), P1 S		Slot 2 (3),		Use	er (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.052	User Rotor Tempe	erature		FI	-50 to 300 °				0	°C		RW	Num			-	US
05.053	Rotor Temperatur	e			-50 to 300 °	°C						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.054	Rotor Temperatur	e Coefficient		0.	.00000 to 0.100	000 °C ⁻¹			0.00390°C ⁻¹		0.00100 °C ⁻¹	RW	Num				US
05.055	Rotor Base Temp	erature			-50 to 300 °	°C			0	°C		RW	Num				US
05.056	Enable Rotor Con	npensation			Off (0) or On	(1)			Of	f (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.057	Temperature com	pensated rated	speed	0.00 to 18000.00 rpm	0.00 to 50000.00 r	pm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Rotor Temperatur	e Compensation	1			0.0	00 to 2.000					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.059	Maximum Deadtir	•	n		0.000 to 10.00	00 µs						RO	Num		NC	PT	US
05.060	Current At Maxim Compensation	um Deadtime			0.00 to 100.0	0 %						RO	Num		NC	PT	US
05.061	Disable Deadtime	Compensation			Off (0) or On	(1)			Of	f (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.062	Saturation Breakp	ooint 2			0.0 to 100.0	0 %			0.0			RW	Num				US
05.063	Saturation Breakp				0.0 to 100.0				0.0	0 %		RW	Num				US
	Sensorless Mode	Current Ramp					0 to 1.00 s ection (0),				0.20 s	RW	Num				US
05.064	RFC Low Speed I	Mode				Non Ci	n-salient (1), urrent (2), urrent No Test (3)				Current (2)	RW	Txt				US
05.065	Saliency Torque C	Control Select				H	sabled (0), Low (1), High (2), Auto (3)				Disabled (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.066	Active Saliency To						sabled (0), Low (1), High (2)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.067	Required Over-cu						to 100 %				0 %	RW	Num	ND	NO	DT	US
05.068 05.070	Actual Over-curre	•					to 500 % (0) or On (1)				Off (0)	R0 RW	Num Bit	ND	NC	PT	US
05.070	Low Speed Senso						to 1000.0 %				100.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
05.072	No-load Lq						0 to 500.000				0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.075	Iq Test Current Fo	or Inductance				0	mH to 200 %				100 %	RW	Num				US
05.077	Phase Offset At lo	Test Current					±90.0°				0.0°	RW	Num		RA		US
05.078	Lq At The Defined					(0.000 to				0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.082	Id Test Current for	•					0.000 mH				-100 %	RW	Num				US
						(0.000 to					_			RA		US
05.084	Lq At The Defined					50	0.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num				
05.085	Lq Incremental In Current	uuctarice At Def					0.000 to 10.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US

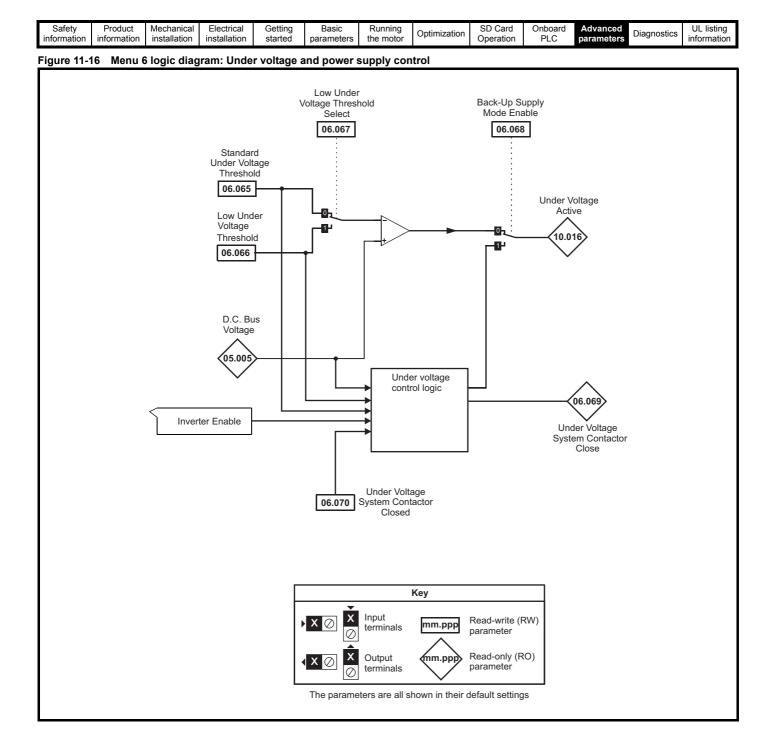
Safety informati	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizat	tion	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Adva param		1 1120	nostics		IL listi orma	
	Param	otor			Range(\$;)			Defa	ılt(⇔)				Тур			
	raian	eter		OL	RFC-A	RF	C-S	OL	RFC	-A RF	C-S			iyp			
05.087	User Defined Rate	ed Torque Angle				0 to	o 90°			()°	RW	Num				US
05.088	Estimated Lq						00 to 000 mH					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.089	Rated Torque Ang	le				0 to	o 90°					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

11.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 11-15 Menu 6 logic diagram





Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL lis information

	_	Range	\$)		Default(⇔)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
06.001	Stop Mode	Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp d c I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4), Disable (5)	Coast (0), Ramp (1), No Ramp (2)	Ramp (1)	Ramp (1)	No Ramp (2)	RW	Txt				US
06.002	Limit Switch Stop Mode		Stop (0) or Ramp (1)		Stop	o (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2), Limit Stop (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %		100.0 %			RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 100.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Speed	Off (0) or O	ın (1)	Off	(0)	On (1)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd	Only (2), Rev Only (3)	Disable (0)	Enab	le (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	000000000000000 to 1	11111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	000000 to 1	11111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.012	Enable Stop Key	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.013	Enable Auxiliary Key	Disabled (0), Forward / Reverse	se (1), Run Reverse (2)		Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
06.016	Date	00-00-00 to 3	1-12-99		00-00-00		RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59				RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sunday (0), Monday (1), Tueso Thursday (4), Friday (5					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	Set (0), Powered (1), Running Local Keypad (4), Remote Keypad Slot 3 (8), Slot	d (5), Slot 1 (6), Slot 2 (7),		Powered (1)		RW	Txt				us
06.020	Date Format	Std (0) or U	S (1)		Std (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 H	Hours		0 Hours		RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 H	Hours				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	-999.9 to 999.	9 MWh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 k\	Wh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to 600	0.0		0.0		RW	Num				US
06.028	Running Cost	±32000)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.031	Jog	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.034	Run	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.035	Forward Limit Switch	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.036	Reverse Limit Switch	Off (0) or O	ın (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.037	Jog Reverse	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.040	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) or O	.,		Off (0)		RW	Bit		_		US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	00 to 11			00		RW	Bin		NC		
06.042	Control Word	000000000000000000000000000000 to ?		00	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	Off (0) or O			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.044	Active Supply	Off (0) or O					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0 to 11			10		RW	Num				US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	Full (0), Ripple Only (20	Full (0) 0 V drive: 205	V	RW	Txt				US
06.048 06.051	Supply Loss Detection Level Hold Supply Loss Active	0 to VM_SUPPLY_LC Off (0) or O	_		0 V drive: 205 0 V drive: 410 Off (0)		RW RW	Num Bit		RA NC		US
06.051	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	0 to 100	.,		0 %		RW	Num		NO		US
06.052	Output Phase Loss Detection Time	0.5 s (0), 1.0 s (1), 2.0			0 %		RW	Txt				US
06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	Disabled (0) or E			Disabled (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.059	Standby Mode Enable	Off (0) or O	. ,		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	0000000 to 1	.,		0000000		RW	Bin				US
			20	0 V drive: 230	V				•			
06.065 06.066	Standard Under Voltage Threshold	0 to VM_STD_UND		40 20	0 V drive: 330 0 V drive: 175	V V	RW RW	Num Num		RA RA		US US
	-		_	40	0 V drive: 330	V				1.1.1		
06.067	Low Under Voltage Threshold Select	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US

Safety informat			Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD C Opera		nboard PLC	Adva param		Diagr	nostic		JL list forma	
	Darra	meter			Range(¢)			Default	(⇔)				Tran	-		
	Para	meter		OL		RFC-	A / S	OL	RFC-	A R	RFC-S			Тур	e		
06.068	Back Up Supply	Mode Enable			Off (0) or O	n (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.069	Under-Voltage S	system Contactor	Close		Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)					Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.070	Under-Voltage S	system Contactor	Closed		Off (0) or Or	n (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.073	Braking IGBT Lo	ower Threshold		0 to	VM_DC_VOLT	DC_VOLTAGE_SET V 200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V						RW	Num		RA		US
06.074	Braking IGBT U	oper Threshold		0 to	VM_DC_VOLT	AGE_SET V		200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V					Num		RA		US
06.075	6.075 Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold 0 to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET V							0V			RW	Num		RA		US	
06.076	Low Voltage Bra	king IGBT Thresh	old Select		Off (0) or O	n (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.084	Date And Time	Offset			±24.00 Ho	urs		0.00 Hours				RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

11.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O / Temperature Monitoring

Figure 11-17 Menu 7 logic diagram

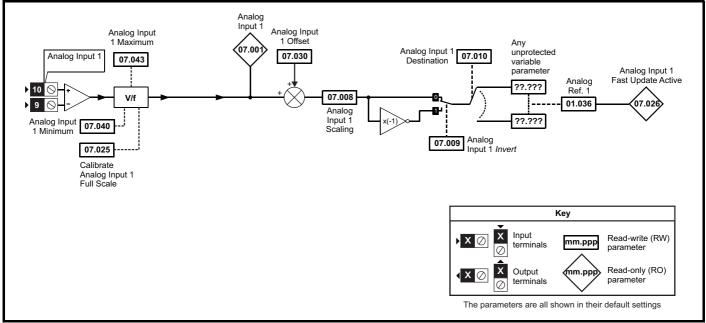
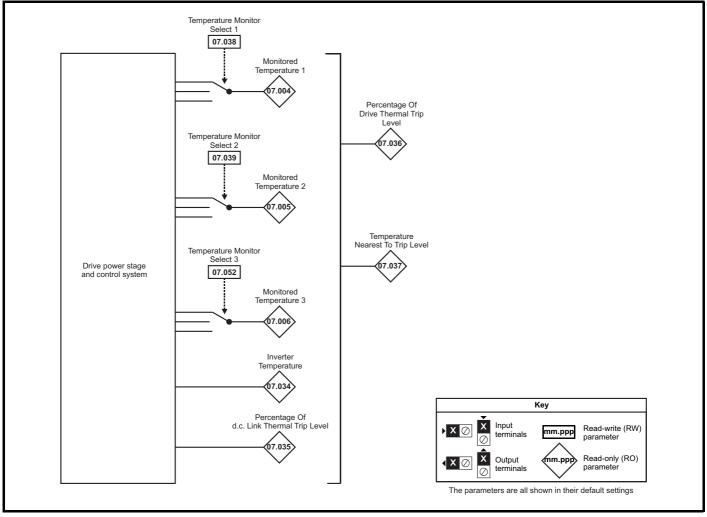


Figure 11-18 Menu 7 thermal monitoring diagram



Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization	on SD Card Operation PLC Parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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	Denemeter		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)		I		τ			
	Parameter	OL		RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		ļ
07.001	Analog Input 1		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Monitored Temperature 1		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Monitored Temperature 2		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.	.000 to 10.00	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert	Of	ff (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination	0.	.000 to 59.99	99		1.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.025	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale	Of	ff (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active	Of			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT				
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset			0.00 %		RW	Num				US		
07.033	Power Output		±100.0 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.034	Inverter Temperature		±250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Bus Thermal Trip Level		0 to 100 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level		0 to 100 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level		0 to 20999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.038	Temperature Monitor Select 1		0 to 1999		1001		RW	Num				US	
07.039	Temperature Monitor Select 2		0 to 1999		1002		RW	Num				US	
07.040	Analog Input 1 Minimum			-100.00 %		RW	Num				US		
07.043	Analog Input 1 Maximum		±100.00 %			100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.051	Analog Input 1 Full Scale		0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
07.052	Temperature Monitor Select 3		0 to 1999			1		RW	Num				US

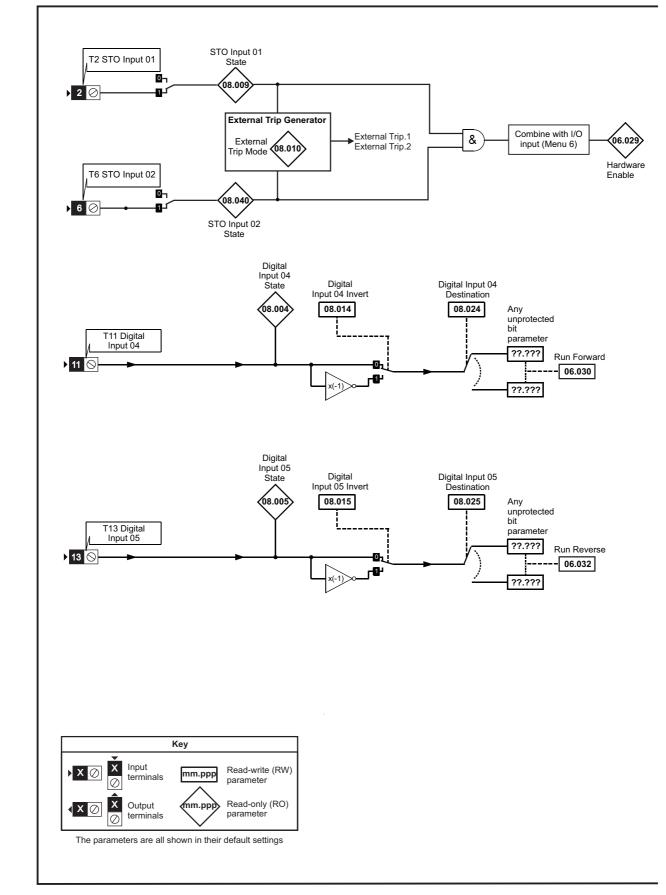
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Diagnostics													
information information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Operation PLC parameters Diagnostics informat	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinuination	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussion	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

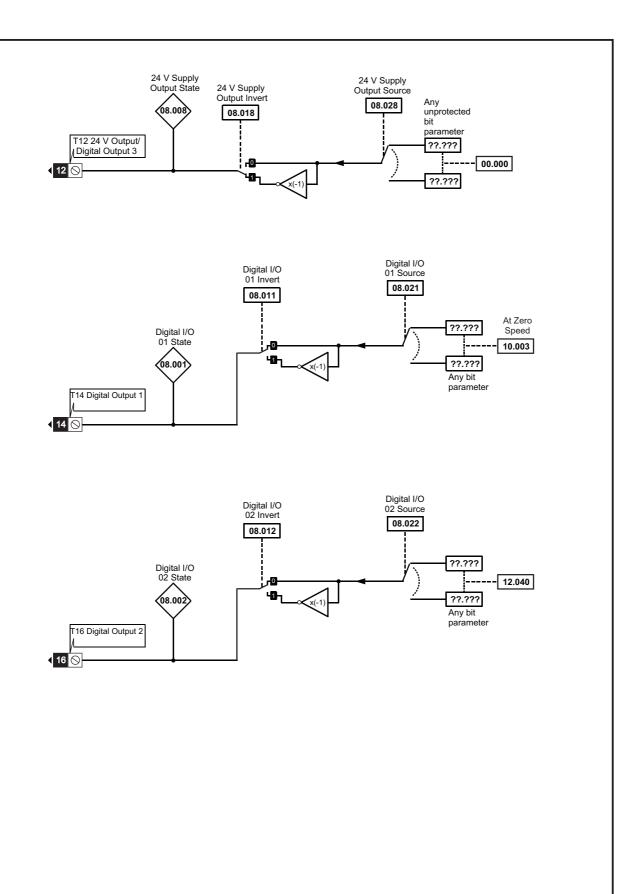
	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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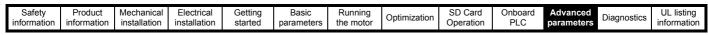
11.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

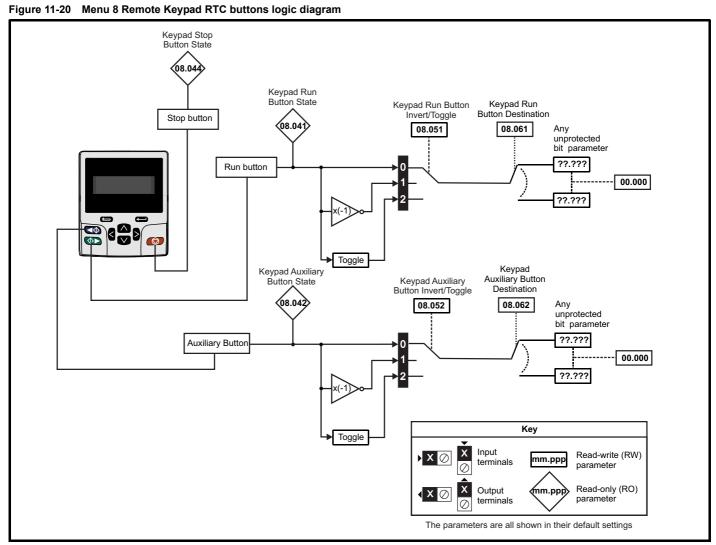
Figure 11-19 Menu 8 Digital input and outputs logic diagram



Safaty	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Pacio	Pupping		SD Card	Ophoard	Advanced		LIL licting
Safety information	Product	installation	Electrical	started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	Operation	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
									-			







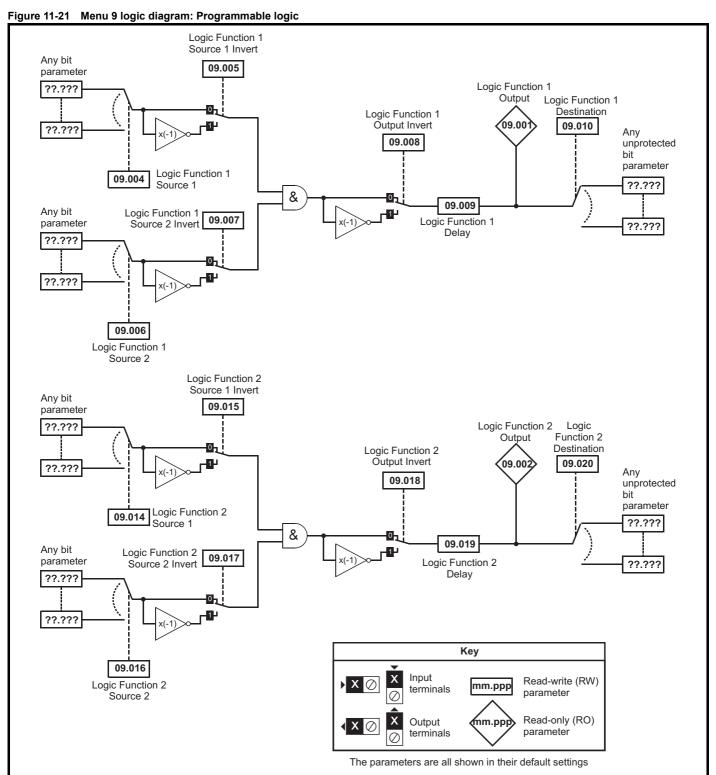
information information installation istallation started parameters the motor Operation Operation PLC parameters information information
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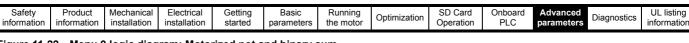
	Devemeter	Ran	ge(\$)		Default(⇔)				τ			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	be		
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off (0)	or On (1)			ł	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	24V Supply Output State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1), STO	0 2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Invert (0)) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Invert (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Invert (0) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Invert (0)) or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Invert (0)) or Invert (1)		Invert (1)		RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 tc	511				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.000 t	o 59.999		10.003		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.000 t	o 59.999		12.040		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.000 t	o 59.999		6.030		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination	0.000 t	o 59.999		6.032		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.000 t	o 59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.046	Drive Reset Button State	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inve	ert (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inve		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US	
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 t	o 59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.071	DI/O Output Enable Register 1	00000000000000 to 11111111111111			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	US
08.072	DI/O Input Register 1	00000000000000 to 11111111111111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	1
08.073	DI/O Output Register 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000) to 11111111111111	(000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	1

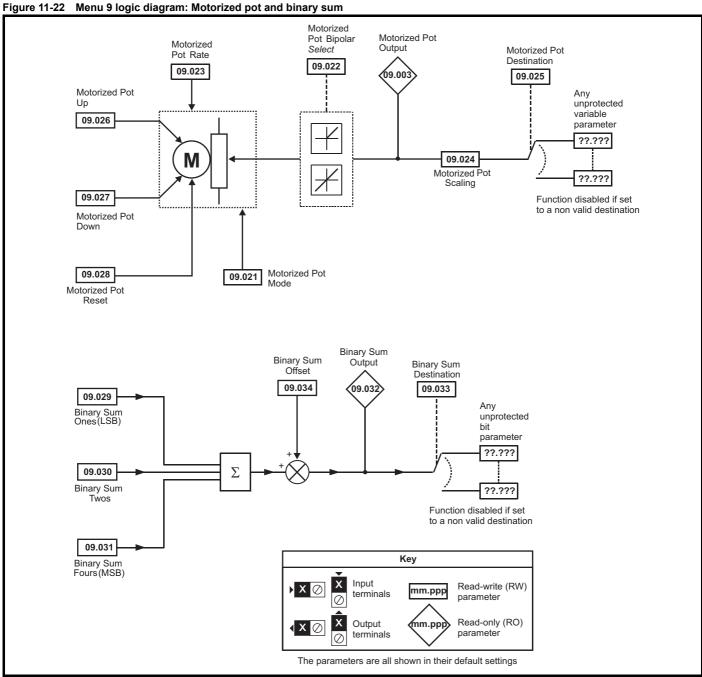
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

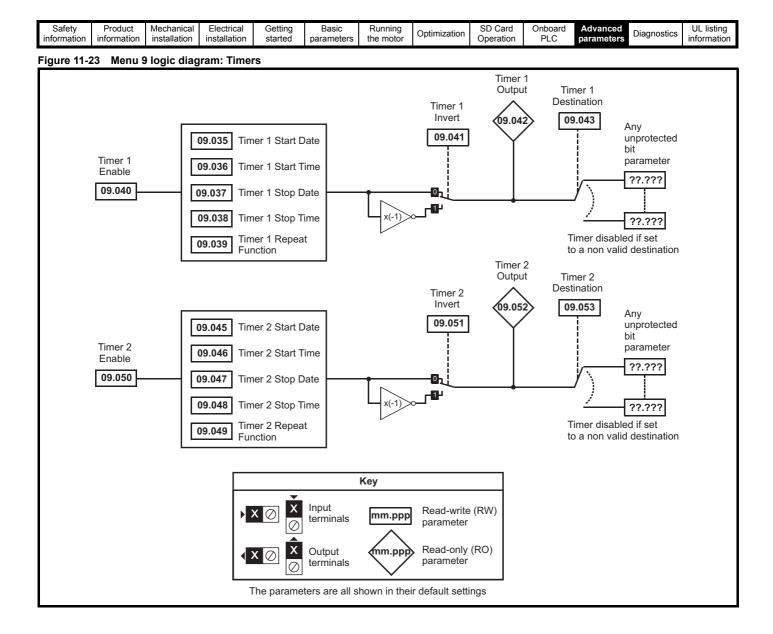
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

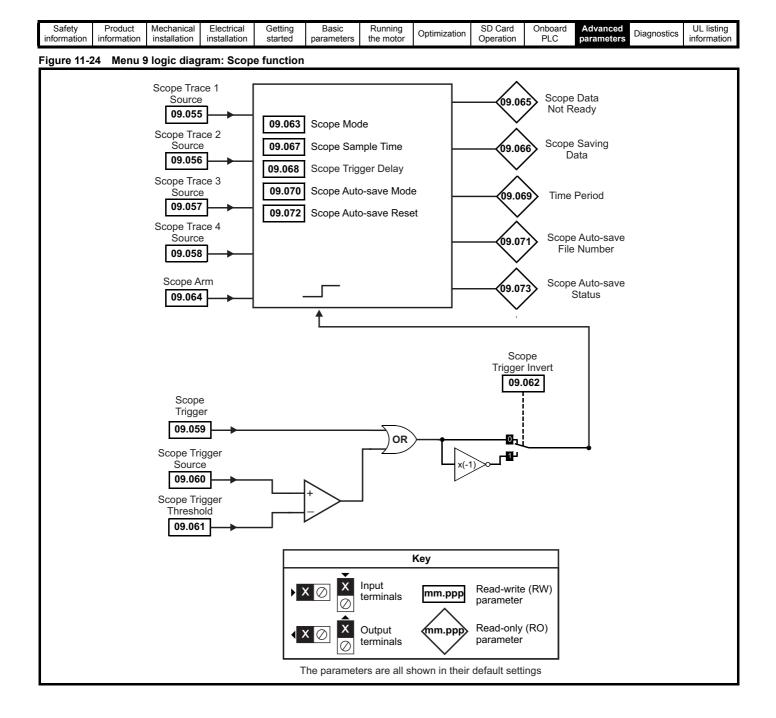
11.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers











Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

		Range(≎)	Default(⇔)	1					
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур)e		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015 09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1) 0.000 to 59.999	Off (0) 0.000	RW RW	Bit Num			PT	US US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			PI	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) of On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 to 4	0	RW	Num			-	US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0 to 250 s	20 s	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
09.025	Motorized Pot Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.026	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to 248	0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00-00-00	RW	Date				US US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6),	00:00:00	RW	Time				
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	Minute (7)	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5),	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), week (3), Month (4), Year (5), One off (6), Minute (7)	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.055	Scope Trace 1 Source	0.000 to 59.999	5.001 3.002	RW	Num			PT	US
09.056	Scope Trace 2 Source	0.000 to 59.999	4.002	RW	Num			PT	US
09.057	Scope Trace 3 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.058	Scope Trace 4 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.059	Scope Trigger	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			DT	110
09.060	Scope Trigger Source	0.000 to 59.999 -2147483648 to 2147483647	10.001 0	RW	Num			PT	US US
09.061 09.062	Scope Trigger Threshold Scope Trigger Invert	-214/483648 to 214/483647 Off (0) or On (1)	0 Off (0)	RW RW	Num Bit				US
09.062	Scope Mode	Single (0), Normal (1), Auto (2)	Normal (1)	RW	Txt				US
03.003				1XVV	1 XL				03

Safety informati		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboa PLC			Diagr	ostic		IL list orma	
	Devenet				Range(1	()			Default(⇔)	I		Tra			
	Paramete	ŧr		OL		RFC-	A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Je		
09.064	Scope Arm				Off (0) or Or	า (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.065	Scope Data Not Re	eady			Off (0) or Or	า (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.066	Scope Saving Data			Off (0) or Or	า (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT		
09.067	Scope Sample Tim			1 to 200				4		RW	Num				US	
09.068	Scope Trigger Dela			0 to 100 9	%			100 %		RW	Num				US	
09.069	Scope Time Period			0.00 to 200000	.00 ms					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
09.070	•			Disable	ed (0), Overwrite	e (1), Keep (2)			Disabled (0))	RW	Txt				US
09.071	071 Scope Auto-save File Number				0 to 99						RO	Num				PS
09.072	0.072 Scope Auto-save Reset				Off (0) or Or	n (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				
09.073	•			Disabled (0)), Active (1), Sto	pped (2), Faile	d (3)				RO	Txt				PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listing
					5		. 5	Optimization				Diagnostics	
int	formation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opunization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnoodioo	information
						p				•			

11.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

	B	Rang	le(\$)		Default(⇔)				-			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) c	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Speed	Off (0) c	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Speed	Off (0) c	vr On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Speed	Off (0) c	vr On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Speed	Off (0) c	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.007	Above Set Speed	Off (0) c	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.008	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) c	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) c	vr On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) c	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) o	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) c	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) c	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) o	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) c	vr On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) c	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) o	r On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to	255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.000 to 99			0.050 kW		RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.000 to 1	500.000 s		2.000 s		RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) o			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) c			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3			None (0)		RW	Txt		-		US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	1.0 to 6			1.0 s		RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive ok	Off (0) of			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	Action On Trip Detection		o 11111		00000		RW	Bin				US
10.038	User Trip	0 to			0		RW	Num	ND	NC		
10.039	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to 1					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.040	Status Word	000000000000000000000000000000000000000					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.041	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 te					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 te					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 te					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.040	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS PS
10.050		00:00:00 to					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS PS
	Trip 5 Date										PT	
10.052	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00 te					RO	Time	ND	NC		PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 te					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 te					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00 to					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 te	o 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS

Safety informat			Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiza	ation	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advance paramete		agnost		UL lis nform	
	Parameter	OL	Range(≎)	RFC-A / S		OL	Default(RFC-A		5		Тур	De		
10.058	Trip 8 Time	C	00:00:00 to 23:5	9:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	0	0-00-00 to 31-1	2-99					RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	C	0:00:00 to 23:5	9:59					RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance		0.00 to 10000.0	0 Ω			70.00 Ω	2	RW	Num				US
10.062	Low Load Detected Alarm		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.063	Local Keypad Battery Low		Off (0) or On ((1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Auto-tune Active		Off (0) or On ((1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive Healthy On Under Voltage		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional Status Bits	000	0000000 to 111	1111111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number		0 to 65535						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor		Off (0) or On ((1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss		Off (0) or On ((1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Supply Loss (5) Position (8), Trip), Deceleration (er Voltage (15),	7),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source		0 to 1023						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-21474	83648 to 21474	183647 ms					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	Ind Over Auto Tune (5 Low Load (8), C	load (3), Drive (), Limit Switch (6), Fire Mode (7 , Option Slot 2 (1	,				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.105	Hand Off Auto State	Not Active	(0), Off (1), Har	nd (2), Auto (3)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions		0000 to 1111	l					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.107	Auto-tune State), pLs (2), Ls (3) No-load (6), Lq (9)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
 nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	0	information

11.12 Menu 11: General drive set-up

		Range(≎)	Default(⇔)						<u> </u>
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	e		
11.001	Option Synchronisation Select	Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3), Slot 4 (4), Automatic (5)	Slot 3 (3)	RW	Txt				US
11.002	Option synchronisation Active	Not Active (0), Slot 1 (1), Slot 2 (2), Slot 3 (3),		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.017	Keypad Defined Node Address	Slot 4 (4) 0.000 to 255		RO	Num				<u> </u>
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
11.020	Reset Serial Communications*	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Parameter 00.030 Scaling	0.000 to 10.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.080	0.010	RW	Num			PT	US
11.023	Serial Address*	1 to 247	1	RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode*	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)	8 2 NP (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.025	Serial Baud Rate*	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				US
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay*	0 to 250 ms	2 ms	RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period*	0 to 250 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				US
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 2147483647	0	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.031	User Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3)	Open-loop (1) RFC-A (2) RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	200 V (0), 400 V (1)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Software Sub Version	0 to 99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999		RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999	0	RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4), User Prog (5), Option App (6)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.040	NV Media Card File Checksum	2147483648 to 2147483647		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	None (0), Read (1), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	None (0), Standard (1), US (2)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	User Security Status	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)	Menu 0 (0)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.045	Select Motor 2 Parameters	Motor 1 (0) or Motor 2 (1)	Motor 1 (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.047	Onboard User Program: Enable	Stop (0) or Run (1)	Run (1)	RW	Txt				US
11.048	Onboard User Program: Status	-2147483648 to 2147483647		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used	0.0 to 100.0 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.052	Serial Number LS	000000000 to 999999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.054	Drive Date Code	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.055	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval	0 to 262140 ms		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.062	Power Board Software Version Number	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	M751		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT PT	
11.065 11.066	Drive Rating And Configuration Power Stage Identifier	00000000 to 99999999 0 to 255		RO RO	Num Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
11.066	Control Board Identifier	0.000 to 65.535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
11.067	Internal I/O Identifier	0.000 to 55.535		RO	Num	ND ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
11.068	Position Feedback Interface Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.009	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.070	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1	0	RW	Num		NC		
11.072	NV Media Card Type	None (0), SMART Card (1), SD Card (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
					1 AL				I

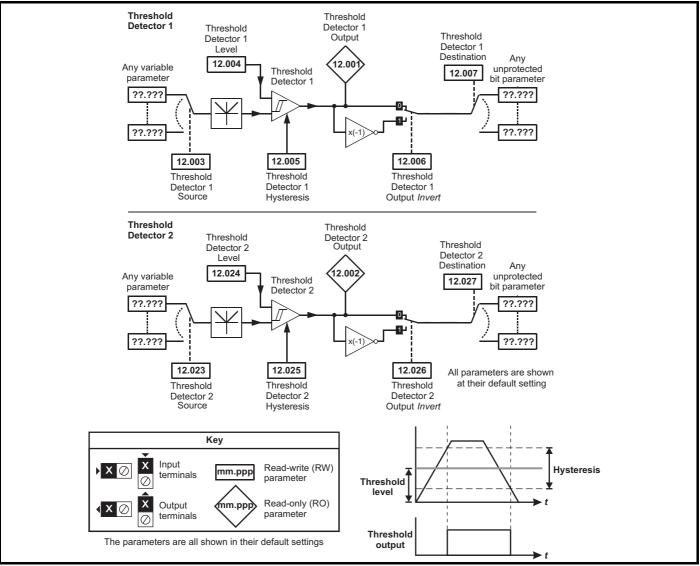
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advar parame		Diagn	ostics		L listi orma	
		Parameter				Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				True	_		
		Parameter		-	OL		RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
11.075 NV	Media Card Re	ead-only Flag			(Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076 NV	Media Card Wa	arning Suppress	sion Flag		(Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.077 NV	Media Card Fil	e Required Vers	sion			0 to 9999			0		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079 Driv	ve Name Chara	cters 1-4			(-214748	33648) to (2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	U
11.080 Driv	ve Name Chara	cters 5-8			(-214748	33648) to (2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	U
11.081 Driv	ve Name Chara	cters 9-12			(-214748	83648) to (2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	U
11.082 Driv	ve Name Chara	cters 13-16			(-214748	33648) to (2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	U
11.084 Driv	ve Mode				Open-loop	(1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	U
11.085 Sec	curity Status					ad-only (1), S No Access (3	tatus-only (2),				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	Ρ
11.086 Me	nu Access Stati	us			Menu	0 (0) or All Me	enus (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	Р
11.090 Key	pad Port Seria	I Address				1 to 16			1		RW	Num				U
11.091 Add	ditional Identifie	r Characters 1			(-214748	83648) to (2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	t
11.092 Add	ditional Identifie	r Characters 2			(-214748	83648) to (2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	t
11.093 Add	ditional Identifie	r Characters 3			(-214748	83648) to (2147483647)		0		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	t

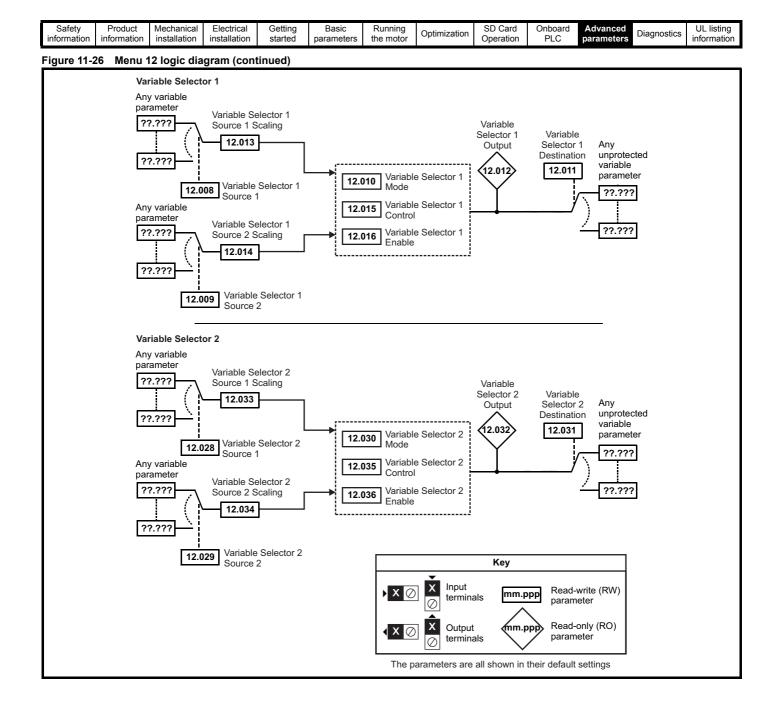
ſ	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ſ	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
I	IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina	o	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	D : //	UL listing
	information	installation	installation			the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	narameters	Diagnostics	
information	intornation	installation	Installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLO	parameters		information

11.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 11-25 Menu 12 logic diagram





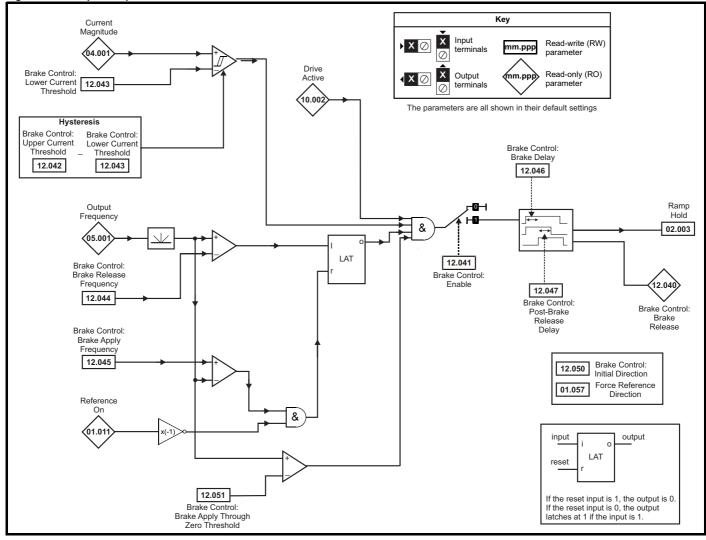
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor O	Optimization SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL listing information
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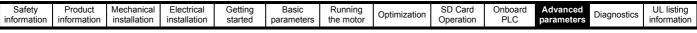


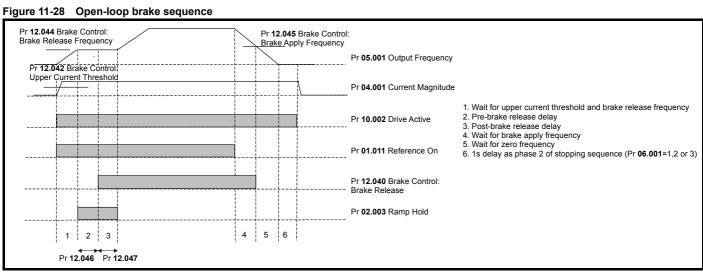
WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 11-27 Open-loop brake function





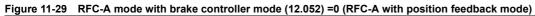


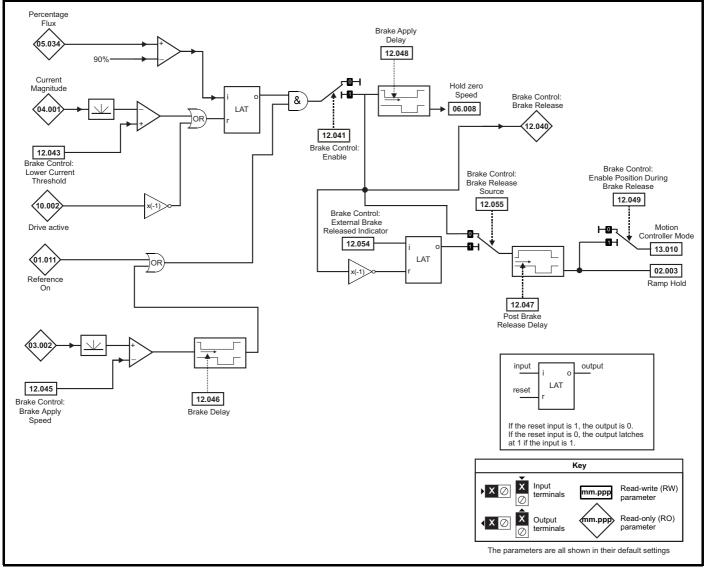
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	
--	--

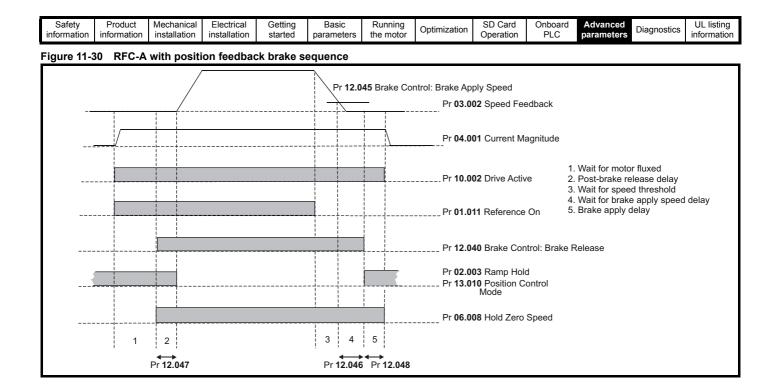


WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.







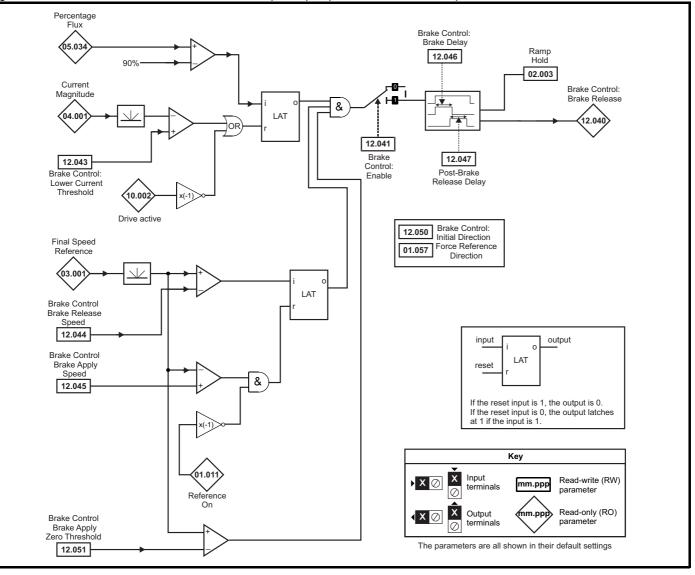
Safety information Product information Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor	Optimization SD Card Operation	Onboard Advanced PLC parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 11-31 RFC-A mode with brake controller mode (12.052) =1 (RFC-A Sensorless mode)



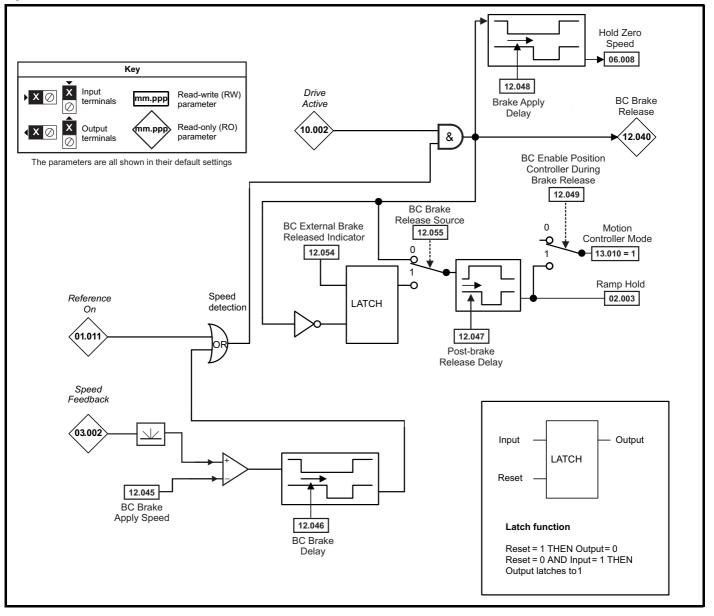
information information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Operation PLC parameters Diagnostics information	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	--------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------	---------------------	----------------------	--------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------	------------------------

WARNING

WARNING

Digital Output 2 in default configuration is selected as an output to release a brake. When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered as this may result in the brake being released inadvertently.

Figure 11-32 RFC-S brake function



- 1													
	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

			Range(\$)			Default(⇔)		1					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	-	Off (0) or On (1)	-	-		-	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.000	Variable Selector 1 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.003	Variable Selector 1 Mode	Divide (5), Tim	2 (1), Add (2), Subtrac e Const (6), Ramp (7 wers (9), Sectional ('), Modulus (8),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit		-		US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		-	PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level		0.00 to 100.00 %					RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis		0.00 to 25.00 %			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	Divide (5), Tim	2 (1), Add (2), Subtrac e Const (6), Ramp (7 wers (9), Sectional (), Modulus (8),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt		DE		US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output		±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling		±4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control		0.00 to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.040	Brake Control: Brake Release		Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	Brake Control: Enable		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.042	Brake Control: Upper Current Threshold	0 to 200 %			50 %			RW	Num		1		US
12.043	Brake Control: Lower Current Threshold		0 to 200 %			10 %		RW	Num		<u> </u>		US
	Brake Control: Brake Release Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			1.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.044	Brake Control: Brake Release Speed		0 to 200 rpm			10 rpm		RW	Num				US
-	Brake Control: Brake Apply Frequency	0.0 to 20.0 Hz			2.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
12.045	Brake Control: Brake Apply Speed		0 to 200	D rpm		5 r	pm	RW	Num				US
12.046	Brake Control: Brake Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			1.0 s		RW	Num				US
12.047	Brake Control: Post-brake Release Delay		0.0 to 25.0 s			1.0 s		RW	Num				US
12.048	Brake Control: Brake Apply Delay		0.0 to 2	25.0 s) s	RW	Num				US
12.049	Brake Control: Enable Position Control During Brake Release		Off (0) or			-	(0)	RW	Bit				US
12.050	Brake Control: Initial Direction	Ref (0), Forward	d (1), Reverse (2)		R	ef (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.051	Brake Control: Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 200 rpm		1.0 Hz	5 rpm		RW	Num				US
12.052	Brake Control: Mode		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit			L	US
12.054	External Brake Released Indicator		Off (0) or	On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				
12.055	Brake Release Source		Off (0) or	On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US

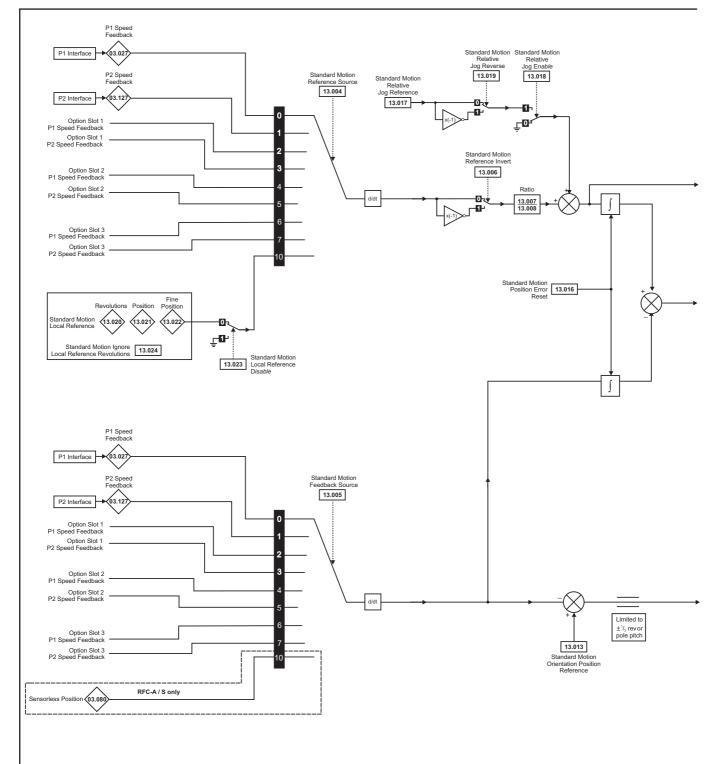
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Diagnostics													
information information installation installation started parameters the motor Opumization Operation PLC parameters	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontintingtion	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussion	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

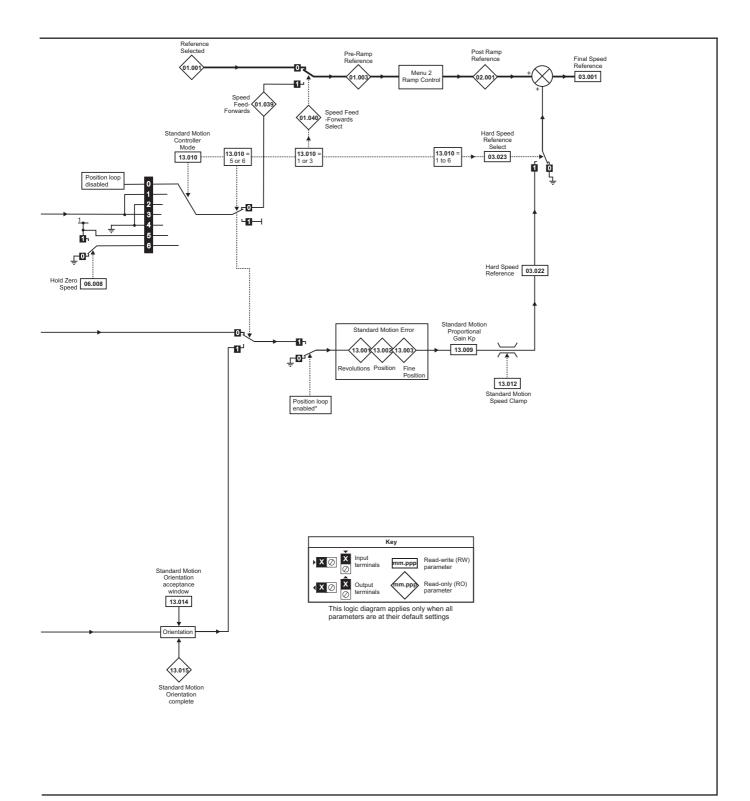
	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.14 Menu 13: Standard motion controller

Figure 11-33 Menu 13 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	Diagnostics	information
IIII0IIIIau0II	Information	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLC	parameters		inionnation



*The position controller is disabled and the error integrator is also reset under the following conditions:

- 1. If the drive is disabled (i.e. inhibited, ready or tripped)
- 2. If the position controller mode (Pr 13.010) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 3. The absolute mode parameter (Pr 13.011) is changed. The position controller is disabled transiently to reset the error integrator.
- 4. One of the position sources is invalid.
- 5. The position feedback initialized parameter (Pr 03.048) is zero.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
informatio	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters		information

	Parameter	Rai	nge(\$)		Default(⊏	>)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	pe		
13.001	Standard Motion Revolutions Error	-32768 t	o 32767 revs		·		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.002	Standard Motion Position Error	-3276	3 to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.003	Standard Motion Fine Position Error	-3276	3 to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
13.004	Standard Motion Reference Source), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), Slot 2 (5), Local (10)		P1 Drive ())	RW	Txt				US
13.005	Standard Motion Feedback Source	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5)	P1 Drive (0), P2 Drive (1), P1 Slot 1 (2), P2 Slot 1 (3), P1 Slot 2 (4), P2 Slot 2 (5), Sensorless (10)		P1 Drive (())	RW	Txt				US
13.006	Standard Motion Reference Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.007	Standard Motion Ratio Numerator	0.000	to 10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
13.008	Standard Motion Ratio Denominator	0.000) to 4.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
13.009	Standard Motion Proportional Gain Kp	0.00	to 100.00		25.00		RW	Num				US
13.010	Standard Motion Controller Mode	Disabled (0), Rigid Spd FF (1), Rigid (2), Non-rigid Spd FF(3), Non-Rigid (4)	Disabled (0), Rigid Spd FF (1), Rigid (2), Non-rigid Spd FF (3), Non-Rigid (4), Orientate Stop (5), Orientate (6)		Disabled ())	RW	Txt				US
13.011	Standard Motion Absolute Mode Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.012	Standard Motion Speed Clamp	0 to	250 rpm		150 rpm		RW	Num				US
13.013	Standard Motion Orientation Position Reference	0 to	65535		0		RW	Num				US
13.014	Standard Motion Orientation Acceptance Window	0 t	o 4096		256		RW	Num				US
13.015	Standard Motion Orientation Complete	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
13.016	Standard Motion Position Error Reset	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.017	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reference	0.0 to 4	4000.0 rpm		0.0 rpm		RW	Num				US
13.018	Standard Motion Relative Jog Enable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.019	Standard Motion Relative Jog Reverse	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.020	Standard Motion Local Reference Revolutions	0 to 6	5535 revs		0 revs		RW	Num		NC		
13.021	Standard Motion Local Reference Position	0 to	65535		0		RW	Num		NC		
13.022	Standard Motion Local Reference Fine Position	0 to	65535		0		RW	Num		NC		
13.023	Standard Motion Local Reference Disable	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
13.024	Standard Motion Ignore Local Reference Revolutions	Off (0)) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
13.026	Standard Motion Sample Rate	Not Activ	e (0), 4ms (1)				RO	Txt				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

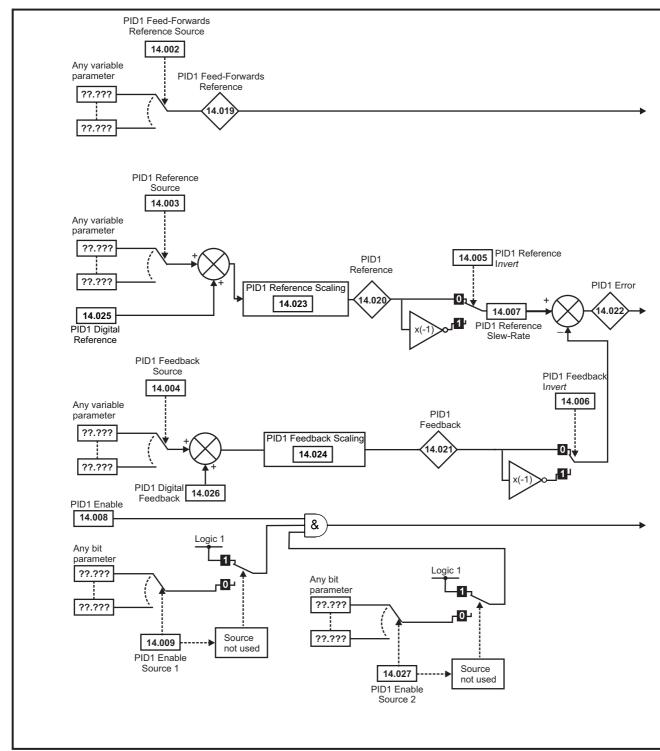
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

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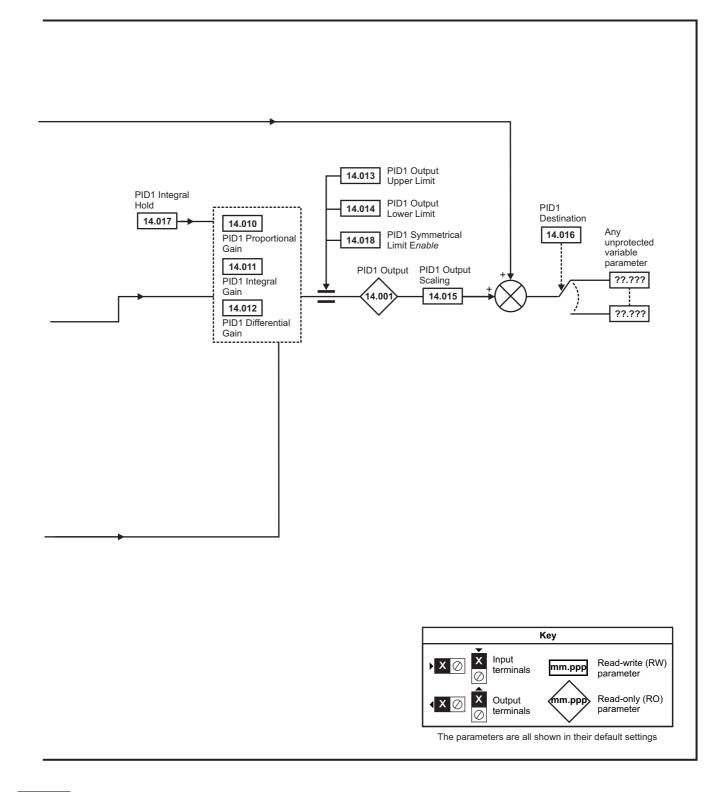
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnootioo	information

11.15 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-34 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information



NOTE

The same logic diagram above (Menu 14) can also be used for PID2 as they are the same.

										_		
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinination	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Discussion	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

		Range(≎)	Default(⇔)						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	be		
14.001	PID1 Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.010	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num	DE		DT	US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	NE	NG	D	US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.028	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level	0.00 to 100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.029	PID1 Maximum Boost Time	0.0 to 250.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.030	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
14.031	PID2 Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.032	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.033	PID2 Reference Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.034	PID2 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.035	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.036	PID2 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.037	PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	0.0 to 3200.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.038	PID2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.039	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.500	RW	Num				US
14.042	PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.000	0.000	RW	Num				US
14.043	PID2 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00 %	100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.044	PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-100.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.045	PID2 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.046	PID2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.047	PID2 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				
14.048	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.049	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.050	PID2 Reference	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.051	PID2 Feedback	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.052	PID2 Error	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.054	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
14.055	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.056	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num	-			US
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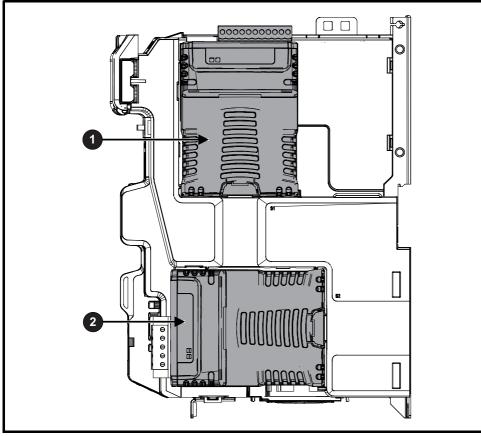
Safety informati		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizatio	n -	D Card peration	Onboard PLC	Advance paramete		Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Parameter			Range(≎)					Default([⇔)			Type	
	Parameter			0	-	RFC-A /	S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			S		Туре	
14.059	PID1 Mode Select	or		Fbk1 (0), Fl Max Fbk (4),	ok2 (1), Fbk1 + Av Fbk (5), Min	Fbk2 (2), Min F Error (6), Max	bk (3), Error (7)		Fbk1 (C))	RW	Txt	t	US
14.060	PID1 Feedback Sc	uare Root Enal	ble 1		Off (0) or C	Dn (1)			Off (0))	RW	Bit	:	US
14.061	PID2 Feedback Square Root Enable		ble	Off (0) or On (1)					Off (0))	RW	Bit		US
14.062	PID1 Feedback Sc	uare Root Enat	ble 2	Off (0) or O		Dn (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	:	US	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.16 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 11-35 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



1. Solutions Module Slot 1 - Menu 15

2. Solutions Module Slot 2 - Menu 16

11.16.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(≎)	Default(⇔)			Тур	е	
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 9999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 33333333		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT
mm.006	Module Status	Initialising (0) to Error (3)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT
mm.007	Module Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
105	SI-Encoder	Feedback
106	SI-Universal Encoder	Teeuback
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
310	MCi210	Automation (Applications)
311	MCi200	
431	SI-EtherCAT	
432	SI-PROFINET RT	
433	SI-Ethernet	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	Fieldbus
443	SI-PROFIBUS	
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	

Safety information Product installation Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization SD Card Operation Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL
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11.17 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)				Ту	10	
	raiameter	OL	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ועי	56		
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to		RW	Num			PS			
18.002 to 18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer	-32768 to		RO	Num	ND	NC	US			
18.011 to 18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		RW	Num			US			
18.031 to 18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	Off (0)			RW	Bit			US	
18.051 to 18.054	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to		0		RW	Num			PS	

11.18 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range	(\$)		Default(⇔)				Tv	20	
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	Je	
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to				RO	Num	ND	NC	US	
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num			US	
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US	
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS

11.19 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range	e(\$)		Default(⇔)				Туре	
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			туре	
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767	0			RW	Num		
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647	0			RW	Num		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information

11.20 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

			Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
21.001	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp	VM_POSITIVE_R EF_CLAMP2 Hz		TIVE_REF_ 1P2 rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 60 Hz: 60.0	50 Hz: 1500.0 60 Hz: 1800.0	3000.0	RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Reference Clamp	VM_NEGATIVE_ REF_CLAMP2 Hz		ATIVE_REF_ IP2 rpm		0.0	L	RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0), A1 Pres Keypad (4), P	set (1), A2 Prese recision (5), Key			A1 Preset (1)		RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_ RATE s/100 Hz		ACCEL_RATE	5.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	0.0 to VM_ACCEL_ RATE s/100 Hz		ACCEL_RATE 00 rpm	10.0 s	2.000 s	0.200 s	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Rated Frequency	0.0 to 550).0 Hz			z: 50.0 z: 60.0		RW	Num				US
21.007	M2 Rated Current	0.000 to V	M_RATED_CUF	RENT A	Maximum	Heavy Duty Ratir	ng (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33	3000.00 rpm	50 Hz: 1500 rpm 60 Hz: 1800 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.00 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Rated Voltage	0 to VM_	AC_VOLTAGE_	SET V	400	200V drive: 230 \)V drive 50Hz: 40)V drive 60Hz: 46	00 V 00	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Rated Power Factor	0.000 to	1.000		0.	850		RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number Of Motor Poles	Automati	c (0) to 480 Pole	es (240)	Autom	natic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Txt				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000	00 to 1000.0000	00 Ω		0.000000 Ω		RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance / Ld	0.0	00 to 500.000 m	Н		0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	C	Off (0) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1		1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s		RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.0000 to 2	00.0000 s/rad		0.0300 s/rad	0.0100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 65	55.35 s ² /rad		0.10 s ² /rad	1.00 s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to	0.65535 1/rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
21.020	M2 Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9 °			0.0 °	RW	Num	ND			US
21.021	M2 Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot 1 (2)	, P2 Drive (1), , P2 Slot 1 (3),), P2 Slot 2 (5)		P1 Dri	ive (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain		0 to 30000		20	15	50	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain		0 to 30000		40	20	00	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 5000).00 mH		0.0) mH		RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %			50.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %			75.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURRE	NT_LIMIT %	165 %	250) %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURRE	NT_LIMIT %	165 %	250) %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MC	TOR2_CURRE	NT_LIMIT %	165 %	250) %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.030	M2 Volts Per 1000 rpm			0 to 10,000 V		1	98	RW	Num				US
21.032	M2 Current Reference Filter Time Constant 1		0.0 to	25.0 ms		0.0	ms	RW	Num				US
21.033	M2 Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode		0 to 1			0		RW	Num				US
21.034	M2 Current Controller Mode		Off (0)	or On (1)		Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
21.035	M2 Notch Filter Centre Frequency		50 to	1000 Hz		100	Hz	RW	Num				US
21.036	M2 Notch Filter Bandwidth		0 to	500 Hz		01	Hz	RW	Num				US
21.039	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2		1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s		RW	Num				US
21.040	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling		0 to 100 %			0 %		RW	Num				US
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2		0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.043	M2 Torque Per Amp		0.00 to 500.00 Nm/A	0.001			[RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	M2 Torque Per Amp			0.00 to 500.00 Nm/A			1.60 Nm/A	RW	Num				US
21.044	M2 No-load Core Loss		0 to 99999.999 I			0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
21.045	M2 Rated Core Loss	0.00	0 to 99999.999 I	<w< td=""><td></td><td>0.000 kW</td><td></td><td>RW</td><td>Num</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>US</td></w<>		0.000 kW		RW	Num				US
21.046	M2 Magnetising Current Limit		0.0 to 100.0 %			100.0 %		RW	Num				US
21.047	M2 Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.048	M2 No-load Lq M2 Iq Test Current For Inductance			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.051	Measurement			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num	L	L		US
21.053	M2 Phase Offset At Iq Test Current			±90.0°			0.0°	RW	Num		RA		US

Safety informat		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiza	ation	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advan parame		Diagn	ostics		isting nation
	Para	meter			Range(≎)			Defau	ılt(⇔)				Туре		
	i aia	neter		OL	RFC-A	RFC	-S	OL	RFC	C-A R	FC-S			Type		
21.054	M2 Lq At Defined	Iq Test Current				0.000 500.000				0.0	00 mH	RW	Num	F	RA	US
	M2 Id Test Currer Measurement	t For Inductance				-100 to	0 %			-	50 %	RW	Num			US
21.060	M2 Lq at the defir	ed Id test currer	nt			0.000 500.000				0.0	00 mH	RW	Num	F	RA	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					•							

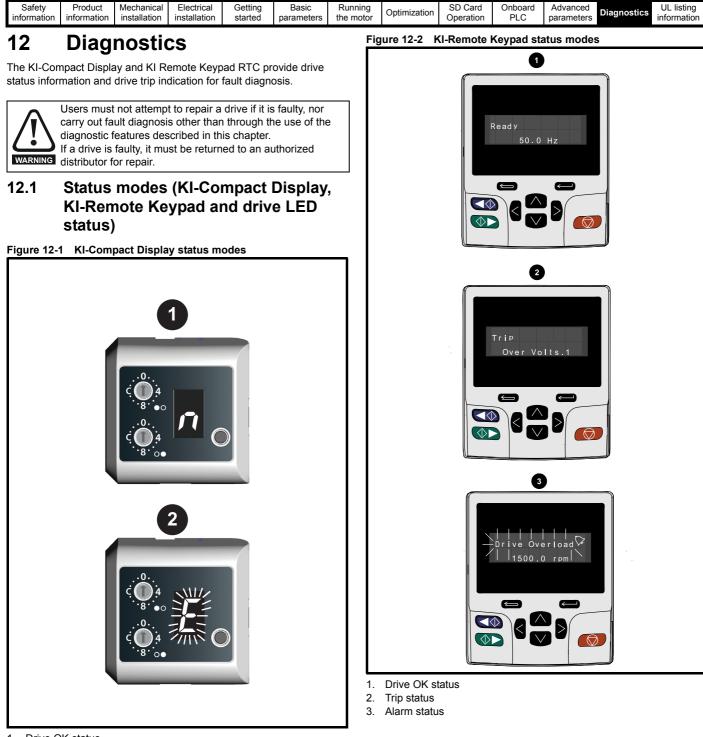
11.21 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

1		Range(≎)			Default(⇔)		1		_		
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Туре		
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.006		RW	Num		PT	US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			2.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			2.021		RW	Num		PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.014	3.	010	RW	Num		PT	US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.015	3.	.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.013	3.	012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.004	3.	002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.0	001	3.029	RW	Num		PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.001		RW	Num		PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.002		RW	Num		PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			2.004		RW	Num		PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		0.000	2.	002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		8.026	4.	012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			3.123		RW	Num		PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.010		RW	Num		PT	US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.005		RW	Num		PT	US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.021		RW	Num		PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			1.022		RW	Num		PT	US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.023		008	RW	Num		PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1.024		034	RW	Num		PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			6.013		RW	Num		PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.036		RW	Num		PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.042		RW	Num		PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.033		RW	Num		PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.032		RW	Num		PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		6.009	5.016	0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.030		RW	Num		PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.024		RW	Num		PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.025		RW	Num		PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.023		RW	Num		PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.013		RW	Num		PT	US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		I	5.012		RW	Num		PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			5.018		RW	Num		PT	US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			5.011	0.00-	RW	Num		PT	US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.0	5 000	3.025	RW	Num		PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			5.009		RW	Num		PT	US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			5.008		RW	Num		PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			5.007	E 000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		5.0	11 021	5.033	RW	Num		PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		I	11.031		RW	Num		PT	US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.044		RW	Num		PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.029		RW	Num		PT	US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			10.037		RW	Num		PT	US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			11.020		RW	Num		PT	US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			4.015		RW	Num		PT	US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999		1	0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US

Uptimization Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
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			Range(0)			Default(⇔)		I				
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	e	
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000	1	RW	Num		PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num		PT	US

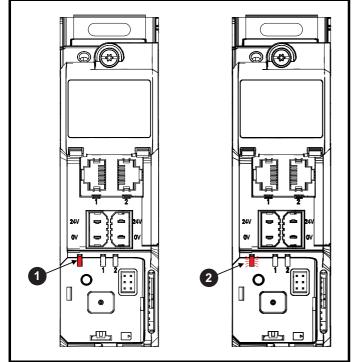
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination



- 1. Drive OK status
- 2. Trip status (flashing)

Safety information Product Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization SD Card Operation Onbo PL	C parameters Diagnostics information
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Figure 12-3 Location of the status LED



- 1. Non flashing: Normal status
- 2. Flashing: Trip status

12.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, where a KI-Compact Display is being used, a trip or HF (hardware fault) condition is indicated as a scrolling message, with an E prefix followed by a serial communications trip code and sub trip code where relevant. Refer to Table 12-1 for further information.

Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

Display character	Trip code	Separator	Sub-trip code
F	Range 1 to 254	•	Range 1 to 65535
H F	Range 1 to 99		

During a trip condition, where a KI-Remote Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 12-3.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-4 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr **10.001** 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr **10.020** providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 12-5 to identify the specific trip.

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-4 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up Over Volts in Table 12-4.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

12.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-2 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 12-2	Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number	
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Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	Temp Feedback
OHt Power	Power Data
OHt Control	

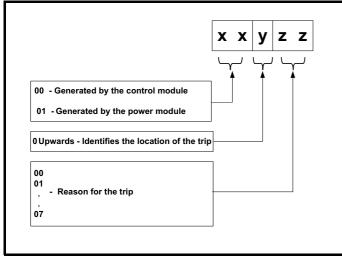
The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

	Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		SD Card	Onboard	Advanced		UL listina
	ounory		moonamoan	2.000.000	ootang	20010		Optimization	00 00.0	onsoara	7.00.000	Diagnostics	o _ noting
in	formation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	Diagnostics	information
	iomation	mornation	instantion	matailation	Starteu	parameters		1	Operation	1 20	parameters		monnation

Figure 12-4 Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help of Table 12-3 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature. For further information on individual sub-trips, refer to the diagnosis column in Table 12-4.

Table 12-3 Sub-trip identification

Source	хх	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

12.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Table 12-4 Trip indications

Trip	Diagnosis									
App Menu Changed	Customizati	on table for an application module has chang	ed							
	The App Me	nu Changed trip indicates that the customization	able for an application menu has changed. The menu that							
	has been cha	anged can be identified by the sub-trip number.								
	Sub-trip	Reason								
	1	Menu 18								
	2	Menu 19								
217	3	Menu 20								
	If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip									
		ext power-up.								
	Recommen	ded actions:	tions:							
		e trip and perform a parameter save to accept the	-							
Autotune 1		dback did not change or required speed could								
	The drive ha	s tripped during an autotune. The cause of the tri	p can be identified from the sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip	Reason	Recommended actions							
	Sub-trip	RedSUI								
		The position feedback did not change when	Ensure that the motor is free to turn (i.e. mechanical brake is released).							
	1	position feedback is being used during rotating	Check that the position feedback is selected correctly							
		auto-tune.	and operates correctly.							
		-	Ensure that the motor is free to turn and that the static							
	2	The motor did not reach the required speed during mechanical load measurement.	load plus inertia is not too large for the drive to accelerate							
		5	within the test time.							
		The required commutation signal edge could not	Check that the position feedback signals are connected							
	3	be found during a rotating auto-tune with a	correctly.							
		Commutation Only position feedback device.								
	4	The required movement angle cannot be	Reduce the angular movement required.							
		produced during a minimal movement test.								
	5	The second part of the minimal movement test during auto-tuning cannot locate the motor flux	Reduce the angular movement required.							
11	Ŭ	position accurately.	Reduce the angular movement required.							
			If a minimal movement test is being used and excessive							
	6	The phasing offset angle is measured twice during a stationary auto-tune and the results are	motor movement is occurring during the test reduce the							
	0	not within 30° of each other.	required angle movement. Otherwise try and increase							
			the required angle movement.							
		The motor is moving when a phasing test on	Ensure that the motor is stationany before the drive is							
	7	enable is selected and the drive is enabled, but the motor is still moving at a speed above the	Ensure that the motor is stationary before the drive is enabled.							
		zero speed threshold.								
		An auto-tune has been attempted while the AMC								
	8	is selected.	Set AMC Select (31.001) to zero to deselect the AMC.							
	Beeemmen	ded estimat	ļI							
		ded actions: he motor is free to turn i.e. mechanical brake was	released							
		Pr 03.026 and Pr 03.038 are set correctly (or appr								
		edback device wiring is correct	ophale 2 motor map parameters)							
		ncoder mechanical coupling to the motor								
Autotune 2		dback direction incorrect								
			the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip							
	number.									
			D							
	Sub-trip		Reason							
	1		hen position feedback is being used during a rotating							
		autotune								
12	2	A SINCOS encoder with comms is being use in the opposite direction to the sine wave bas	d for position feedback and the comms position is rotating							
		in the opposite direction to the sine wave bas								
	Recommen	ded actions:								
		notor cable wiring is correct								
		edback device wiring is correct								
	Swap an	y two motor phases								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
Т	Trip						Diagnosis								
Auto	otune 3	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction													
		The drive	The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number.												
		Sub-t	rip				Re	ason							
		1	Меа	asured iner	tia has exce	eded the p	arameter ran	ge during a	mechanic	al load meas	urement				
		2													
	13	3													
		Chec Chec	 Recommended actions for sub-trip 2: Check motor cable wiring is correct Check feedback device U,V and W commutation signal wiring is correct Recommended actions for sub-trip 3: 												
			 Increase the test level If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed range 												
Auto	otune 4				-										
	14	Commuta Recomm	ive encoder U commutation signal fail position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo, or mmutations only encoder) and the U commutation signal did not change during a rotating autotune. commended actions:												
Auto	otune 5		Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8) Drive encoder V commutation signal fail												
	15	A position Commuta	n feedback ations only e	device witl encoder) a	n commutati	on signals				ervo, FR Serv ting autotune.		vo, or			
			 Recommended actions: Check feedback device V commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 9 and 10) 												
Auto	otune 6				on signal fa	-	ng is correct	(Encoder te	erminais 9	and TU)					
	16	A position Commuta	n feedback ations only e	device witl encoder) a	n commutati	on signals				ervo, FR Serv ating autotune		vo, or			
		 Check feedback device W commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 11 and 12) 													
Auto	otune 7					-	ion set inco		erminals i	Tanu TZ)					
Auto		An Autotu	<i>ine 7</i> trip is	initiated d		ing autotur	e, if the moto		he positior	n feedback res	solution ha	ive been			
	17	Chec		evolution fo	or feedback in Pr 05.01										
Autotun	e Stopped	Autotune	e test stop	ped befor	e completio	n									
		The drive	was preve	nted from	completing a	an autotune	e test, becaus	e either the	e drive ena	ble or the driv	e run were	e removed.			
	18	Recomm	ended act	ions:											
		Chec	k the run co	ommand w	as active in	Pr 08.005	ere active dur during autotu	-	otune						
Brake F	R Too Hot	Braking I	resistor ov	erload tin	ned out (l ² t)										
	19	Accumula (10.031) a Accumula	ator (10.039 and <i>Braking</i> ator (10.039	9) is calcula g <i>Resistor</i> 9) reaches	ated using <i>B</i> <i>Resistance</i>	raking Res	istor Rated Po	ower (10.03	80), Braking	Braking Res g Resistor The when Braking	ermal Time	e Constant			
		EnsureIf an ender	 Recommended actions: Ensure the values entered in Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are correct If an external thermal protection device is being used and the braking resistor software overload protection is not required, set Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 or Pr 10.061 to 0 to disable the trip. 												

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Optimization SD Card Onboard Advanced Diagnostics UL lis

Trip		Diagnosis						
CAM	Advanced mot	ion controller CAM failure						
	The CAM trip in	dicates that the advanced motion controller CAM has detected a problem.						
	Sub-trip	Reason						
	AMC Cam Start Index (35.001) > AMC Cam Size (35.003) or AMC Cam Start Position In Segn (35.002) > Cam Table In for the start index							
99	2	AMC CAM Index (35.007) has been made to change by more than 2 in one sample						
	3 The rate of change at a segment boundary has exceeded the maximum value							
	4	The sum of the AMC Cam Position In Segment (35.008) and the change of master position has exceeded the maximum value.						
Card Access	SD Card Write	fail						
185	the card then th data transfer ma	ss trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the SD Card. If the trip occurs during the data transfer to e file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the drive then the ay be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the transfer, the not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive gain.						
	Recommended							
	 Check SD (Replace the 	Card is installed / located correctly						
Card Boot	•	rameter modification cannot be saved to the SD Card						
	•	s are automatically saved on exiting edit mode.						
177	The Card Boot and Pr 11.042 is new parameter	trip will occur if a write to a Menu 0 parameter has been initiated via the keypad by exiting edit mode s set for auto or boot mode, but the necessary boot file has not been created on the SD Card to take the value. This occurs when Pr 11.042 is changed to Auto (3) or Boot (4) mode, but the drive is not eset. The action of resetting the trip will create the necessary file and prevent further trips.						
	Re-attempt	Pr 11.042 is correctly set, and then reset the drive to create the necessary file on the SD Card the parameter write to the Menu 0 parameter						
Card Busy		bt be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module						
178	accessed by an	trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on SD Card, but the SD Card is already being Option Module, such as one of the Applications modules. No data is transferred.						
	Recommended							
Card Compare		option module to finish accessing the SD Card and re-attempt the required function ata is different to the one in the drive						
Card Compare	A compare has	been carried out between a file on the SD Card and the drive. A Card Compare trip is initiated if the the SD Card are different to the drive.						
188	Recommended	d actions:						
		000 to 0 and reset the trip nsure the correct data block on the SD Card has been used for the compare.						
Card Data Exists		ocation already contains data						
		<i>Exists</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to store data on an SD Card in a data block which s data. No data is transferred. The data should be erased from the card first to prevent this trip.						
179	Recommended	d actions:						
	Write data t	ata in data location o an alternative data location						
Card Drive Mode		neter set not compatible with current drive mode						
	the current drive	<i>Mode</i> trip is produced during a compare if the drive mode in the data block on the SD Card is different from e mode. This trip is also produced if an attempt is made to transfer parameters from an SD Card to the drive mode in the data block is outside the allowed range of operating modes.						
187	Recommended	actions:						
	Clear the va	destination drive supports the drive operating mode in the parameter file. alue in Pr mm.000 and reset the drive.						
	 Ensure des 	tination drive operating mode is the same as the source parameter file.						

Safety Product information			arted Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
Trip	Diagnosis												
Card Error	SD Card data	a structure	error										
	data structure	e on the card	ites that an attem I. Resetting the tr d by the sub-trip.	ip will cause									
	Sub-trip					eason							
	1		uired folder and fi		is not preser	nt							
182	2		0> file is corrupte		den herre the	a a ma fila id							
	3	I wo or r	nore files in the <		der nave the	same file lo	ientificatio	n number.					
	Recommended actions: • Erase all the data blocks and re-attempt the process • Ensure the card is located correctly • Replace the SD Card												
Card Full	SD Card full												
404	space left on	the card.	es that an attemp	t has been	made to crea	ite a data bl	ock on an	SD Card, b	ut there is n	iot enough			
184			r the entire SD C	ard to creat	e space								
Card No Data	SD Card data	a not found											
183	The Card No is transferred. Recommend	•	licates that an att	empt has be	een made to a	access non-	existent fil	e or block o	n an SD Ca	rd. No data			
			mber is correct										
Card Option	SD Card trip	; option mo	dules installed	are differe	nt between s	ource drive	e and des	tination dri	ve				
	drive, but the transfer, but is	option modes a warning	cates that parame ule categories are that the data for s trip also applies	e different be the option n	etween sourc	e and destir are different	nation driv will be se	es. This trip t to the defa	does not st ult values a	op the data			
180	Recommend												
		•	otion modules are					a ta na d					
		•	odules are in the southen the souther the second seco	•		•			ules installe	ed will be at			
	their defa	ult values		-									
			ressed by setting			-	ne drive.						
Card Product			e not compatible 8) or <i>Product Typ</i>				00000000	d torgot driv	ion than thi	a trip io			
		•	p or when the ca	, ,				-		5 trip 15			
	Sub-trip				Rea	son							
		If Drive De	<i>rivative</i> (11.028) i	s different b	etween the s	ource and t	arget drive	es, this trip is	s initiated ei	ther at			
	1		or when the SD C										
			pressed by enter	-	bbb in parame	eter xx.000,	and reset	ting the drive	e (this appli	es the			
175	175 If Product Type (11.063) is different between the source and target drives or if corruption is detected the parameter file, this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. This trip or be reset but no data are transferred in either direction between the drive and the card. A Unidrive SP parameter value was found that has no equivalent parameter on the destination drive												
										rive.			
	3		transferred, since and resetting the							666 in			
	Recommend	ed actions	:										
	Use a diff	ferent SD C	ard										
	This trip of	can be supp	ressed by setting	Pr mm.00) to 9666 and	resetting th	ne drive						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
1	rip						Diagnosis	i				
	Rating	SD Card	Trip; The v	/oltage an	d / or curre	nt rating o	of the source		nation driv	/es are diff	ferent	
	86	The Carc or voltag set to 8y transfer f drive. Recomn • Rese • Ensu	d Rating trip e ratings are yy) is attemp out is a warr nended acti et the drive t ure that the o	indicates i e different l pted betwe hing that ra ions: o clear the drive rating	that parame between sou en the data ting specific trip dependent	ter data is lirce and de block on a parameter parameter	being transfer stination driv n SD Card an rs with the RA s have transf	rred from a es. This trip ad the drive A attribute r erred corre	n SD Card also appli . The Card nay not be ctly	to the drive es if a comp Rating trip	e, but the cur pare (using F does not sto	Pr mm.000 op the data
Card R	ead Only		has the Re			F1 IIIII.000) to 9666 and	resetting t	le unve			
	81	The Card An SD C Recomn • Clea	d Read Only ard is read- nended act	r trip indica only if the i ions: nly flag by	tes that an a read-only fla	ag has beer	been made t n set. 9777 and rese	-	-		-	
Car	d Slot	SD Card	Trip; Optic	on module	applicatio	n program	transfer has	s failed				
1	74	The Card because option m Recomn	d Slot trip is the option r odule slot n nended act	initiated, if nodule doe umber. ions:	the transfer es not respo	of an optio ond correctl	n module app y. If this happ	olication pro ens this trip	is produc	•	•	
Contr	ol Word		ated from t		•		nstalled on th	ie correct s	lot			
	35	The Con (Pr 06.04 Recomm • Cheo • Disal	trol Word tri 13 = On). nended act ick the value ble the cont Bit 12 of the	p is initiate ions: of Pr 06.0 rol word in control wo	d by setting 42. <i>Control Wo</i> rd set to a c	bit 12 on the second se	the drive to t	rip on Cont	rol Word		word is enab	bled
Curro	nt Offset		feedback o			the trip car	n only be clea	lieu by seil	ing bit 12 t	5 2010		
	225	error has	s been detection Sub-trip	ions: e is no pos	Phase U V W		correctly. The					
Data C	hanging		rameters a									
	97	A user ac enable, i mode, or will cause or transfe drive is a Recomm • Ensu	ction or a file .e. Drive Ac transferring e this trip to erring a deri active, and s nended act ure the drive coading defa Changing dr	e system w tive (10.00 g data from be initiated vative or u o the trip o ions: is not ena aults ive mode data from	rite is active 2) = 1.The L an NV men d if the drive ser program nly occurs i bled when c SD Card or	user actions nory card o is enabled in to the driv f the action one of he fo	anging the dri s that change r a position fe during the tra e. It should b is started an ollowing is bei edback devic	drive paral eedback de ansfer are v e noted tha d then the d	meters are vice to the writing a pa tt none of t drive is ena	loading de drive. The arameter or hese action	faults, chang file system a macro file to	ing drive ctions that the drive,

Safety information in			Electrical Installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters		_ listing prmatio
Trij	р						Diagnosis					
Derivati	ive ID	Derivative										
		There is a p given by the				iated with d	erivative ima	ge which c	ustomizes	the drive. The r	eason for the	trip i
		Sub-trip					Reas					
247	7	1				-	ne product bu	it this has	been erase	d.		
		3			out of range		4					
					lage has be	ch ondrige.						
		Recomme										
Derivative	Imago	Contact the Derivative			e							
Derivative	e innage		-		ates that an	error has b	een detecteo	l in the der	ivative ima	ge. The sub-tri	o number ind	licate
		the reason										loute
		Sub-trip)		R	eason				Commen	ts	
		1 to 52	the su	pplier of th	ne drive.		ative image,					
		61	deriva	tive image	•		allowed with					
		62	deriva	itive image	:		allowed with			en the drive po ogrammed. Th		
		63	deriva	itive image	:		allowed with		will not run		-	
248	8	64	deriva	itive image	•		allowed with					
		70	not fit	ed in any	slot		e derivative ir	-				
		71	not pr	esent			o be fitted in			en the drive po ogrammed. Th		
		72	not pr	esent			o be fitted in	slot 2	will not run		0	
		73	not pr	esent			o be fitted in					
		80 to 81		or has been polier of the		in the deriv	ative image,	contact				
		Recomment Contact the			•							
Destina	ation					ho samo di	estination pa	ramotor				
EGStille	ation		-		_		-		tions (Men	us 3, 7, 8, 9, 12	or 14) withir	n the
199	9	drive are w				en paramo						
193	3	Recomme	nded act	ons:								
							ck all visible	parameter	s in all mer	nus for parame	ter write conf	licts
Drive	Size	-			recognized		not	ad the state			to which it i	
		connected.			at the contro	DI PCB has	not recognize	ed the drive	e size of the	e power circuit	to which it is	
224	4		the drive	is prograr	nmed to the e to supplie		vare version					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
Т	rip						Diagnosis								
	OM Fail	Default p	parameters	s have bee	n loaded		-								
			rip The r The r The c of pa The c or the The c The c	ub-trip num nost signific CRCs appli- rameters ca drive mode derivative drive deriva power stage	nber. cant digit of t ed to the par annot be loa restored fror	the internal rameter dat ded m internal r not allow t nas change nas change	d	son atabase ve iternal non- nemory is o	rsion numb volatile me	per has char emory indica	nged te that a val	id set			
		7				•	re has chang	ed							
		8			d hardware			,00							
	31	9	The c	checksum c	on the non-pa	arameter a	rea of the EE	PROM has	failed						
		If the last If one of t paramete corrupt th	t bank of ei these trips ers when re ne data in t	ther set of poccurs the equested by he non-vola	parameters t parameters the user an atile memory	that was sa values that nd if the pov /.	d two banks ved is corrup were last sav ver is remove	ited a User ved success ed from the	Save or Posfully are u drive durir	ower Down sed. It can ta ng this proce	Save trip is ake some tir ess it is poss	produced. ne to save sible to			
		condition data that can only value.	f both banks of user save parameters or both banks of power down save parameters are corrupted or one of the other conditions given in the table above occurs EEPROM Fail.xxx trip is produced. If this trip occurs it is not possible to use the lata that has been saved previously, and so the drive will be in lowest allowed drive mode with default parameters. The trip can only be reset if Pr mm.000 (mm.000) is set to 10, 11, 1233 or 1244 or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero ralue. Recommended actions: Default the drive and perform a reset Allow sufficient time to perform a save before the supply to the drive is removed If the trip persists - return drive to supplier												
		Allow													
Enco	oder 1				rface power		verload								
1	89	type con Recomm • Chec • Disal • For 5 • Chec • Repla	nector can nended act ck encoder ble the tern 5 V encode ck the enco ace the enco	supply a m tions: power supp nination res rs with long der specific coder	aximum curr ply wiring sistors (Pr 03 rables, sele	rent of 200 8.039 set to ect 8 V (Pr firm if it is o	wer supply h mA @ 15 V 0) to reduce 03.036) and compatible with capability	or 300 mA (current cor install a 5 V	@ 8 V and nsumption / voltage re	5 V. egulator clos	se to the end	coder			
Ence	oder 2			edback) wi			capability								
		The Enco	oder 2 trip i use of the t	ndicates th			•	ak on the 1	5 way D-ty	pe connecto	or on the driv	ve. The			
		1	Dri	ve position	feedback in	terface 1 or	n any input								
		2	Dri	ve position	feedback in	terface 2 or	n any input								
		11	Dri	ve position	feedback in	terface 1 or	n the A chani	nel							
		12	2 Dri	ve position	feedback in	terface 1 or	n the B chani	nel							
1	90	13 Drive position feedback interface 1 on the Z channel													
		 Ensuconn If win Chec Chec Chec 	ected to the e break de ck cable co ck wiring of	position fee e P1 interfa tection on t ntinuity feedback s power sup	ace on the dr	rive. coder input	ected in Pr 0 3 is not require 3.036)								

Safety information			ectrical Getting allation started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters Diagno	ostics	UL listing information
٦	Trip					Diagnosis					
Enc	oder 3		t incorrect whi								
							rip can be i		hile running (RFC- y the sub-trip num		te only) or
		1 300-01p	Drive position	feedback inte	rface 1	Neas	5011				
		2	Drive position								
		Recommend	led actions:								
	191	 Ensure the Check the Check the For a UV the phase For a SIN rotation of 	e rotation of the	e is one uninte l for noise wit encoder med er, ensure that motor ensure that m encoder rotat	h an oscillo chanical mo t the phase otor and inc	scope unting rotation of the cremental SIN	ICOS conn	ections are	signals is the sam e correct and that encoder)		ward
Enc	oder 4		evice comms fa								
		message tran	nsfer time is too	long. This trip	can also b	e caused due	e to wire bro	eak in the	munications positi communication ch ied by the sub-trip	annel	
		Sub-trip				Reas	son				
		1	Drive position								
	192	2	Drive position	feedback inte	rface 2						
		CompleteCheck theReplace to	ne encoder pow e encoder auto- e encoder wirin the feedback de	configuration (36) is correct					
Enc	oder 5	Checksum o		hat there is a	abaakaum		or the CCI	opodoria	not roody The Fr	aadar	E trip con
		also indicate	a wire break to			encoder.		encoder is	not ready. The Er	coder	5 trip can
		Sub-trip			-	Reas	son				
		1	Drive position								
		2	Drive position	reedback inte	mace 2						
	193	 Ensure the shield pig Check the Check the If using a 	e encoder cable	ninterrupted o nector block I for noise wit tion setting (F	cable - remo h an oscillo Pr 03.035)	scope			oidable minimise t 041 = Enabled)	he len	gth of any
Enc	oder 6		indicated an	error							
		The Encoder The Encoder		that the enco		n SSI encode	er.	e power su	pply has failed to	an SS	l encoder.
		Sub-trip	Drivo position	foodbookints	rface 1	Reas	son				
· ·	194	1	Drive position Drive position								
		RecommendFor SSI e		the wiring an	d encoder p		setting (Pr	03.036)]

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters Diagnostics	UL listing information				
Т	rip						Diagnosis								
Enc	oder 7			-			ave changed								
							rs for position -trip number.	feedback	device has	changed. The feedba	ck device				
		Sub-tri					Reas	on							
1	95	1			edback inte										
		2	Drive	position te	edback inte	nace z									
		Recomme	ended action	ons:											
			the trip and Pr 3 033	•		t correctly o	r carry out an	encoder a	auto-config	uration (Pr 03.041 = E	nabled)				
Enc	oder 8				nas timed o		i carry out an	encouera	auto-coning		lableu)				
		The Encod	der 8 trip in	dicates th	at Position f	eedback in	terface comm	unications	time exce	eds 250 µs. The feedb	ack device				
		which has	caused the	e trip can l	be identified	by the sub	-trip number.								
		Sub-tri					Reas	on							
		1	2 Drive position feedback interface 2												
1	96	2													
		Recomme	ended action	ons:											
			commended actions: Ensure the encoder is connected correctly Ensure that the encoder is compatible Increase baud rate Sition feedback is selected from a option module slot which does not have a feedback option module installed												
Enco	oder 9		Ensure that the encoder is compatible Increase baud rate ition feedback is selected from a option module slot which does not have a feedback option module installed												
			ncrease baud rate tion feedback is selected from a option module slot which does not have a feedback option module installed <i>Encoder 9</i> trip indicates that position feedback source selected in Pr 03.026 (or Pr 21.021 for the second motor map) is												
		not valid													
1	97		ended action												
					•		second moto as a feedbac	•		,					
Enco	der 12			-	ied during										
		The Encod	<i>der 12</i> trip i	ndicates t	hat the drive	e is commu	nicating with t	the encode	er but the e	ncoder type is not reco	gnized.				
		Sub-tri	р				Reas	on							
		1			edback inte										
1	62	2	Drive p	position fe	edback inte	rface 2									
		Recomme	ended action	ons:											
					arameters m supports au		tion								
Enco	der 13					0	auto-configu	uration							
							-		the range of	luring auto-configuration	on. No				
							e encoder as erface and 2 f			guration. The tens in th	ne sub-trip				
				Internace I	iumber (i.e.			_	lace).						
		S	ub-trip	Det				Reason							
			x1 x2		ary lines per ar comms p		error								
			x3		ar line pitch										
1	63		x4		ary turns bits										
			x5		nmunication										
			x6		culation time										
			х7	Line	e delay meas	surea is ion	ger than 5 µs								
			ended action												
					arameters m supports au		ation								
L		- Check		encouels	supports du	to-connigura									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnosis					
	nal Trip	An Exte	rnal trip is i	initiated			-					
		An Exter	nal Trip has	occurred.			n be identifie by writing a v				yed after the	trip string.
		Sub-t	rip				Reas	son				
		1	Extern	nal Trip Mo	ode (08.010)	= 1 or 3 ar	nd Safe Torqu	e Off input	1 is low			
		2			, ,	= 2 or 3 ar	nd Safe Torqu	e Off input	2 is low			
	6	3	Extern	nal Trip (10	0.032) = 1							
	0	Recomn	nended act	ions:								
		 Chect If ext Chect Selet 	ck the value ternal trip de ck the value ct 'Destinati	of Pr 08.0 etection of of Pr 10.0 ons' (or er	09 which ind the Safe Tor 32. hter 12001) in	dicates the rque Off inp n Pr mm.0	hinals 2 & 6) edigital state of out is not requ 00 and check controlled by s	f terminals lired, set P for a parar	2 & 6, equ r 08.010 to meter contr	OFF (0).		
Н	F01				address err	-						
		•	0				occurred. Th	is trip indic	ates that th	ne control P	CB on the d	rive has
		Recomn	nended act	ions:								
		Hard	lware fault -	- Contact t	he supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F02	_	-		C address e							
		failed.	·		DMAC addre	ess error ha	as occurred. 7	This trip ind	licates that	the control	PCB on the	drive has
			nended act									
	E0.2				he supplier o							
FI	F03	-	-	-	il instruction n illegal instru		occurred. This	s trip indica	ates that the	e control PC	CB on the dri	ve has
			nended act Iware fault -		he supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F04				I slot instru							
		The <i>HF0</i> failed.	94 trip indica	tes that ar	n illegal slot i	nstruction I	nas occurred.	This trip in	dicates tha	t the contro	I PCB on the	drive has
		Recomn	nended act	ions:								
		Hard	lware fault -	- Contact t	he supplier o	of the drive						
н	F05		5 trip indica		fined excep undefined e		rror has occui	rred. This tr	ip indicate	s that the co	ontrol PCB o	n the drive
		Recomn	nended act	ions:								
					he supplier o							
н	F06				rved except							
		has faile	d.		reserved exc	ception erro	or has occurre	ed. This trip	indicates	that the cor	ntrol PCB on	the drive
			nended act									
	507				he supplier o							
П	F07	-			hdog failure		curred. This t	rin indicate	s that the c		on the drive	has failed
			nended act		wateridog iai			inp indicate				nas lancu.
					ha aunaliar d	of the drive						
Н	F08				he supplier o Interrupt cra							
							s occurred. T	his trip indi	cates that	the control I	PCB on the o	drive has
		Recomn	nended act	ions:								
		• Hard	lware fault -	- Contact t	he supplier o	of the drive						
-		1										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnosis					
Н	F09	Data proc	essing er	ror: Free s	store overfl	ow						
		The <i>HF09</i> failed.	trip indicat	tes that a f	free store ov	erflow has	occurred. Th	is trip indic	ates that th	ne control PC	B on the d	rive has
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
					ne supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F10				neter routin		error					
		-	trip indicat				em error has	occurred. T	his trip ind	licates that th	e control P	CB on the
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		Hardw	are fault –	Contact th	ne supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F11				ss to EEPR							
			trip indicat				ROM has faile	d. This trip	indicates f	hat the contr	ol PCB on	the drive
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		Hardw	are fault –	Contact th	ne supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F12				program st		ow					
		The HF12	trip indicat	es that the	e main prog	ram stack o	over flow has e drive has fa		The stack of	an be identif	ied by the s	sub-trip
		Sub-trip	c		Stack							
		1	Backg	ound task	S							
		2	Timed	tasks								
		3	Main s	ystem inte	errupts							
				-								
		Recomme				<i></i>						
	= 1 0				ne supplier o							
H	F13	-	-				h hardware	th the hard	wara Thia	trin indicator	that the or	ntrol DCP
		on the driv	e has faile	d. The sub			actual ID coo					
		Recomme										
		Hardw	are fault -	Contact th	ne supplier o	of the drive	e drive firmwa	re for <i>Digit</i>	ax HD M7:	51		
Н	F14	-	•		register bar							
		The <i>HF14</i> has failed.	trip indicat	tes that a (CPU registe	r bank erro	r has occurre	d. This trip	indicates t	hat the contr	ol PCB on	the drive
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		Hardw	are fault –	Contact th	ne supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F15	Data proc	essing er	ror: CPU o	divide error	•						
		The <i>HF15</i> failed.	trip indicat	tes that a (CPU divide	error has o	ccurred. This	trip indicat	es that the	control PCB	on the driv	e has
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		Hardw	are fault –	Contact th	ne supplier d	of the drive						
Н	F16	Data proc	essing er	ror: RTOS	error							
		The HF16	trip indicat	tes that a l	RTOS error	has occurr	ed. This trip ir	ndicates that	at the cont	rol PCB on th	e drive has	s failed.
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		Hardw	are fault –	Contact th	ne supplier o	of the drive						
Н	F17	Data proc	essing er	ror: Clock	supplied t	o the cont	rol board is o	out of spec	cification			
		-	trip indicat	tes that the	e clock supp		control board	-		cation. This ti	ip indicate:	s that the
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:								
		1	<i>c</i>	~	ne supplier o	<i></i>						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip						Diagnosis	i						
Н	F18	Data proc	essing er	ror: Interr	nal flash me	mory has	failed							
			•		e internal fla the sub-trip		has failed w	hen writing	option mo	dule param	eter data. Tł	ne reason		
		Sub-tri	р			R	leason							
		1	Progr	amming e	rror while w	riting menu	in flash							
		2	Erase	e flash blo	ck containing	g setup me	nus failed							
		3	Erase	e flash blo	ck containing	g applicatio	n menus faile	ed						
		Recomme	ecommended actions:											
		Hardw	are fault -	Contact th	ne supplier o	f the drive.								
H	F19	Data proc	essing er	ror: CRC	check on th	e firmware	e has failed							
		The HF19	trip indicat	tes that the	e CRC chec	k on the dri	ve firmware l	has failed.						
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:										
			ogram the											
	F 00				e supplier o									
H	F20	•	0				h the hardwa		firmwara T	The ASIC VC	vicion can b			
		from the s	•						iiiiiiware. i	THE ASIC VE	ISION Can be			
		Recomme	nded acti	ons:										
		Hardw	are fault -	Contact th	ne supplier o	f the drive								
HF23	to HF25	Hardware	fault											
		Recomme	ended acti	ons:										
		If this	trip occurs	please co	nsult the dri	ve supplier								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
1	rip						Diagnosis								
	ctance	Inductan	ce measur	ement ou	t of range o	or motor sa	turation not								
		This trip of being attended saturation	occurs in Rf empted. The characteri	C-S mod trip is eit stic of the	e when the o her caused motor canno	drive has de because the ot be meas	etected that the the the the the the the tected the tec	he motor in erence betv	veen Ld ar	nd Lq is too	small or bec	•			
					24)) / Ld (05				9						
			• • •	•	., .	,	Current Kc (11	1 061))H							
		where:	, (,	- (//							
			ated voltag	e (11.033) K										
		200 V			0	.0073									
		400 V			0	.0146									
		575 V				.0174									
		690 V			0	.0209									
		measured applied in (11.061)).	The specific reasons for each of the sub-trips are given in the table below: Sub-trip Reason 1 The inductance ratio or difference is too small when the drive has been started in sensorless mode. 2 The saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured when the drive has been started in												
								Delow.							
					tio or differe	nce is too s	mall when th	e drive has	been star	ted in senso	rless mode.				
	8	2		ration cha ss mode.	aracteristic o	f the motor	cannot be m	easured wi	nen the dri	ve has beer	n started in				
							mall when ar RFC-S mode								
		3	feedbacl reliable.	k is being	used the me neasured va	asured val	a carrying out ue for <i>Positio</i> 05.024) and 1	n Feedbac	k Phase A	ngle (03.02	5) may not b	e			
		4	is initiate	ed if the ch	nange canno	t be detect	ected by the ed when an a to perform a	attempt is m	ade to pe	rform a stati	onary auto-t				
		Recomm	ended acti	ons for s	ub-trip 1:										
		Ensur	re that RFC	Low Spe	ed Mode (05	5.064) is se	t to Non-salie	ent (1), Curi	ent (2) or	Current No	test (3).				
		Recomm	ended acti	ons for s	ub-trip 2:										
		Ensur	re that RFC	Low Spe	ed Mode (05	5.064) is se	t to Non-salie	ent (1), Curi	rent (2) or	Current No	test (3).				
1		Recomm	ended acti	ons for s	ub-trip 3:										
1		None	. The trip a	cts as a w	arning.										
1		Recomm	ended acti	ons for s	ub-trip 4:										
							imal movem				lo or -h 1 '	0 000111			
1/0.0	verload		ing test on a	-	not possible	. Use a pos	ition feedbac	IN UEVICE W	iin commu	itation signa	IS UL ADSOIUI	le position.			
1/0 0	Verticau	•	•		that the tota	al current d	awn from 24	V user sur	ply or from	n the digital	output has e	exceeded			
							g conditions:		.,	0	•				
					om one digit										
	06						uts 1 and 2 is		100 m 4						
	26		ended acti		utput curren	it nom outp	ut 3 and +24	v output is	100 MA						
		Check	k total loads	s on digita	l outputs										
1		Check	k control wi	ring is cor	rect										
1/	ol Mash		k output wir	-	-	ve la'	100 4hz	ad referre		aa kasus!					
Кеура	ad Mode						ving the spe				r 6 or M2 ro	ference			
		selector (2	21.003 = 4	or 6 if mo			/pad mode [<i>F</i> nd the keypa								
	34		ended acti												
			stall keypao ge <i>Referen</i>			o select the	reference fro	om another	source						
1		5.101			(·····/·										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnosis	5				
	Too Hot	Output c	urrent ove	rload time	d out (l ² t)							
	20	The Moto Time Con will trip or Recomm • Ensur • Check • If see rating • Tune • Check • Ensur • This t Pr 04	or Too Hot tr astant (Pr 0- a Motor Too bended acti re the load k the load c an during an g of the drive the Rated S k feedback re the moto rip can be c .016 to 1.	ip indicates 4.015). Pr (<i>Hot</i> when ons: is not jamm in the moto auto-tune e <i>Speed</i> (Pr (signal for r r rated curr disabled an	s a motor th)4.019 disp Pr 04.019 g ned / stickin r has not cl test in RFC 05.008) (RF noise rent is not z d current lin	lays the mo gets to 100 hanged C-S mode, e FC-A mode ero miting activ	tor temperat %. ensure the mo only)	ure as a pe	rcentage o	Pr 05.007) ar f the maximu Pr 05.007 is s ing thermal p	ım value. T ≤ Heavy dı	The drive
Nam	e Plate		ic namepla				lata tuanafan	h a fu va a m file		d the motor h	as failed	The event
OHt	76 Brake	reason fo Sub-tri 1 2 3 4 Recomm • Ensur • When store • When install • Checl • Verify Braking I	r the trip ca ip Not er Comm The tri The ch re that the converties of the encode all the name transferrin led. k if the encode (BBT over- Brake over-	n be identii nough mem nunication v ansfer has necksum of ons: levice enco motor obje eplate data g between oder has be er wiring. temperatu	fied from the nory space to vith encode failed f the stored oder memore ect (Pr mm. a. option moce een initialize re	e sub-trip n to complete r failed object has ry has at le 000 = 1100 dule and en ed in <i>Positi</i>	umber. Rea: the transfer failed ast 128 bytes 0), ensure th coder, ensure on Feedback	s to store th at the devic e that the o Initialized (e namepla ce encoder ption slot h 03.076).		at least 2 k option m	56 bytes to
1	01	Recomm	ended acti	ons:								
			0		0	than or eq	ual to the mir	nimum resis	tance valu	e		
OHt	Control	This OHt	Stage over Control trip or location is	indicates t	hat a contro	ol stage ove	er-temperatu	re has beer	detected.	From the sul	b-trip 'xxyz	z', the
		So	ource	XX	У	ZZ			Desci	ription		
		Contro	ol system	00	0	01	Control b	oard therm	istor 1 ove	r temperature	е	
		Contro	ol system	00	0	02	Control b	oard therm	istor 2 ove	r temperature	e	
	~~	Contro	ol system	00	0	03	I/O board	d thermistor	over temp	erature		
	23	 Check Check Check Check Increase Reduce 	k enclosure k enclosure k enclosure k enclosure ase ventilat ce the drive k ambient to	/ drive fan ventilation door filters ion switching	paths s frequency	, inctioning c	orrectly					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information			
Т	rip						Diagnosis	5							
OHt	dc bus	DC bus o	over tempe	rature			_								
		includes output cu this parar	a thermal p rrent and D meter reach	rotection sy C bus rippl es 100 % t	vstem to pro e. The estir hen an <i>OHt</i>	tect the DC nated temp dc bus trip	bus compo erature is di	onents within splayed as o 200 is initi	n the drive. a percenta ated. The c	re thermal m This include ge of the trip drive will atte	es the effect level in Pr	s of the 07.035 . If			
		Sc	ource	xx	У	zz			Dese	cription					
		Contro	ol system	00	2	00	DC bu	s thermal m	odel gives	trip with sub	-trip 0				
										ected from w the trip is ind					
		Sc	ource	xx	У	ZZ			Dese	cription					
		Contro	ol system	01	0	00	Power	stage gives	s trip with s	ub-trip 0					
		Recomm	nended acti	ons:			·								
	27	 Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels Check DC bus ripple level Reduce duty cycle Reduce motor load Check the output current stability. If unstable; Check the motor map settings with motor nameplate (Pr 05.006, Pr 05.007, Pr 05.008, Pr 05.009, Pr 05.010, Pr 05.011) – (All Modes) Disable slip compensation (Pr 05.027 = 0) – (Open loop) Disable dynamic V to F operation (Pr 05.013 = 0) - (Open loop) Select fixed boost (Pr 05.014 = Fixed) – (Open loop) Disconnect the load and complete a rotating auto-tune (Pr 05.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Auto-tune the rated speed value (Pr 03.011, Pr 03.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a speed feedback filter value (Pr 03.042) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S) Check encoder signals for noise with an oscilloscope (RFC-A, RFC-S) Check encoder mechanical coupling - (RFC-A, RFC-S) 													
OHt I	nverter	Inverter	over tempe	erature bas	sed on ther	mal mode									
							ure has bee orm xxyzz a			software the	ermal mode	I. The sub-			
		Sc	ource	xx	У	ZZ			Descr	iption					
			ol system	00	1	00	Inverter th	nermal mod	el						
		Contro	ol system	00	3	00	Braking I	GBT therma	al model						
:	21	Redu Ensu Redu Incre Redu Chec Ensu Recomm	ice the sele re <i>Auto-swi</i> ice duty cyc ase acceler ice motor lo ick DC bus ri re all three	cted drive s tching Fred ele ation / dec ad pple input phase input phase	sub-trip 100 switching fre guency Cha eleration rat eleration rat es are prese sub-trip 300	equency nge Disabl es ent and bal	e (05.035) is anced	set to Off							

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimiz	ation	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagr	osis	S				
OHt	Power	Power sta	ige over te	emperatur	е								
		location wh module typ power mod Single mo	hich is indi be drive (i. dules) as s	cating the e. no paral hown belo drive:	over-temper llel board fitte ow:	ature is id	entified t multi-mo	by 'z	detected. Fro zz'.The therm e type drive (iistor numl i.e. paralle	bering is dif	ferent for a s	ingle
				xx 01	y 0		ZZ	Th	ermistor loca		•	the newer he	ord
			system system	01	Rectifier n	umber	ZZ ZZ		ermistor loca		-		Jaiu
		Multi-mod	•				LL						
		Sourc	e	x	ĸ	У	z	z		D	escription		
		Powersys	stem p	ower modu	ule number	0	0	1	U phase p	ower devi	се		
		Power sy	rstem p	ower modu	ule number	0	0	2	V phase p	ower devi	ce		
		Power sy	rstem p	ower modu	ule number	0	0	3	W phase p	ower dev	ice		
	22	Power sy	rstem p	ower modu	ule number	0	0	4	Rectifier				
		Power sy			ule number	0	0		General p	,	em		
		Power sy	stem p	ower modu	ule number	0	0	0	Braking IC	BT			
		 Force Check Check Increase Reduct Reduct Increase Use S Reduct Check 	enclosure the heatsin enclosure enclosure se ventilat e the drive e duty cyc se acceler ramp (Pr e motor lo the derati	 / drive far nk fans to i ventilation door filter door filter switching switching ation / dec 02.006) ad ng tables a 	s frequency eleration rat	es	Ŀ	y siz	zed for the a	pplication.			
0	l ac			-	urrent detec	-							
		The instan after the tri			current has	exceedeo	I VM_DR	RIVE	CURRENT	[MAX]. Th	is trip canno	ot be reset u	ntil 10 s
			urce		хх	У	z	z			Descriptio		
			l system system	Power m	00 odule numbe	0 er 0	0	0				when the me CURRENT	
		Fower	System	Fowerme									[IVIII O V].
	3	 If seen Check Check Check Check Check Check Check Is mote Reduct Has th 	eration/dec a during au for short of integrity of feedback feedback feedback or cable le the value phase a	eleration ra- to-tune rec- circuit on the f the moto device wir device me signals are ngth withir es in the sp ngle autotu	echanical cou e free from n n limits for the peed loop ga une been co	age boos bling using an ir upling ioise e frame si ain paramo mpleted?	nsulation ze eters - (P (RFC-S r	r 03 mode	3.010, 03.011		or (Pr 03.01	3, 03.014, 0	3.015)

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizatio) Card eration	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Т	rip						Diagno	sis						
	Brake	Braking IG	GBT over c	urrent de	etected: sh	ort circuit	protection	for th	e brak	ing IGBT a	activated			
		The OI Bra	The <i>OI Brake</i> trip indicates that over current has been detected in braking IGBT or braking IGBT protection has been activated. This trip cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.											
		Sou	urce		XX	У	,	zz			Description	on		
	4	Power	system	Power n	nodule numl	per 0		00	Brakir	ng IGBT in	stantaneous	over-currer	nt trip	
	4	Recomme	nded actic	ns.										
			Recommended actions: Check brake resistor wiring											
					ue is greater	than or eq	ual to the	ninimu	m resis	stance valu	e			
			braking res							-				
0	l dc				letected fro			-		-				
					e snort circu detected. T							. The table b d	elow	
					XX				zz			u.		
			ol system		00		y 0		00					
1	09		r system	Power	module nur	nber	0		00					
			. eyetem				•							
		Recomme	nded actio	ons:										
		Discon	nect the m	otor cable	e at the drive	e end and o	heck the r	notor a	nd cab	le insulatio	n with an in	sulation test	er	
			ce the drive											
OI Si	nubber	Snubber o				ourrant cor	dition has	haan	dataata	d in the re-	atifian anubb	or oirouit. Th		
			The <i>OI Snubber</i> trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubber circuit. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.											
		Sour		xx		y	ZZ				Description	1		
		Power s		01	Rectifie	er number*	00	Rec	ctifier si		er-current tri			
			-									·		
			* For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has detected the fault.											
9	92	detected the fault. Recommended actions:												
			Ensure the internal EMC Filter is installed											
			Ensure the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum for selected switching frequency											
			for supply											
					ce such as r cable insul	-			٩r					
					or or sinusoi									
Option	Disable	Option mo	odule does	not ack	nowledge d	luring driv	e mode cl	angeo	over					
											e that comm	unications v	vith the	
-	-			ed during	the drive m	ode change	eover with	in the a	allocate	d time.				
2	215	Recomme	•											
		 Reset the trip If the trip persists, replace the option module 												
Out Ph	ase Loss	Output ph												
		The Out Pl	hase Loss t	trip indica	ites that pha	se loss has	s been det	ected a	t the d	rive output				
		Sub-tri	p				Reason							
		1	-	se detect	ed as disco	nnected wh	en drive e	nabled	to run.					
		2	V pha	se detect	ed as discor	nnected wh	en drive e	nabled	to run.					
		3	W pha	ase detec	ted as disco	nnected wi	nen drive e	nabled	to run					
	98	4	Outpu	t phase lo	oss detected	when the	drive is rui	nning.						
	50	NOTE												
		NOTE If Pr 05.04 2	2 = 1 the pl	nysical ou	Itput phases	are revers	ed, and so	sub-tri	ip 3 ref	ers to phys	ical output i	phase V and	sub-trip 2	
		refers to ph	•		• •		, a 00	(1)						
Recommended actions: Check motor and drive connections														
		 Check 	motor and	drive con	inections									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the moto		SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information				
т	rip						Diagnosis									
Over	Speed	Motor sp	eed has ex	ceeded th	e over sp	eed three	-									
	7	In open id direction of <i>Over Spe</i> threshold In RFC-A when the Recomm • Chec • Redu • If an of The abov	 In open loop mode, if the <i>Output Frequency</i> (05.001) exceeds the threshold set in <i>Over Speed Threshold</i> (03.008) in eith direction an <i>Over Speed trip</i> is produced. In RFC-A and RFC-S mode, if the Speed Feedback (03.002) exceeds the <i>Over Speed Threshold</i> in Pr 03.008 in either direction an <i>Over Speed</i> trip is produced. If Pr 03.008 is set to 0.0 the threshold is then equal to 1.2 x the value set in Pr 01.006. In RFC-A and RFC-S mode, if an SSI encoder is being used and Pr 03.047 is set to 0 an <i>Over Speed</i> trip will be produce when the encoder passes through the boundary between its maximum position and zero. Recommended actions: Check the motor is not being driven by another part of the system Reduce the <i>Speed Controller Proportional Gain</i> (03.010) to reduce the speed overshoot (RFC-A, RFC-S modes only). If an SSI encoder is being used set Pr 03.047 to 1 The above description relates to a standard Over Speed trip, however in RFC-S mode it is possible to produce an <i>Over Speed</i>.1 trip. This is caused if the speed is allowed to exceed the safe level in RFC-S mode with flux weakening when 													
			Speed.1 trip. This is caused if the speed is allowed to exceed the safe level in RFC-S mode with flux weakening when Enable High Speed Mode (05.022) is set to -1.													
0.0	' Volts		•		,		maximum cont		ol for 15	acondo						
Over	VOILS				-		e has exceeded				r					
			•			-	reshold varies c	_	_			own below.				
			e rating		VOLTAGE		VM DC VOL			-						
		•	00	·	415	[1	410	.[
			00		830			815								
			75		990			970								
		6	90	1190				1175								
		Sub-trin	Identificati	ion												
		Sour		xx		у			ZZ							
	2	Contr	ol	00		0	01: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceed VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].									
		Contr syste		00		0	02: Time delayed trip indicating that the DC bus voltage is a VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].					ove				
		 Increation Decreation Chection Chection 	ease the brack k nominal A k for supply	ration ramp aking resist AC supply le	or value (s evel ces which o	taying ab	ove the minimu se the DC bus t er									
Phase	e Loss		hase loss													
		detected loss is de phase los before trip	directly from tected usin is is also de oping unles	n the suppl g this meth etected by n s bit 2 of A	y where th od the driv nonitoring t ction On Ti	e drive ha e trips im the ripple rip Detect	ected an input p as a thyristor ba mediately and t in the DC bus v <i>ion</i> (10.037) is ub-trip is zero.	se charge he xx part o oltage in w	system (Fr of the sub-t hich case t	ame size 8 trip is set to the drive att	and above). 01. In all size empts to stop	If phase es of drive o the drive				
		So	ource		xx		У			zz						
			ol system	_	00		0				n DC bus rip					
		Power s	system (1)	Power m	odule num	iber Re	ctifier number (2) 00: Ph	ase loss d	etected dire	ctly from the	supply				
3	32		(1) Input phase loss detection can be disabled when the drive required to operate from the DC supply or from a single phase supply in <i>Input Phase Loss Detection Mode</i> (06.047).													
		detected	(2) For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has detected the fault.													
				cur in regeı	n mode.											
			ended act	ions: upply voltag	a halanaa	and love	at full load									
		ChecChecChecRedu	k the DC b k the outpu	us ripple lev t current sta anical resor cycle	vel with an ability	isolated of	oscilloscope									
				se loss dete	ection, set I	Pr 06.047	to 2.									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Ti	rip						Diagnosis							
Phasin	g Error		-	sing failure		•	-							
1:	98	used) is i Recomm • Chec •	incorrect i mended a ck the enc ck the enc ck the enc ck the enc crm an au ious <i>Phas</i> over-speed less contr control. mended a ure that the	f position fee ctions: oder wiring oder signals oder mechai to-tune to me <i>cing Error</i> trip d threshold ir ol is being us	for noise w nical couplin easure the o s can some n Pr 03.008 sed this ind	eing used a ng encoder ph etimes be s to a value icates that	ase angle or een in very dy greater than z significant ins	s unable to manually er /namic app zero.	control the nter the co lications. T	e motor corre rrect phase l'his trip can	angle into F be disabled	Pr 03.025 by setting		
Power	Comms	Commu	nication h	nas been los	st / errors d	letected b	etween powe	r, control a	and rectifi	er modules	5			
				rip indicates e sub-trip nui		cations pro	blem within th	e power sy	stem of the	e drive. The	reason for t	he trip can		
		Туре о	f drive	ХХ	У	,			ZZ					
g	90		Single power 01 01			ifier ber* 00: E	Excessive con	he rectifier r	nodule.					
		detected Recomm	 * For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has detected the fault. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive 											
Powe	r Data			nfiguration										
			-	-		an error in	the configura	tion data st	tored in the	e power syst	tem.			
		Sour		XX	y zz Description					ption				
		Cont syste	em	00	0	02	There is no d							
		Cont syste		00	0	03	The power sy the control po			gger than the	e space ava	ilable in		
		Cont syste	em	00	0	04	The size of the table given in the table is incorrect.							
		Cont syste		00	0	05								
2	20	Cont syste	em	00	0	06	The version number of the generator software that produced the table is too low. i.e. a table from a newer generator is required the includes features that have been added to the table that may no be present.							
		Cont syste		00	0	07	The power be hardware ide		able does i	not match th	e power bo	ard		
		Pow syste	-	01	0	00	The power da error. (For a l the code tabl	multi-power	module d	rive this indi				
		Pow syste		01	0	01	The power da system on po			be uploaded	to the contr	rol		
		Pow syste		01	0	02	The power data table used internally by the power module does not match the hardware identification of the power module.							
			Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
Power D	own Save		own save		ie auppliel									
		The Pow	er Down S		icates that a	an error ha	s been detect	ed in the po	wer down	save param	neters saved	d in non-		
3	37	Recom	 volatile memory. Recommended actions: Perform a 1001 save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. 											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameter	Running s the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
1	ſrip						Diagnosis							
F	PSU	Internal p	ower sup	ply fault										
		The <i>PSU</i> trip indicates that one or more internal power supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.												
		Source	XX	(У	ZZ			Descri	ption				
		Control system	00	00 0			Internal power supply overload							
	5	Power Power module number Nectifier number* 00 Rectifier internal power supply overload												
		* For a par detected th		er-module	system the	e rectifier num	nber will be zo	ero as it is	not possibl	e to determin	e which ree	ctifier has		
		Recommended actions:												
		Remove	 Remove any option modules and perform a reset Remove encoder connection and perform a reset Hardware fault within the drive – return the drive to the supplier 											
PS	U 24V													
		The total u consists of	24V internal power supply overload The total user load of the drive and option modules has exceeded the internal 24 V power supply limit. The user load consists of the drive digital outputs and main encoder supply. Recommended actions:											
	9	ReductionProvid	e the load	and rese nal 24 V p	ower supp	ly on control	terminal 2							
Res	erved	Reserved												
		These trip programs.		are reserv	ed trip nun	nbers for futu	re use. These	e trips shou	ıld not be ι	used by the us	ser applica	tion		
	01	Trip Number Description												
	95	0	1	Reserved resettable trip										
	– 108 – 173	9	5	Reserve	d resettable	e trip								
	- 173	104 -	108	3 Reserved resettable trip										
		170 -	173	Reserve	d resettable	e trip								
		228 -	246	Reserve	d non-reset	table trip								
Resi	stance	Measured	resistanc	e has ex	ceeded th	e parameter	range							
		involving n higher that <i>Current Ko</i> measurem then sub-ta	neasuring n the maxi c (11.061), nent made rip 3 is app nverter cha	motor sta mum valu where V _F by the dri blied. Duri aracteristic	tor resistan te that can ts is the full ve then sul ng the state cs to provid	ice has failed be used in th scale DC bu p-trip 1 is app or resistance le the compe	. The maximum e control algoris voltage the blied, or if it is section of au	um for the s orithms. If t en this trip is because t ito-tuning a	stator resis he value e s initiated. he parame in additiona	or that an atte tance parame xceeds (V _{FS} / If the value is ter has been al test is perfo If the inverter	eters is ger v2) / Full s the result changed b ormed to m	nerally S <i>cale</i> of a y the use easured		
		Sub-tr	ip				Re	ason						
		1	Mea	asured sta	tor resistar	nce exceeded	the allowed	range						
	33	2	lt w	as not pos	ssible to me	easure the in	verter charac	teristic						
	55	3	The	stator res	sistance as	sociated with	the presently	y selected	motor map	exceeds the	allowed ra	nge		
		preser Check Check Check Check Ensure Select	that the v ntly selected the motor the integr the motor the motor e the stato	alue that l ed motor r cable / co ity of the phase to r phase to r resistan- st mode (l	nap) onnections motor stato phase resi phase resi ce of the m	r winding usi stance at the stance at the otor falls with	ng a insulatio drive termin motor termir in the range	on tester als nals of the drive	e model	the allowed r		he		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information					
Т	rip						Diagnosis										
Slot A	pp Menu	Applicat	tion menu (Customiza	ation conflic	ct error	-										
		and 20.	The sub-trip	number ir			option slot has ot has been a				lication men	us 18, 19					
2	216		nended act														
							s configured t	o customiz	e the appli	ication menu	us 18, 19 an	d 20					
SlotX	Different	•		•	t X has cha	•	la in antion al	at V an tha	drive is a	different type	to that inst						
		paramete	The <i>SlotX Different</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive is a different type to that installed whe parameters were last saved on the drive. The sub-trip number gives the identification code of the module that was original fitted. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.														
		Sub-	Sub-trip Reason														
		1	1 No module was installed previously														
2	204	2	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been been loaded for the applications menu for the solution slot has been loaded for the applications menu														
2	209 214	3	cha	inged, and	so default p	arameters	have been lo	aded for th	is menu.								
2	. 14	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this of									n slot					
		>9	have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus. >99 Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.														
			Recommended actions:														
		Conf	 Turn off the power, ensure the correct option modules are installed in the correct option slots and re-apply the power. Confirm that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and perform a user save in Pr mm.000. 														
Slot)	K Error	Option r	nodule in c	option slot	t X has dete	ected a fau	lt										
2	202		•		hat the optic		n option slot >	K on the dri	ve has det	tected an er	ror. The reas	son for the					
	207		nended act	-													
2	212				odule User (<i>Guide</i> for d	etails of the tr	in									
Slo	tX HF		nodule X h					·F									
		The <i>SlotX HF</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X cannot operate. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.															
		Sub-tri	р	Reason													
		1	The mo	e module category cannot be identified													
		2	All the r	equired cu	stomized me	enu table in	formation has	s not been	supplied o	r the tables	supplied are	corrupt					
		3	There is	insufficier	nt memory a	vailable to	allocate the c	omms buffe	ers for this	module							
		4	The mo	dule has n	ot indicated	that it is rui	nning correctly	y during dri	ive power-	up							
-	200	5	Module	has been i	removed after	er power-u	o or it has sto	pped worki	ng								
	205	6	The mo	dule has n	ot indicated	that it has s	stopped acces	ssing drive	parameter	rs during a c	frive mode c	hange					
2	210	7	The mo	dule has fa	ailed to ackn	owledae th	at a request h	nas been m	ade to res	et the drive	processor	0					
		8		e module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor e drive failed to correctly read the menu table from the module during drive power up													
		9			-		om the module		-	- F F							
		10		ble CRC ir	-												
			Recommended actions:														
			Ensure the option module is installed correctly Benlace the option module														
			Replace the option module Replace the drive														
SlotX N	lot Fitted	Option r	module in c	option slot	t X has beer	n removed											
		The Slot. power up		trip indica	ites that the	option mod	lule in option	slot X on th	ne drive ha	s been rem	oved since th	ne last					
	203			ions:													
2	208 213				is installed o	correctly	Recommended actions:										
^			 Ensure the option module is installed correctly. Re-install the option module. 														
2	.15	 Re-ir 	nstall the op	tion modu	le.	-	onger require										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip						Diagnosis							
SlotX W	/atchdog	Option n	nodule wat	chdog fun	ction servi	ce error								
2	01 06 11	then faile Recomm	The <i>SlotX Watchdog</i> trip indicates that the option module installed in Slot X has started the option watchdog function and then failed to service the watchdog correctly. Recommended actions: Replace the option module											
Soft	Start					monitor fa	iled							
		Soft start relay failed to close, soft start monitor failed The Soft Start trip indicates that the soft start relay in the drive failed to close or the soft start monitoring circuit has failed												
2	26	Recomm	nended acti	ons:							•			
		Hard	ware fault -	Contact th	ne supplier d	of the drive								
Store	ed HF						/n							
	21	The Store sub-trip r Recomm	 Hardware trip has occurred during last power down The Stored HF trip indicates that a hardware trip (HF01 –HF20) has occurred and the drive has been power cycled. The sub-trip number identifies the HF trip i.e. stored HF.17. Recommended actions: Enter 1299 in Pr mm.000 and press reset to clear the trip 											
Sub-arr	ray RAM		ocation erro											
		The Sub-array RAM indicates that an option module, derivative image or user program image has requested r parameter RAM than is allowed. The RAM allocation is checked in order of resulting sub-trip numbers, and so with the highest sub-trip number is given. The sub-trip is calculated as (parameter size) + (parameter type) + s number.									s, and so th	ne failure		
		Par	rameter size	e '	Value 1000		Par	ameter typ	e	Value				
			8 bit		2000		1	Volatile Jser save		0	_			
			16 bit		3000	-		er-down sa	VA	200				
			32 bit		4000	L	1.000		ve	200				
			64 bit		5000									
2	27			Sub-arra	У		Men	Menus		Value				
2	21	Applicat	ions menus				18-2	20	1					
		Derivativ	ve image				29)	2					
			ogram imag				30			3				
			slot 1 set-up				15		4					
			Option slot 1 applications					5	5					
			slot 2 set-up					16		6				
			slot 2 applica				26			7				
			slot 3 set-up				17			8				
			slot 3 applica							9				
			slot 4 set-up				24			10 11				
		Options	sol 4 applica	20015			20	,		11				

Safety information	Product information		Electrical nstallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	O	otimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						D	iagnosi	is				
Temp F	eedback	Internal the	ermistor	has failed									
		The <i>Temp I</i> sub-trip nur		k trip indica	tes that an	internal the	rmis	stor has	failed. The th	ermistor lo	ocation can	be identified	l by the
		Source	e	xx		у				z	z		
		Control P	СВ	00		0	C	2: Contr	rol PCB thern rol PCB thern CB thermisto	nistor 2			
							C	0: Temp	erature feed	back provi	ded via pov	ver system c	omms.
									Frame 7	Fran	ne 8	Frame 9 &	10
		Power	. Pi	ower modu	le			21: t	Rectifier thermistor	Power Po thermisto	or 1	MPS thermi	
2	18	system		number		0		22: t	Power PCB thermistor	Power Po thermisto	or 2 5	Heat Sink Far	
								23	Power PCB thermistor	Rectifier thermisto		Power PCB hermistor	
		Power system		01	Rectif	ier number	*			Alway	s zero		
		detected th Recomme	* For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has detected the fault. Recommended actions:										
			Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
Th Bra	ake Res		Brake resistor over temperature										
	10	The <i>Th Brake Res</i> is initiated, If hardware based braking resistor thermal monitoring is connected and the resistor overheats. If the braking resistor is not used then this trip must be disabled with bit 3 of Action <i>On Trip Detection</i> (10.037) to prevent this trip. Recommended actions: • Check brake resistor wiring											
		Check	braking r		ie is greatei	than or eq	ual	to the m	iinimum resis	tance valu	e		
Th Sho	rt Circuit	Motor ther											
		The <i>Th</i> Sho < 50 Ω. The		•					ected to the d umber.	rive is sho	rt circuit or	low impedar	nce i.e.
		Sub-tri	р					:	Source				
	25	4	Pos	sition feedb	ack interfac	e							
			thermisto	ions: or continuity motor ther									
Ther	mistor	Motor ther	mistor o	ver-tempe	rature								
		The <i>Therm</i> location of	•						to the drive h	nas indicat	ed a motor	over temper	ature. The
		Sub-tri						:	Source				
:	24	4	Pos	sition feedb	ack interfac	e							
		Recomme	nded act	ions:									
		Check	Threshol	mperature <i>d Level</i> (07 or continuity	,								
Und	efined	Drive has t		,		rip is Unde	fin	ed					
	10	The Undefined and the Cause of the			at the powe	r system ha	is g	enerated	d but did not	identify the	e trip from t	he power sys	stem. The
	10	• Hardwa			drive to the	supplier							
B		1											

Uptimization Discussion	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization		Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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information information		stallation started parameters the motor the other Operation PLC parameters the information
Trip		Diagnosis
User Program	On board u	iser program error
		rogram trip indicates that an error has been detected in the onboard user program image. The reason for the tri
		tified by the sub-trip number.
	Sub-trip	Reason Comments
	2	Divide by zero Undefined trip
	3	Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent
	-	parameter
	4	Attempted access to non-existent parameter Attempted write to read-only parameter
	6	Attempted an over-range write
	7	Attempted read from write-only parameter
	30	The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5.
	31	The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.
	32	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed As 30
	33	The ID code within the image is not valid As 30
	40	The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is reset to zero when the trip is initiated
	41	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned.
	52	Customized menu table CRC check failed As 30 Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is
	53	Customized menu table changed Customized menu table changed Defaults are loaded for the user program menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved.
249	80	Image is not compatible with the control board Initiated from within the image code
	81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number As 80
	100	Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area.
	101	Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage.
	102	Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access.
	103	Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut itself down.
	104	Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function.
	200	User program has invoked a "divide" service with a denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by the downloaded image and has therefore been given a distinct error code despite being the same fundamental problem as sub-trip 1.)
	201	Parameter access is not supported. An attempt to read database other than the host drive.
	202	Parameter does not exist. Database was host drive but the specified parameter does not exist.
	203	Parameter is read-only.
	204 205	Parameter is write-only. Unknown parameter error.
	206	Invalid bit present in parameter. The parameter does not contain the specified bit.
	207	Parameter format lookup failed. Failed to get parameter information data.
	208	An over-range write has been attempted.
User Prog Trip		ated by an onboard user program
		n be initiated from within an onboard user program using a function call which defines the sub-trip number.
96		nded actions: he user program
	1	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnosis	;				
Use	r Save	User Sa	Iser Save error / not completed									
			•				etected in the ower to the d		•			-
	36	Recomn	Recommended actions:									
			 Perform a user save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive. 									
Use	r Trip	User gei	Jser generated trip									
	-89 -159	Recomn	 These trips are not generated by the drive and are to be used by the user to trip the drive through an application program. Recommended actions: Check the user program 									
Wate	chdog	Control	word watcl	ndog has t	timed out							
		The Wat	<i>chdog</i> trip ir	dicates the	at the contro	ol word has	been enable	d and has t	timed out.			
	Recommended actions:											
	30		g trip will be				to enable the ed when the					

		Getting Basic started parameters	Running the motor Optimization SD Ca Operati		Advanced Diagnostics UL listin information
able 12-5 Se	rial communications look up t	able			
No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	Reserved 001	95	Reserved 95	195	Encoder 7
2	Over Volts	96	User Prog Trip	196	Encoder 8
3	OI ac	97	Data Changing	198	Phasing Error
4	OI Brake	98	Out Phase Loss	199	Destination
5	PSU	99	CAM	200	Slot1 HF
6	External Trip	100	Reset	201	Slot1 Watchdog
7	Over Speed	101	OHt Brake	202	Slot1 Error
8	Inductance	102	Reserved 102	203	Slot1 Not Fitted
9	PSU 24V	104 - 108	Reserved 104 - 108	204	Slot1 Different
10	Th Brake Res	109	OI dc	205	Slot2 HF
11	Autotune 1	110	Undefined	206	Slot2 Watchdog
12	Autotune 2	111	Configuration	207	Slot2 Error
13	Autotune 3	112 - 159	User Trip 112 - 159	208	Slot2 Not Fitted
14	Autotune 4	161	User Trip 161	209	Slot2 Different
15	Autotune 5	162	Encoder 12	210	Slot3 HF
16	Autotune 6	163	Encoder 13	211	Slot3 Watchdog
17	Autotune 7	164 - 168	Reserved 164 - 168	212	Slot3 Error
18	Autotune Stopped	170 - 173	Reserved 170 - 173	213	Slot3 Not Fitted
19	Brake R Too Hot	174	Card Slot	214	Slot3 Different
20	Motor Too Hot	175	Card Product	215	Option Disable
21	OHt Inverter	176	Name Plate	216	Slot App Menu
22	OHt Power	177	Card Boot	217	App Menu Changed
23	OHt Control	178	Card Busy	218	Temp Feedback
24	Thermistor	179	Card Data Exists	220	Power Data
25	Th Short Circuit	180	Card Option	221	Stored HF
26	I/O Overload	181	Card Read Only	222	Reserved 222
27	OHt dc bus	182	Card Error	224	Drive Size
28	An Input Loss 1	183	Card No Data	225	Current Offset
30	Watchdog	184	Card Full	226	Soft Start
31	EEPROM Fail	185	Card Access	227	Sub-array RAM
32	Phase Loss	186	Card Rating	228 - 246	Reserved 228 - 246
33	Resistance	187	Card Drive Mode	247	Derivative ID
34	Keypad Mode	188	Card Compare	248	Derivative Image
35	Control Word	189	Encoder 1	249	User Program
36	User Save	190	Encoder 2	255	Reset Logs
37	Power Down Save	191	Encoder 3		
40 -89	User Trip 40 - 89	192	Encoder 4		
90	Power Comms	193	Encoder 5		
92	Ol Snubber	194	Encoder 6		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters		information

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 12-6 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HFxx	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If an KI-Keypad is installed it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function.
1	Stored HF trip	{Stored HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	SD Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V and position feedback interface power supply	{PSU 24V} and {Encoder 1}	These trips can override {Encoder 2} to {Encoder 6} trips.
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI ac}, {OI Brake}, and OI dc}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{Phase Loss} and {Oht dc bus}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {Phase Loss}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oht dc bus} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

12.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF25} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. The sub-trip code is the number of the original HF trip. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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12.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the KI-Remote Keypad display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 12-7 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	<i>Motor Protection Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Ind Overload	Regen inductor overload. <i>Inductor Protection</i> <i>Accumulator</i> (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
Limit Switch	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.

12.7 Status indications

Table 12-8 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0.	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running.	Enabled
Scan	The drive is enabled in Regen mode and is trying to synchronize to the supply.	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Position	Positioning / position control is active during an orientation stop.	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display.	Disabled
Active	The regen unit is enabled and synchronized to the supply.	Enabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active.	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

 Table 12-9
 Option module and SD Card and other status indications at power-up

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
First row string	Second row string	Status							
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded							
Drive param	Drive parameters are being loaded from an SD Card								
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded							
User progra	User program is being loaded from a SD Card to the drive								
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded							
User program is being loaded from an SD Card to the option module in slot X									
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to SD Card							
	•	to ensure that its copy of the drive drive is in Auto or Boot mode							
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage							
The drive is after power-		sor in the power stage to respond							
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module							
The drive is	waiting for the Option	s Modules to respond after power-up							
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database							
held by the of an application	At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option								

modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

12.8 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

Table 12-10 Programming error indications

Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive.
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive.
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive.
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	SD Card Operation	Onboard	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL listing information
inionnation	intornation	Installation	Installation	Starteu	parameters			Operation	I LO	parameters		intormation

12.9 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-5 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr 10.038.

12.10 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency / speed reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Frequency slaving demand / Final speed ref
03.002	Speed feedback
03.003	Speed error
03.004	Speed controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr **10.037**.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

13 UL listing information

This section is intended to be used in conjunction with the Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.

13.1 Scope

All models are cUL Listed to Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS / 7. E171230.

13.2 Applicant and Listee

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Pool Road Newtown Powys SY16 3BE UK.

13.3 Manufacturer

Products are manufactured at several sites worldwide. Primary manufacturing site: Nidec Industrial Automation UK Ltd Unit 79 Mochdre Industrial Estate Newtown Powys SY16 4LE UK. The Manufacturing Location Code is: 8D14 **13.4** Model numbers

Model numbers are listed within the 'Ratings' section (Chapter 2 - Product Information) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.5 Safety information

Appropriate installation warnings, cautions and notes are located in the Chapter 1 *Safety information* on page 8.

13.6 Adjustments

The *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide* gives details of all safety-relevant adjustments intended for the user. The identification or function of each control or indicating device and fuse is clearly marked in the diagrams in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

Maintenance adjustments are also described in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. They should only be made by qualified personnel. Clear warnings are provided where excessive adjustment could lead to a hazardous state of the Power Drive System (PDS), Complete Drive Module (CDM) or Basic Drive Module (BDM). Any special equipment necessary for making adjustments is specified and described in the 'Mechanical Installation' (Chapter 3) of the Digitax *HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.7 Ratings

The electrical ratings are listed within the 'Ratings' section (Chapter 2 - Product Information) of the *Digitax HD* M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.

13.8 Short circuit current rating

All drives:

5 kA when protected by Listed fuses as specified in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

100 kA when protected by recognized supplemental fuses as specified in the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.9 Overvoltage category

The Over Voltage Category is OVC III.

OVC III applies to equipment permanently connected in fixed installations (Downstream of and including the main distribution board).

13.10 Input current, fuse ratings and cable sizes

Electrical installation shall be in accordance with the US National Electrical Code, the Canadian Electrical Code and any additional local codes, as required.

The ground (earth) connections and the DC power connections must use UL Listed ring terminals sized according to the field wiring. Only one cable is permitted to be connected to each field wiring terminal.

The recommended cable sizes and fuse ratings are shown in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.*

13.11 Motor cable size and maximum length

The recommended motor cable sizes and maximum length are shown in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.12 Multiple wiring arrangements

The drives are able to operate from either a single phase or a three-phase AC supply.

Additionally, the drives are able to operate from a DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc up to the maximum rated DC supply voltage.

It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption. The wiring arrangements are shown in the 'Electrical installation' (Chapter 4) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.13 External 24 V supply

An external 24 Vdc supply is required to power the low voltage circuits within the drive. The low voltage circuits are isolated from the live circuits.

The 24 V supply must be protected by a supplemental fuse.

Refer to the 'Electrical installation' (Chapter 4) of the *Digitax HD M75X* Series Installation and Technical Guide.

13.14 Common DC bus systems

Multiple drives can be connected together via a common DC bus. For further details, refer to 'Multi axis system design' (Chapter 5) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide.*

13.15 Solid state short circuit protection

Integral solid state short circuit protection is provided. However, this does not provide branch circuit protection.

In the event of a ground (earth) fault within the drive, the input protective devices (fuses or circuit breaker) provide overcurrent protection in the usual way.

All AC drives incorporate solid state short circuit protection. If a ground (earth) fault occurs in the motor circuit, the solid-state protection

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	SD Card	Onboard	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	information

operates, the inverter trips and all power switches (IGBTs) are switched off within a very short time, typically less than 10 μ s. The total trip time is unlikely to exceed 100 μ s.

In the event of failure of the solid state short circuit protection, one or more of the inverter power devices then fails either open or short circuit. If the failure mode is open-circuit, the fault is interrupted. If the failure mode is short-circuit, the input protection devices (fuses or circuit breaker) clear the fault and open the circuit.

13.16 Motor overload protection

All models incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device.

13.17 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device. The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is described in Chapter 8 *Optimization* on page 77.

The duration of the overload is dependent on motor thermal time constant. The maximum programmable time constant depends on the drive model. The method of adjustment of the overload protection is provided.

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

13.18 Enclosure rating

All drives are Open Type.

13.19 Mounting

Drives may be mounted

- Singly
- Side by side
- Stacked one above another when fitted with a rear vent kit

The drives are equipped with a rear vent that allows heated air to be exhausted from the rear of the drive rather than the through the top. This mounting arrangement provides the following benefits:

- Reduction in enclosure size.
- Allow vertical stacking of drives.
- Reduce the need for a secondary enclosure fan.

Refer to the 'Mechanical Installation' (Chapter 3) of the *Digitax HD M75X* Series Installation and Technical Guide.

For compact multi axis installations, the rear venting kit allows drives to be vertically mounted one above the other, where this is the case, a minimum clearance of 100 mm (3.94 in) should be maintained between drives.

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the rear vent kit is installed. Derating information is provided in the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*. Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

13.20 Operating temperature

The drives are suitable for use up to 40 °C (104 °F) surrounding air temperature. Operation up to 55 °C (131 °F) is permitted with de-rated output. Refer to the 'Technical Data' (Chapter 6) of the *Digitax HD M75X Series Installation and Technical Guide*.

13.21 Pollution degree

Drives are designed for operation in a pollution degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only).

13.22 Plenum rating

The drives are not suitable for installation in a compartment (duct) handing conditioned air.

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